TODAY'S EDITORIAL LEADERS APPEAR ON PAGE 12

The China Press

大陸報 大陸報

"The Voice of This Great City and of China"

Weather

Weather overcast and cold. The maximum temperature yesterday was 65.7 and the minimum was 54.5 figures for the corresponding day last year being 78.3 and 50.4.

The Mail Box

MAILS for U. S. and Europe: Tenyo Maru, tomorrow and Pres. Jefferson, Monday.
FROM U.S. Korea Maru, today, day.
FOR Europe via Suez, Str. Atsuta Maru, today.
FROM Europe via Suez, Str. Lycaon, Monday.

No. 3480 Vol. XIII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 申子年九月十二日 SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1924. 中華民國十三年十月十八號 16 PAGES TODAY 10 CENTS

NEW DRIVE LAUNCHED BY MUKDEN ON CHINWANGTAO WHEN SHIHMENSAI FALLS

British Garrison Protests Against Landing Of 7,000 Chihli Troops In Chinwangtao Because Of 1901 Protocol; Japanese General Assumes Command Of Foreign Garrisons There

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Mukden, Oct. 17.—General Chang Tsung-chang has launched an offensive against Lanchow via Lengkou.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Mukden, Oct. 17.—The 4th Brigade has entered Shanhaikwan Castle closing the approach to the City.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Oct. 17.—Foreign official telegrams indicate that Marshal Chang Tso-lin is massing troops at Shanhaikwan, while Marshal Wu Pei-fu's lines are also being strengthened.

There is reason to believe that General Feng Yu-hsiang and General Wang Huai-ching will soon move to the north-east.

Marshal Wu Pei-fu has up to the present acted on the defensive, and is very confident that when ready to strike he will be able to deal a series of crushing blows.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Mukden, Oct. 17.—It is claimed that the retreat of ten thousand Chihli troops of the 1st and 2nd Divisions is cut off by a flanking movement on the part of the Fengtien forces.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Oct. 17.—Heavy fighting continues on the Shanhaikwan front where the Fengtien troops are unsuccessfully attempting to occupy Shanhaikwan.

(BY UNITED PRESS)

Peking, Oct. 16.—After temporary suspension of all passenger traffic between Peking and Tientsin, the Ministers of the United States, Japan, Great Britain, France, Italy and Spain visited the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and requested the maintenance of the service in accordance with the Boxer Protocol of 1901.

The spokesman of the Chinese Government replied that the Government was doing its best and that conditions are now improving to the point whereby at least one train will be operated daily btween Peking and Tientsin containing two coaches reserved for first class passengers. From today it is reported that the train service will be gradually improved to a normal condition.

(Dah Tong News Bureau)

Peking, Oct. 17.—War news has become very scarce. Only the official communiques are available. The foreign correspondents who accompanied Wu Pei-fu to Chinwangtao have mostly returned. The wire from Mukden has been cut so no news is coming from Manchuria.

No appointment will be made at present to fill the office of the Defence Commissioner in Shanghai. A decision will be made as soon as Chi Hsieh-yuan and Sun Chuang-fang arrive in Shanghai. The Kiangsu and Chekiang residents in Peking however favor its abolition immediately.

It has proposed to waive the land tax in Kiangsu and Chekiang for some time. But for fear of similar demands of flood-stricken provinces, the government is hesitating to give sanction. Even if this is granted, the privilege will only extend to the war-effected districts.

(Eastern News Agency)

Tientsin, Oct. 16.—Following the landing at Chinwangtao of the Chihli troops, Mr. P. C. Young, general manager of the Kailan Mining administration in Tientsin, has approached Major-General Yoshioka, Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese Garrison here, who is the senior commander-in-Chief, suggesting that the foreign garrisons in Shanhaikwan be placed under the command of the Commander of the Japanese garrison there so that the interests of the Powers in the districts of Chinwangtao and Shanhaikwan may be protected.

Accordingly, a meeting of the commanders of all the foreign garrisons here has been held, as a result of which Major-General Yoshioka has forwarded a Note to Marshal Wu Pei-fu, expressing the desire that the latter do his best promptly to get rid of the danger to the lives and property of foreign residents in Chinwangtao, which it is feared will be created by the presence in Chinwangtao of the Chinese troops.

(Eastern News Agency)

Tientsin, Oct. 16.—On the 14th instant, the position of the Chihli troops in the Shanhaikwan

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CHEKIANG TROOPS TO BE GIVEN $20 OR RE-ENLISTED

So Thinks New Commissioner Of Foreign Affairs In Interview

Mr. Wen Shih-tsun, Commissioner of Foreign Affairs and Superintendent of Customs at Shanghai who is a civil official and hence not in a position to conduct negotiations with the "big guns" in the military who are gathering in the Shanghai area, nevertheless has been putting in some very busy days in doing his part in smoothing things over for the militarists to arrive at an understanding and end the tension which has existed here since the collapse of Chekiang resistance a few days ago.

Back in his room at the Kalee Hotel at midnight last night Mr. Wen discussed with a representative of THE CHINA PRESS the general situation as it developed in Shanghai yesterday and as it may develop today. The outstanding factor in the day's news of course was the arrival of General Sun Chuan-fang, leader of the Fukien Army and of General Bei Pao-san of the Kiangsu Army. Both are now located at the library building of the Vocational Educational Association in the Chinese city. And the Chekiang forces know they are here for General Sun brought along with him two brigades of Fukien troops and General Bei has one brigade of Kiangsu troops and two brigades of Anhwei troops. These troops are strung along a line running from the Hungjao Road extension to the South Station and then to the Arsenal, thus entirely surrounding the defeated Chekiang soldiers concentrated at the Shanghai North Station and at the Markham Road junction.

Some of the details of what happened when Generals Lu and Ho suddenly decamped also became known last evening. It seems that when the Chekiang soldiers first learned of the departure of Generals Lu and Ho that they sent a delegation over for a discussion of a truce and General Chi Hsieh-yuan at that time offered each man the sum of $20 and a discharge from the army. Before this could be accepted somebody arrived from Shanghai and told the Chekiang men that by returning to Shanghai they could get better terms. This "somebody" in all probability was either Little Hsu or his agent. The troops however took this advice and returned to Shanghai and at Shanghai things looked bright until something happened—that something being the arrest of Little Hsu and his entire staff by the police of the International Settlement. At this point some of the minor officers of the Chekiang troops became desperate and this factor in addition to the pressing fact that the Chekiang troops were without money or food supplies caused the situation to become very tense, the tenseness not easing up until last night when Generals Sun Chuan-fang and Bei Bao-san arrived and took charge of the situation.

Although the general terms of the final settlement are still to be ironed out, it is generally understood that the Chekiang troops are to be offered a place in the

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7,000 Chekiang Soldiers Mass At North Station; Welcome Peace Overture

Reply Today On Offer To Move Them Frm Shanghai To Place Chosen By Marshal Chi

BY TALBOT PATRICK

Seven thousand Chekiang men camped in the Shanghai North station last night, ready to fight if they had to, but eager to accept peace terms of which the first word was carried to them through their regimental officers in the evening.

The final decision as to what will be done must come, these officers told the peace emissaries, from Zung Tih Chen, their commander. The latter was then visited later last night at a Canton Road hotel where he was staying and his decision was to be imparted to the troops at 9 o'clock this morning.

Pending receipt of this information, the troops were supplied with food and tea by the General Chamber of Commerce, whose officers had an active part in promoting the peace negotiations.

The peace emissaries were General Liu Yung Sung, in whose charge General Ho Feng-ling left the seals of the Commissioner of Defense of Sungkiang and Shanghai and who has acted in that position since, Major Wu Jih Zung, an officer of the former Chekiang-Shanghai army who surrendered with his men near the Shanghai South station, and Zee Ko Seng, general secretary of the General Chamber of Commerce and representing Yu Ya Ching, chairman of that body.

LIU BEARS OFFER

The emissaries were received in a former waiting room of the North station where pistols and other equipment lay on benches and a few broken crackers and bits of dried meat showed that the delegation of fourteen officers who received them were living on the same sparse fare as the private soldiers. General Liu, speaking slowly and choosing his words, got to the point at once.

He declared that the war is now over and that men of the two former opposing armies should now be like brothers. Marshal Chi Hsih-yuan, he said, offered to take care of all the Chekiang men. He asked them to go to a certain place away from Shanghai in order that there might be no trouble through acts of the soldiers under command of the officers present. Once they were there, the marshal absolutely promised to take care of them.

Simply, but feelingly spoken, the talk for a time seemed to have little effect on the auditors. One listened with closed eyes, several heads were drooped, while others who sat with heads turned and eyes fixed upon the speaker showed no signs of emotion. Suddenly one man interrupted. All the soldiers wanted, he said, was to be sure they would be taken care of.

The declaration was like a fuse to a magazine. The next minute the room had split into tensely dramatic groups, one about General Liu, another about Wu, a third about Mr. Zee. One officer gradually advanced as he spoke to first emphasise his remarks by thumping on a table and then walked about it and a pillar to bring his emotion at close range to two foreigners present at the gathering.

GUARANTEE WANTED

They were in a bad fix, he said. Officers and men wanted nothing except to be cared for. They didn't want to fight; but they would fight desperately if they had to. If they were compelled to fight, they didn't want to fight where they were, in a position where many innocent people would suffer as a result. Only let them be certain they would be cared for.

Finally, the officers present declared that they had shown how their wishes were, but that the final decision must come from the man now their leader since they had been abandoned by Generals Ho and Lu. General Liu and the other emissaries said they would go to see him at once. It was decided that the leader's answer should be brought back in the morning and in the meantime the officers pledged themselves and their men to keep peace.

The departure of the peace negotiators was followed by the sending of supplies of bread and hot tea to the troops by the General Chamber of Commerce through the White Cross organisation.

The mobilisation of the troops at the North station came unexpectedly in the afternoon. In the morning, 2,000 men and two field guns from the forces at the Markham Road Junction intrenchments went down to Woosung. Then 1,500 men came back to the North station and debarked on the platform with no other word than that they had been ordered there to await further orders. Further contingents followed. It was evident that some directing mind or group of minds was at work as had not been the case with these men since the arrest of "Little" Hsu.

TROUBLE MENACED

The arrival of the peace emissaries relieved a situation which constituted a distinct threat on the border of the Settlement, although before their arrival the soldiers already in the station, numbering nearly 4,000, had begun to bed down on quantities of straw. The rest of the 7,000 were nearly all en route from Woosung by the time the conference was over and the last of them were expected to arrive before midnight.

Part of the early menace in the arrival and gathering of the Chekiang soldiers lay in the facts that some of them had been almost without food for several days, that they had some of them tasted looting at Woosung, Liuho and elsewhere and that proceeds of the looting were being hypothecated on the soldiers' own terms in the Chapei pawnshops. It was only a minority concerned in the latter cases, but a minority whose

(Continued on Page 2)

Success Of ZR3 Causes Agitation To Retain German Zeppelin Works

Airship To Be Re-named Los Angeles In Honor Of Angels' Song "Peace On Earth," Declares Secretary Of Navy

(Reuter's Service)

Berlin, Oct. 16.—The successful flight of the ZR3 has intensified the agitation in Germany for revision of the Treaty arrangements which require dismantling of Zeppelin workshops and hangars.

The committee of the German Trade and Industry Congress adopted a resolution today expressing the hope that the works would be retained and thus further contribute to the peaceful union of peoples.

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, Oct. 16.—Le Journal says that a company formed in France has acquired the Zeppelin patent rights and that the workshops in Friedrichshafen are prepared to deliver to France a dirigible similar to the ZR3 as reparations in kind.

(Reuter's American Service)

Washington, Oct. 16.—Secretary of the Navy Wilbur, speaking at a luncheon in honor of the German officers of the ZR3, said that he would re-name the airship Los Angeles in honor of the angels' song "Peace on Earth." He wanted her to become a symbol of peace between the United States and Germany and all the other nations of the world.

Commander Eckener echoed the the hope that the airship should symbolise world peace.

President Coolidge afterwards received and congratulated the airmen.

MERCENARIES ROUT CANTON VOLUNTEERS; FIRE IS CAUSE

Conflagration Cripples Effort Of Defiant Merchants

SUN RETURNS

Southern Leader Back At Shekcheng Arsenal

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Canton, Oct. 16.—After one day's fighting the Merchant Volunteers have been defeated. Many have fled.

The suddenness of the defeat was due largely to the conflagration. Assisted by a strong south wind, the fire swept thousands of buildings. The number of casualties resulting from the fire is not known.

It is reported that 10,000 of Dr. Sun Yat-sen's troops took part in the fighting and that the total casualties to both sides numbered 200.

It is reliably stated that Dr. Sun has returned to Shekcheng Arsenal, near Canton.

There was little looting today. General Wu Teh-chen has had some of the soldiers executed for looting.

The people are still anxious. They are trying to enter Shameen with their valuables, but only properly authorised persons are admitted into the concession.

Observers state that civilians leaving burning buildings were killed by soldiers.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Canton, Oct. 16.—The Canton Merchants' Volunteers Corps on Octo[illegible] issued a notice to the public, as follows:

"By the Headquarters of the Canton Merchants Volunteer Corps, a notification: Be it known that, during the present disturbance in the district and in order to guard against looting, the Corps, for the purpose of protecting the commercial community, will, commencing on October 10, resume its duty of armed patrol; that any person causing or intending to cause disorder or disturbing public peace shall be severely dealt with for the sake of the common welfare and of the protection of trade and the community."

The notification has been communicated to the proper authorities for reference and duly published. It is signed by Commandant Chan Lim-pak and Lieutenant-Commandants Li Chung-shiu and Tang Kai-shek.

(Eastern News Agency)

Mukden, Oct. 17.—Despite the rumor that Marshal Chang Tso-lin will proceed to the fighting front, he is alleged to have told an influential Chinese, who is in close contact with him, to the effect that until after the complete capture of Shanhaikwan by the Fengtien troops he would never proceed to the front.

(Eastern News Agency)

Canton, Oct. 16.—The heavy fighting between Government troops and the Merchants' Volunteers lasted twenty-two hours. Yesterday afternoon, the situation turned out to be unfavorable to the Merchants' Volunteer Corps with the consequence that the volunteers have been completely routed, retreating to Hsitsun, located to the north of Canton City, where they are now planning a second attempt in co-operation with people's troops in various parts in Kuangtung Province. Though merchants in parts of the city are expected to resume their business from today, the prospect of the situation here is not bright. The actions taken by the Government troops in attacking merchant volunteers were of such a cruel nature as if the reign of terror under militarism had been created.

(Eastern News Agency)

Canton, Oct. 16.—The fire set by the Government mercenaries yesterday morning since spread to such an extent that most of the houses in the central part of the city were reduced to ashes, though it was extinguished early this morning.

The troops, since this morning, have searched every house in the city, confiscating all the arms and ammunition they could find. Those houses, where the troops

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Sun Chuan-fang And Pei Pao-shan Here

Nanziang Afire; 500 Homes Are Wholly Destroyed

Word has just been received from Nanziang that Kiangsu soldiery stationed there in large numbers have made two forced levies for money upon the gentry and others and what is more to the point actual goods and money belonging to residents and farmers have been forcibly taken.

A large fire broke out in Nanziang on the night of Monday, October 13 and continued to burn until late Tuesday morning. Again on Tuesday night another fire broke out and burned continuously until 5 p.m. on Thursday. Although the town is literally packed with soldiers only the Red Cross and local people took any interest in fighting the flames. More than five hundred homes have been completely destroyed.

Over a thousand refugees are packed in the compound of the Methodist church at Nanziang and there is a shortage of food. Arrangements are now being made to have Dr. Wesley M. Smith proceed to Changshu and purchase rice for the starving residents of Nanziang.

Communication with Quinsan by train is now possible, Mr. Smith having returned to Quinsan on a Kiangsu troop train.

Many refugees are flocking into Shanghai from this district via Tah Zung and the Liuho motor road to Chapei. A large body of Kiangsu soldiers according to these refugees is now stationed at Tah Zung. The Liuho line has at last been broken.

The Shanghai Municipal Council made arrangements during yesterday to open up their refugee camp as the number of refugees has increased to a very large number during the past few days and their continued presence on the public roads of the Settlement was thought likely to lead to disturbances.

Third British Press Confab To Be Held In Melbourne In 1925

(Reuter's Service)

London, Oct. 16.—The Third Imperial Press Conference will be held in Melbourne in 1925 at the invitation of the Australian section of the Empire Press Union.

The Conference will be attended by the proprietors and editors of the leading newspapers in the British Empire. The delegates have been invited to take part in a two months' tour of the Commonwealth.

The Prime Minister of Australia, Mr. Bruce, has promised his support and the New Zealand section of the Union and the New Zealand Premier, Mr. Massey, have invited the delegates to visit New Zealand en route to Australia.

Primo De Rivera Appointed Military Chief Of Morocco

(Reuter's Service)

Madrid, Oct. 16.—General Primo de Rivera, whose policy of partial evacuation of Morocco has long displeased the military party, has now been vested with full responsibility for affairs in Morocco, King Alfonso today appointing him High Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief of Morocco.

General de Rivera remains at the head of the directory in Spain. General Aizpuru only on Tuesday unexpectedly resigned the Commissionership of Morocco for "reasons of health."

(Reuter's Service)

Madrid, October 16.—A communique states that there is a big concentration of rebels in the Sheshuan sector, where they have strongly entrenched themselves.

An enemy attack on a food convoy was heavily repulsed. The enemy had over 100 dead. The Spanish losses were small.

PRELIMINARY CONFERENCE HELD BETWEEN KIANGSU AND CHEKIANG ARMY MEN

Initial Parley At Admiralty House Indicates That Chekiang Soldiers Would Take Orders From Chi If They Are Not Disarmed; Little Hsu Asked To Leave Settlement

The developments in yesterday's war situation:

General Sun Chuan-fang and General Bei Pao-shan arrived in Shanghai yesterday at noon and are staying at the Library of the Vocational Educational Association at Luchiapang.

General Chi Hsieh-yuan will come as soon as the line between here and Quinsan is clear.

A preliminary conference between representatives of Tuchun Chi Hsieh-yuan and two Chekiang officers took place at the Admiralty House yesterday. The Chekiang army refused to be disarmed, it is understood.

The Diplomatic Corps, in reply to the inquiry of the Consular Body at Shanghai, suggested that General Hsu Shu-tseng (Little Hsu) at once refrain from living in the Settlement.

It is understood that Hsu will leave immediately for the United States and later proceed to England.

A temporary military commission of the former Chekiang army has been organised. It consists of all the commanders of one or more battalions and held its first meeting yesterday afternoon at the Anhui Guild. Rehabilitation is said to be the whole object of this organisation.

General Sun Chuan-fang is said to have decided not to come to Shanghai at all.

General Chi Hsieh-yuan, in response to a telegram sent by the Local Chamber of Commerce, agreed yesterday to abolish the office of the Defence Commissioner in Lunghua, but considered the question of the removal of the arsenal as a national issue and should be deliberated upon with the Central Government before making any decision. His telegram to the chamber follows:

"Your telegram of the 15th has been received. Your interest in the general situation is very much appreciated. I am heartily in sympathy with our suggestion to abolish the office of the Defence Commissioner and to replace it with that of a Military Commissioner; and am at present devising means of carrying out the scheme.

"As to the question of the removal of the arsenal, it is also an important move to insure the permanent peace of the Southeast. However, it is a national issue and should be deliberated upon at length when the question of repatriation is settled."

Another telegram sent by General Chi to the chamber yesterday stated that he has despatched General Liu Yu-koo, his chief of staff, to proceed to Shanghai from Sungkiang in order to cooperate with the chamber in the repatriation of the Chekiang troops.

Meanwhile, the Chekiang forces continue to be a menace of the port. Many of them have not had food for some time, despite of the efforts of the Chinese chamber and the benevolent institutions in Chapei. Although the Kiangsu troops under General Chen Tiao-yuan had been in Chengju for two days, they have apparently refrained from advancing on account of the attitude of the Chekiang men at Markham road, where the soldiers of Yang Hu-chao and the 39th regiment under Colonel Ling Lan-ting have dug in.

The Fourth Division and the 38th regiment which were stationed in Markham Road extension on Thursday withdrew yesterday to Woosung and quartered themselves at the Tung Chi Medical College. Its president, Mr. Wan Chia-fang, has approached the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce for aid. These latter troops are fully armed and have with them four field pieces, several machine guns and other equipments.

Chapei went on strike yesterday. At 10 o'clock, two soldiers demanded the handing over of and obtained one picul of rice after throwing two dollars on the counter at a rice shop next to the Chung Hua Theater. After the departure of the soldiers with the cereal, the rice shop put up its shutters. With one move, the shops in the vicinity closed their

Chekiang Gentry Favors Scrapping Of Woosung Forts

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Oct. 17.—A group of Chekiang gentry, headed by Mr. Wang Tah-hsieh and Mr. C. T. Wang, have issued a circular telegram advocating the dismantling of Woosung forts and the removing of the Kiangnan arsenal, so that there will be no further necessity for a military commissioner in Shanghai.

GENERALS SUN AND BEI ARRIVE; TAKE CHARGE OF CITY

Bei Made Supreme Commander And People Ordered Back To Homes

BY D. J. LEWIS

General Sun Chuan-fang, leader of the Fukien troops and mainly responsible for the collapse of the Chekiang forces fighting about Shanghai, arrived in this city by motor boat from Mekaloong at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The train which was supposed to carry him arrived at noon without him but with his bodyguard at the Shanghai South station. General Bei Bao-san, leader of the Kiangsu troops which have been fighting with General Sun on the Sungkiang front, arrived by train at the Shanghai South station at 10 o'clock last night.

Immediately they went to the library building of the Vocational Educational Association in the Chinese city. Immediately after reaching Shanghai, General Sun issued a proclamation definitely stating that General Bei has been instructed to take charge of the local military situation and authorised to conduct the final negotiations with the leaders of the defeated Chekiang troops.

At two o'clock this morning these generals were in a secret conference evidently considering the terms which had been brought to them by the leaders of the Chekiang troops at the Shanghai North station.

The proclamation appointing General Bei Commander-in-chief of the local garrisons was stamped with the seal of General Sun Chuan-fang, Inspector-General of Fukien and Chekiang. The proclamation among other things says:

"All those who have left their homes are hereby ordered to re-

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businesses. Despite the efforts of the police and the newly organised Volunteers, the "Pao Wei Tuan," only few shops resumed their transactions.

General Sun Chuan-fang yesterday sent the following message to the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce:

"I have received your telegram and appreciate your public spirit. Since the matter concerns the administration of Kiangsu, General Chi should handle the situation. You should ask General Chi to come to Shanghai at once.

"Regarding the matter of rehabilitation, I have temporarily appointed General Pei Pao-shan, in command of the first division of Kiangsu provincial forces, to repatriate the troops as well as to take other necessary steps to restore the peace and order of the district. Please assist him in order to enable him to carry out his work successfully."

The conference at the Admiralty House was attended by General Liu Yung-sung, to whom General Ho Feng-lin handed over his seal when he fled. General Hsia Chao-lin, commander of the Fourth Division succeeding Chen Yao-shan after the latter resigned and was outlawed, representing Chekiang interests and Colonel Yu Chi and Mr. Lin Chao, aids and secretary of General Chi respectively, representing Kiangsu. The conference started at 10 o'clock in the morning. After the usual exchange of courtesies, they deliberated upon the repatriation question. The Chekiang military men stated that their terms would be very simple.

If the Kiangsu authorities would refrain from disarming the ex-Chekiang troops, they said, there was no term which they could not accept. When General Lu Yung-hsiang was in command, General Liu said, he and his men were obliged as military men to obey his orders. Now that Lu was gone, his forces were just as much national troops as the Kiangsu soldiery, so if General Chi would accept his forces, he would be willing to take orders from him. Gen. Hsia concurred. The Kiangsu representatives expressed their satisfaction and requested that the soldiers at the North station be removed.

In response, General Liu despatched his aide, Hsu Yu, to the station. Hsu will attempt to assist the railway authorities in re-establishing communications. The telephone system was at once examined and repairs begun. It is understood that as soon as the telephone system is re-opened, General Chi will communicate with his local representatives and consider the terms of the Chekiang army.

Meanwhile, Colonel Yu and the Chinese chamber will look after the feeding of the returned troops, according to the understanding.

French Imports And Exports Increase

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, Oct. 16.—French imports for the first nine months of 1924 totalled approximately 43,000,000 tons, of the value of 29,202,000,000 francs, showing increases of 2,000,000 tons and 6,681,000,000 francs respectively as compared with the same period last year.

Exports totalled 22,000,000 tons of the value of 30,447,000,000 francs, increases of 4,000,000 tons and 8,916,000,000 francs respectively.

Funeral Today In Honor Of Anatole France In Paris

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, Oct. 16.—The obsequies of Anatole France will take place at Paris on Saturday. His body is being transferred to Paris today. The ceremony will take place before the Palace Institute in the presence of the President of the Republic and members of the Government. The cortege will then proceed to the Neuilly cemetery, where the body will be deposited in the family tomb.

Once
In a Generation
We Get
An Inspired Leader Like
Washington,
An Inventive Genius Like
Edison,
A Golden Singer Like
Caruso,
A Peerless General Like
Napoleon,
AND A REALLY GREAT
SCREEN PRODUCTION LIKE
"Scaramouche"

"Davis-and-Bryan Clubs" Founder at Work.

Richard Seeley Jones, who is director of the "Davis-and-Bryan Clubs" throughout the country, was snapped at his desk in his Washington, D. C., headquarters.

Mercenaries Rout Canton Volunteers; Fire Is Cause

(Continued from Page 1)

could find no arms, have been ransacked and inmates have been carried away as hostages. The Government authorities are thus striving to annihilate the Merchants' Volunteers.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, Oct. 17.—Hongkong Chinese have despatched a deputation to Canton with a view to devise relief measures for the sufferers from Wednesday's holocaust.

Acquiescing in the Chinese merchants' appeal, His Excellency the Governor of Hongkong has sent a letter to His Majesty's Consul General to assist the deputation to carry out the purpose of its visit to Canton.

7,000 Chekiang Soldiers Mass At North Station

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doings might easily be enough to excite emulation among less "fortunate" comrades.

Looting has not been confined to the Chekiang men, however. In addition to previous reports of Kiangsu looting, a native preacher and another fugitive from Nanziang yesterday brought word to Shanghai that the whole town had been looted and that in the course of it a fire had been started which destroyed more than a hundred houses.

Attempt To Include Nationalists Fails In Berlin Government

(Reuter's Service)

Berlin, Oct. 16.—The protracted negotiations with a view to including the Nationalists in the Government have broken down. A conference between the Chancellor and the leaders of the Government parties today agreed to conduct further negotiations with a view to widening the basis of the Government, but did not promise success. This decision was reached after the Centre Party had adopted a resolution in favor of new elections if no other solution of the difficulty could be found.

"......Awfully sorry not to keep my appointment. I was reading "Six Months Prisoner of the Szechwan Military"—it was so intensely interesting....."
"SIX MONTHS PRISONER OF THE SZECHWAN MILITARY"
is the book you should read. For sale by all Booksellers. Price: Mex. $6.50.

Drive Launched By Mukden Army On Chinwangtao

(Continued from Page 1)

sector were enveloped by the Fengtien forces. Two large Fengtien forces appeared in the hilly region to the north of Shanhaikwan with the consequence that on the 15th Shihmensai was completely captured by the Fengtien troops, which next made a big drive to a point near Chinwangtao.

In the sector of Chiaoshanssu, the Chihli troops have been routed in the direction of the foot of the mountain, while in the sector near the seashore, the Chihli troops, up to midnight of the 15th, held their position. Marshal Wu Pei-fu has strengthened the position of the Chihli troops at the front by despatching a large force of reinforcements from Chinwangtao but their position is now at the critical stage.

(Eastern News Agency)

Tientsin, Oct. 16.—In view of the graveness of the situation, the Peking-Mukden Railway, in their joint names, have applied to foreign garrisons here for protection being extended to them.

(Eastern News Agency)

Hankow, Oct. 16.—Marshal Wu Pei-fu today wired to Generl Hsiao Yao-nan, Tuchun of Hpeh, ordering him to postpone the departure for the North of the 25th Hupeh Division, for, the Marshal says, the troops, which have been despatched to support the Kiangsu troops, will be recalled to the North.

(Eastern News Agency)

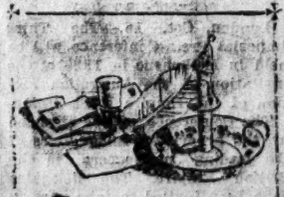
Tientsin, Oct. 16.—This afternoon at 4 o'clock, the Chihli troops, which have hitherto been holding their position to the north of the railway in the Shanhaikwan sector, began to retreat in the direction of Chiaoshanssu and, those stationed to the south of the railway also retreated along the railway.

The stronghold of Shihmensai was captured by the Fengtien forces on the 14th instant.

At the wharf of Chinwangtao, eight transport-vessels are now making preparations for retreat. It is the fact that the general tendency of the war is favorable to the Fengtien troops. Rumor is rife here that General Feng Yu-hsiang, whose sincerity towards the war has been doubtful from the outset, has made terms with General Li Ching-lin, Commander-in-Chief of the First Fengtien Army. Moreover, in view of the fact that General Feng has connection with Marshal Tuan Chi-jui's faction, his attitude is attracting much attention as it is considered as considerably affecting the war situation.

(Eastern News Agency)

Tientsin, Oct. 17.—The telegraphic communication between the Japanese garrisons in both Shanhaikwan and Chinwangtao has been interrupted since yesterday afternoon, but the communication between the Japanese garrisons is still being continued through the courtesy of British destroyers in Chinwangtao.



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Jo Davidson, famous American sculptor, has sailed for Paris, where he has an atelier, and where he expects to do much work this Fall.

Tea And Rubber Both Increasing, Declares Expert At Meeting

(Reuter's Service)

London, Oct. 16.—At a meeting of Messrs. Harrisons and Crosfield Ltd., the Chairman, Mr. Eric Miller, estimated the production of tea during the current year at 798,000,000 pounds and consumption at 794,000,000 pounds, increases of 9,000,000 pounds and 33,000,000 pounds respectively as compared with 1923. The increase in consumption was chiefly at home. He did not see any possibility of a large increase in production for some years to come.

The Chairman estimated the consumption of rubber during 1924 at 435,000 tons, a five-fold increase as compared with 1910. He defended the restriction scheme and believed that the world's consumption during 1925 would increase to 450,000 tons, of which non-restricting areas might supply 190,000, leaving 260,000 tons to be supplied from the restricting areas.

Radical-Socialist Congress Opened

(French Wireless Through Reuter)

Paris, Oct. 16.—A Radical-Socialist Congress opened this morning at Boulogne-on-Sea.

KARAKHAN SENDS MORE PROTEST TO DIPLOMATS

(Eastern News Agency)

Peking, Oct. 16.—As a protest to today's meeting of the Diplomatic Corps, M. Karakhan, Soviet Ambassador, through the Rosta News Agency, has published the diplomatic note he handed to the Diplomatic Corps on October 1, in which after dwelling upon the principles agreed upon in 1901 anent the Diplomatic Body's meeting in terms advantageous to himself, the Soviet Ambassador declares in part:

"The existence of the Legation quarters has arisen from the motive for the furtherance of mutual possession of properties of all descriptions belonging to the Powers concerned. Nevertheless, to take the view that such an agreement is of absolutely inalterable nature, notwithstanding the fact that from both domestic and international points of view, a remarkable change has of late been made upon the living of mankind, thereby affecting the tendency of the times, is what I cannot accept."

Further, with the object of explaining in detail the transition of the present issue, M. Karakhan is quoted as stating that he will, through the Rosta News Agency, publish before long all diplomatic documents exchanged between himself and the Diplomatic Body.

Yoshizawa Calls On Karakhan To Discuss Saghalien Rights

(Eastern News Agency)

Peking, Oct. 17.—Mr. Yoshizawa, Japanese Minister, this morning at 11:30 o'clock, accompanied by Mr. Shimada, Consul in rank, called on M. Karakhan and exchanged views with him regarding the question of Saghalien rights. The Japanese Minister is now endeavoring to turn a new leaf in the situation in connection with the Soviet-Japanese negotiations.

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SIX MONTHS PRISONER OF THE SZECHWAN MILITARY
IT IDENTIFIES YOU
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Peking's Financial Committee Meets

(Eastern News Agency)

Peking, Oct. 16.—The first meeting of the financial committee which was recently brought into existence was held today in the President's Office. The committee consists of prominent members of the Chihli faction such as Messrs. Kao Ling-wei, Wang Ku-ming, Wu Yu-lin, Wang Yu-chi, Tsao Jui, Tsai Ting-kan, and Wang Shih-yuan.

Robert Cochrane To Visit Leper Stations In India

(Reuter's Service)

London, Oct. 17.—Dr. Robert Cochrane, son of Dr. Thomas Cochrane, founder of the Union Medical College, Peking, left for India today where he hopes to visit all the Leper Mission's 40 stations in India, and help bring the treatment to the highest state of efficiency.

He will spend some time in research work with Dr. Ernest Muir at the School of Tropical Medicine in Calcutta, and then visit Burma, Siam, North Borneo, Dutch Indies, and the Philippines. Subsequently, he will engage in research work at the Medical College, Peking, returning home via Korea and America.

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Prince Mohiuddin Lives In New York

There is a quiet and retiring man now staying all but unnoticed in New York, to whom populous States and teeming nations of another continent pay sincere and reverent homage. Four hundred million Moslems throughout the world hold him and his kin in greater esteem than is accorded any king or ruler of the present day. For more than thirteen centuries the holy city of Mecca, the cradle of Islam, has religiously kept a record of his pedigree. This record now embraces thirty-six generations—a genealogy one of the most ancient in history. Prince Sherif Mohiuddin, a direct descendant of the Prophet Mohammed and the youngest branch of a family tree spreading its hoary crown over the ages, is now living in an apartment in the West Seventies.

Ever since the time of the Prophet the oldest member of the Sherifian family has headed the government of Mecca, and for the last 700 years has had the title of Emir of Mecca. Ali Haidar, the twentieth Emir in an unbroken succession of lineal descendants of Mohammed, is Prince Mohiuddin's father. He withdrew from the emirship when Arabia was proclaimed independent at the close of war.

Prince Mohiuddin was brought up and educated in Constantinople, where his father resided; for, according to tradition, the prospective Emirs of Mecca had to live in the capital of the Caliph. He is a graduate of the University of Constantinople, from which he received his doctorial degree in literature and international law. The Prince regrets, however, having spent so much time in the study of international law for the reason that he has seldom seen the practical application of its theories.

When the Prophet Mohammed left Mecca in search of safety and success elsewhere he little thought that a descendant of his, thirteen hundred years later, would also seek a new Medina in foreign parts. Here, however, the analogy between the two migrations ends. Whereas his great forbear fled to Ythrab to establish a base from which to conquer a world for his religion, Prince Sherif has come to America to establish a strategic outpost for himself in a campaign to conquer the world for his art.

Unlike the royalty of old, and a goodly number of its representatives of today, the Prince frankly acknowledges himself to be not a patron but a protege of art. He depends on its benevolence. He serves it as one serves an exacting master. He is a serious student of painting and music. In the latter field he has distinguished himself as a performer on the ud, or Egyptian lute, an instrument which he has perfected and adapted to modern music.

The ud was the most favored instrument when Oriental civilisation and art were at their height at the time of Haroun al Raschid and others. It still retains its position; but in the course of centuries the importance of instrumental music in the Orient has declined, and emphasis has come to be placed mainly on vocal music. Instrumental music has come to be regarded merely as an accompaniment for singing.

ABILITY MUCH ADMIRED

Prince Mohiuddin has made several improvements in the ud and has worked out a new method for the use and position of the right and left hands of the performer. With these innovations entirely new and limitless possibilities have been created for its musical effectiveness. For the first time the instrument can now be used for solo pieces, a radical departure from old Oriental practices. The Prince is now completing a synthesis of his method whereby the musical range of the ud can be increased to cover more than three octaves instead of the one and a half of the old instrument. World authorities on music who have heard the Prince perform on the ud have pronounced him one of the most notable instrumentalists of our time, and have expressed their astonishment at the remarkable effectiveness of the instrument which has followed the improvements he made in it.

From behind the lowered blinds of a more than modest apartment light streamed feebly into the Prince's room, leaving its meagre furnishings in a semi-darkness suggestive of Oriental restfulness and meditation. From a couch in the corner, hardly distinguishable from the surrounding shadowy dimness, arose a figure of slightly more than medium height, with typical Arab features, wistful, yet calm and penetrating eyes, a full grown mustache, sparse "goatee" and curly hair. The Prince changed his seat and after a few customary formalities began to read his answers to the questions propounded. He had used his royal prerogative to disregard the urgency of Sunday newspaper copy. Consequently his answers bore the traces of careful and exact preparation. He speaks English fluently and writes clearly and to the point.

Asked whether he thought America a sort of modern Medina for artists and other independent men of culture who find it difficult to live and work in their native places in these troublous days, he answered:

"I have heard so. But of course I shall have to investigate a little further before I can give a personal and positive opinion on this subject. I have always planned to visit America, and now at last I have been able to realise this most cherished wish. Although I have been here but a short time I already have had an opportunity to appreciate in full your poverbial hospitality and have not enough words of thanks for my American friends, especially to Mr. Kermit and Mr. Archie Roosevelt, for the most cordial reception they have given me."

As leader and representative of Turkish art and culture, the Prince was asked to give his views on the status of art in the country of his birth.

ART WAVE IN TURKEY

"Turkey is undoubtedly developing an art," he said. "The Turks have a national literature of their own. Their music, based on the principles of Eastern music, has some very distinct characteristics. And now they are producing quite a number of painters who successfully follow Occidental schools.

"There are several artists of national prominence in Turkey. But to name them all would take too long, and to name them partially would not be fair to those left out.

"Just as anywhere else, art in Turkey manifests itself in many different fields, and each artist tries to express his peculiar purpose in an individual manner. The interest in art is now so general in Turkey that one may be justified in expecting a new renaissance. I have been in Constantinople since the armistice and have studied the development of the movement in the last few years. Recently women, too, have entered the field as actively as the men; women artists are now coming to the fore in every field.

"In the field of music the revival has not yet become definitely crystallised. There are now in Turkey three different schools of music. One follows the old classical Turkish music, while the extremists, who constitute the second school, advocate the complete discard of classical Turkish by the adaptation of Occidental Western music. The third school, while maintaining the original national music, aims to perfect it melodies and the adoption of refinement. In other words, this last school is developing its Oriental music by adapting it to Western theories and principles of harmony and form. Being a student of Western music—I have learned to play the 'cello under the guidance of one of the pupils of David Popper—I naturally belong to this school."

With reference to his own position as a royal protege of art Prince Mohiuddin said:

"To my mind, art is above everything else. It has always been superior. Far from having patrons, it has servants. Before art there are no kings, presidents, princes or noblemen. Every one who needs art loves it and serves it. Although at one time kings and princes were the exclusive servants of art, it should be a source of rejoicing to know that now its power and appeal have become general. I hope that the time will come when all humanity will become the real servants of art, for then alone will it have reached the peak of progress."

In discussing his stay and plans for the future in this country Prince Mohiuddin said, among other things:

"I came to America to lead the life of an artist. Naturally I want to meet and know the principal artists of the world, and your hospitable country is the center where they now congregate. The second day I was here I not only met many of them but had them as my audience. It was the most representative one I ever had. I am indebted to Leopold Godowsky for this privilege, whom I had met sixteen years ago when he visited my father in Constantinople. He knows Oriental music and instruments and was interested to see the new improvements I had wrought in the ud. That evening he had among his guests Kreisler, Heifetz, Gerardi, my old friend Borissoff, and many other prominent artists. Since then I have also met Professor Auer and Misha Elman.

"To meet the greatest living artists of the world is naturally the most genuine pleasure any artists can have. And in America alone can I have this opportunity."

CHUNG HSI-MING HEADS MUKDEN'S FOREIGN AFFAIRS

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Oct. 11.—A Mukden telegram reports that Mr. Chung Hsi-ming has been appointed head of the Department of Foreign Affairs of the Three Eastern Provinces. The department consists of five sections, namely, political, commercial, protocol, treaties and general affairs.

RED CROSS MEN SENTENCED IN MIXED COURT

Ex-Soldiers With Loot Continue To Come Into Court Here

The two Red Cross men arrested three days ago appeared in Court yesterday before Assessor Whitamore and Magistrate Li. The men were arrested in the possession of two big bundles of Red Cross uniforms, and one was found to have a pistol on him. The case was remanded after the first hearing, and yesterday Dr. Wong, of the Hospital, identified the men as Red Cross coolies. He did not know anything about the uniforms, but the men had no authority to carry a pistol.

The men said that a soldier had asked them to take the pistol and uniforms to the Red Cross Hospital. The Court found the first man guilty both on the charge of possessing arms and unlawful possession, and sentenced him to two months' imprisonment. The second, charged with unlawful possession, was given 14 days. The pistol was confiscated, and the clothing belonging to the Red Cross ordered returned to them.

Ex-soldiers with loot continue to come into the hands of the Settlement authorities. Three more appeard in the Mixed Court yesterday, arrested by S.V.C. members at Stone Bridge in the possession of 23 articles of silk and cotton clothing, a cotton bed, and two rolls of cotton cloth. The men said the property had been given them by others to pawn in Shanghai. They were remanded for two weeks in custody.

A number of soldiers came to a pawn-shop here Wednesday with several articles of clothing, demanding money on it. The pawnbroker, however, refused to give them anything, as the articles were worth very little, and the men began to threaten him. A tragedy was narrowly averted by the opportune arrival of police officers on the scene. The men escaped.

Tsang Bing-kai, an ex-soldier who appeared in the Mixed Court two days ago charged with the unlawful possession of a telephone, which he was carrying when arrested, came up in the Mixed Court again yesterday. A Chinese detective reported that since the period of remand he had been unable to locate the man to whom the accused said he was taking the telephone. The Court ordered the instrument confiscated, the accused being dismissed.

Tsay Foo-yu, a brass-smith charged with unlawful possession, was sentenced by the same Court. He was arrested two days ago and remanded, and yesterday a Chinese detective reported that since the period of remand he had been unale to locate the complainant. Tsay was sentenced to a week's imprisonment, to date from the day of his arrest.

Generals Sun And Bei Arrive Here

(Continued on Page 8)

turn and pursue their regular pursuits without further fear. Should any person be caught causing disturbances or violating the laws, he will be dealt with in full accord with the terms of martial law. The proclamation was dated October 17, Thirteenth Day of the Republic.

Mr. Yang Pang-fang secretary to Marshal Sun Chuan-fang, at two o'clock this morning stated to The China Press that General Sun and his staff arrived at Shanghai on a river gunboat instead of a launch as stated earlier. He said quite definitely that General Sun and his staff will remain in Shanghai for a period of three days only. He is accompained by two brigades consisting of 6,000 troops. General Sun desires it to be plainly understood that he is Inspector General of Fukien and Chekiang only and that the only reason he came to Shanghai was upon the direct request of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce of Shanghai and various officers in both the Kiangsu and Chekiang armies.

Having received word that General Chi-Hsieh-yuan was unable to come to Shanghai immediately and owing to a desire to relieve the panic which was created through the lack of military leadership in this neighborhood, General Sun came purely for the purpose of preserving peace and order. Having this object in mind and not to interfere with anything pertaining to Kiangsu Province, General Sun during his stay in Shanghai will not take any interest in the civil, administrative or financial affairs of Kiangsu Province.

General Sun emphasised the fact that he and General Chi are in perfect accord and as he is tuchun of Fukien and Chekiang Provinces he has no interest in the appointment of a Defence Commissioner for the Shanghai-Woosung-Sunkiang district. He stated that General Chi is now located at Nanziang and that rail communication is now or soon will be open between Shanghai and Hangchow.

Regarding the terms of the armistice, General Sun will enlist all who desire in the National Army and the others will be paid off and sent home to Kiangsu.

AVIDOVITCH RETIRES

(French Wireless Through Reuter)

Yugo-Slavia, Oct. 16.—The Avidovitch ministry has resigned.

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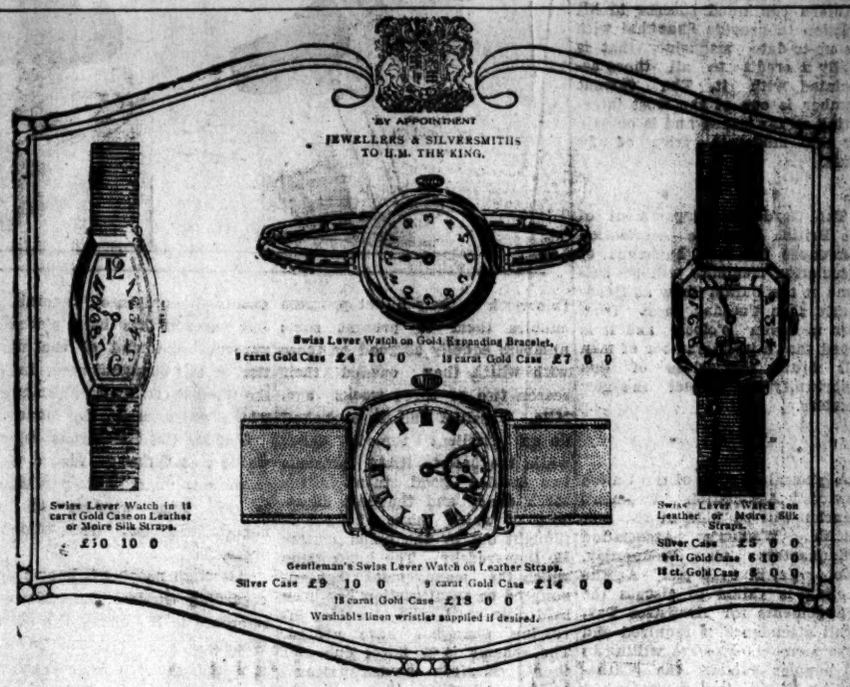
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THE Goldsmiths and Silversmiths Company would remind their customers that presents for Christmas should be ordered now. Orders from abroad receive immediate and special attention and at all times the prices are the same as those charged in the Company's London Showrooms. Fully illustrated Catalogues sent free.

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Size 17" wide Price $5.75 yard.
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Net and Lace Frilling, in many pleasing designs from $1.25 yard.

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Continuation of our Great Autumn Sale For This Week

Reduced prices in Ladies' and Children's Seasonable Underwear, Hosiery, Gowns, Damask Sheetings, Blankets, Sweaters, Jumpers, KNITTED AND TAILORED DRESSES AND SUITS, PLUSH AND FABRIC-FUR COATS, Dress Materials, etc.

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"Scaramouche"

News Brevities

The Anniversary Number of the Blue Lantern Magazine, a copy of which has been sent us, is a bulky issue replete with a wealth of interesting reading matter and illustrations. As the Editor says in passing, the twelve months of the Blue Lantern have not passed without many ups and downs—and the "downs" have not been inconsiderable—but despite the numerous difficulties in the production of a magazine in Shanghai, local lovers of light reading have been provided with an acceptable publication printed on good quality paper and containing many really readable contributions. We wish the enterprising owner and editor of the Blue Lantern continued success in his mission to provide Shanghai with an up-to-date magazine that is really a credit to all those associated with it. The current number is one of the most interesting so far issued and is on sale for the moderate price of 20 cents.

• • •

The Gardening Department of the British Women's Association announces that the husbands of Association members will be welcome at the Dahlia Show at Headquarters on Tuesday next from four to seven o'clock and it is hoped that a large number of men will avail themselves of this opportunity to inspect the new quarters.

• • •

A general meeting of the United Services Association (women's branch) will be held at the new British Women's Association Headquarters on Wednesday, October 22, at 5:15 p.m. As the meeting is called to discuss the arrangements for Armistice Day, a full attendance is required and those members who are willing to sell poppies outside the Cathedral or at the dinner, are asked to give in their names.

• • •

The Missionary Association prayer meeting is now held in the Lecture Hall, of the China Christian Council, Missions Building, Yuen Ming Yuen Road, every Monday afternoon at 5:15. Dr. H. McCandliss, of Hoihow, will conduct the meeting on Monday next.

• • •

Last Thursday Miss Edith Gray gave her farewell lecture on "Karma, the Basis of Reincarnation," in the hall of the Shanghai Lodge of the Theosophical Society. The lecturer described this great guiding principle of spiritual evolution, already familiar in the words, "Whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also reap." This principle was not fully operative in a single life, but required repeated re-births for its fulfilment, the victories and failures of one life leading to appropriate results in later lives, always tending to the perfection of human knowledge and wisdom.

• • •

Members of the American Women's Club who are interested in the work of the Civic Department have been invited to attend the first meeting of the Department on Friday afternoon at 5 p.m., in the Club Rooms at 66 Szechuen Road. This will be the first meeting of the Civic Department this fall and important business will be discussed including plans for future meetings of the year.

• • •

In view of the expressed desire of a large number of members, the Very Rev. Dean Symons has kindly consented to hold a service annually at Holy Trinity Cathedral for the British Women's Association. The first of these will be held on Sunday, November 2, at 10:30 a.m. Bishop Molony will preach.

• • •

The Shanghai Chinese-Foreign Famine Relief Committee has received a donation of Tls. 600 from Mrs. Emilie Ecwell of England to the Flood Relief Fund.

• • •

A Russian by name of Keck, the proprietor of a cafe at 108 Yangtsepoo Road, was fined $10 in the Mixed Court yesterday for selling liquor without a license. The case was tried before American Assessor Bucknell and Magistrate Li.

• • •

Lovers of outdoor sketching have been invited to join the members of the Art Department of the American Women's Club who will assemble at the Bubbling Well Temple, Wednesday morning, October 22, 1924. This department is conducting a series of outdoor sketches, meeting every Wednesday morning from 9 o'clock to 12 noon, for this purpose.

• • •

The change which the management of the Del Monte has made this week in their Ballet program enables them to present some numbers equally as good as those with which they opened their season two or three weeks ago. Mlle. Vassilief and M. Baskakoff do an excellent comedy dance while the ballet itself presents two decided good turns in the torch dance and the doll dance, both of which have been well thought out by the ballet master M. Damaradsky. The keno game which the management has announced as an attraction has been held over until the troubles involving Shanghai have abated. The scheme is a novel one and should certainly amuse patrons, besides affording them opportunities of obtaining very nice prizes.

• • •

The Chinese Red Cross Society has been recommended to receive a portion of the surtax levied on communications by the Government, in a statement presented by Premier Yen to the Government.

• • •

According to a Chinese correspondent writing from the Kiangshan district of Hupeh, the withdrawal of the 2nd Mixed Brigade from that neighborhood has already led to a renewed activity of bandits. Several lootings and highway robberies have been reported.

• • •

The automobile guild of Peking has volunteered to donate the services of one-half of the cars of each garage for the daily use of the military officers "who are serving the country in putting down the rebellion." This decision was announced to the police and the hope expressed that in the future no attempt would be made by the militarists to seize cars for their personal use.

• • •

Mr. Guy Mainwaring, formerly of Shanghai, has arrived in Tientsin and will join the China and Java Trading Company. Mr. Mainwaring is known as an expert at lawn bowling and is also a first-class billiard player and golfer.

• • •

The Central Government has received a gift of several hundred Hsiliang horses from the Governor of Kansu, who explains that while no Kansu troops have been sent to help in the punitive expedition, he desired to show his co-operation.

"SCARAMOUCHE"

Is a masterful screen production, better than anything you have seen before.

MUTT & JEFF -:- By Bud Fisher

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AND KNOWING THAT MUTT AND I TOURED THROUGH EVERY STATE HE WANTS ME TO TELL HIM THE RESULT OF MY OBSERVATIONS!
SPEAKING ABOUT THE NEW ENGLAND STATES - WHICH WE WEREN'T - I FOUND THE VOTERS THERE ABOUT ONE HUNDRED PER CENT FOR CAL COOLIDGE!
AND HOW ABOUT THE SO-CALLED SOLID SOUTH?
WELL, I FOUND THE SOLID SOUTH ABOUT FIFTY-FIFTY!
WHAT DO YOU MEAN- FIFTY-FIFTY?
FIFTY PER CENT ARE GONNA VOTE FOR DAVIS AND FIFTY PER CENT ARE GONNA VOTE AGAINST CAL AND LA FOLLETTE!
25
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IMPERSONATE POLICEMEN AND DEMAND MONEY

Man Arrested In Dent Road And Four In Peking Road

Two cases of men impersonating policemen and trying to extort money came up in the Mixed Court yesterday. One was charged with impersonating and larceny, his method being the somewhat crude one, according to the charge, of having stopped a fellow-citizen on Dent Road Tuesday representing himself to be a police constable and going through the other's pockets, taking $2.

Detective-Sergeant Repas, outlining the case before American Assessor Bucknell and Magistrate Li, asked for a remand for a week, as the same man was reported to have represented himself as a policeman on several occasions and further charges would be preferred against him. The remand was granted.

The method of four others, arrested in a house at 693 Peking Road on a charge of falsely representing the police and attempted extortion, was somewhat more subtle. They came into the place with the announcement that they were members of the Police, and accused the inmates of keeping opium for sale. They generously offered to settle the matter and say nothing, however, for the sum of $300. If payment was not made at an early hour the premises would be searched by foreign police, and it was easier to pay $300 than a Mixed Court fine of $1,000.

The householders, however, managed to get in a telephone call to the police, and Inspector Maguire and a squad of foreign and Chinese detectives reached the house before the men left. They were arraigned in the Mixed Court before American Assessor Jacobs and Magistrate Loh, and found guilty on both counts. The first two men were sentenced to a year's imprisonment each, and the other two to six-month terms.

Chekiang Troops To Be Given $20 Or Re-Enlisted

(Continued from Page 1)

National Army with all sins forgotten or they are to be offered the sum of $20 apiece and free transportation on a China Merchants ship back to their homes in Shantung Province. Everything

Coal Mine Strikers In Mons Back On Job

(Reuter's Service)

Mons, Oct. 16.—The coalminers who went on strike and created disturbances on October 10 have resumed work.

Once in a Generation We Get

An Inspired Leader Like
Washington,
An Inventive Genius Like
Edison,
A Golden Singer Like
Caruso,
A Peerless General Like
Napoleon,
AND A REALLY GREAT SCREEN PRODUCTION LIKE
"Scaramouche"

The Covered Wagon
Over One Year In One Theatre

NETHERLANDS GUTTA-PERCHA CO.
(Singapore Rubber Works)
CHINA AGENCY 17 MUSEUM ROAD
Moulded Rubber articles

The sure way to better health.

The health of the little ones and of the parents can be maintained by regular courses of this lung - healing and body - building food which contains 44% of the world's finest cod liver oil. Ask for

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Best for children.

Just as good for adults.

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UNIVERSAL HIRE SERVICE
Serves U Right—Day & Night
$1 First 20 Min. $3 per Hr.

Victrolas and Victor Records

are NOT THE CHEAPEST in price on the market, but are undoubtedly THE BEST.

Many persons have reason to regret the purchase of a cheap article.

When purchasing a Victrola or Victor Record look for the WORLD FAMOUS trade mark.

Without this none are genuine.

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Victor Distributors
37 Nanking Road

GORDON'S
THE COCKTAIL GIN
Agents GANDE, PRICE, LTD.

Double the Richness of Ordinary Milk

Carnation Milk, as it reaches your table, has double the richness of ordinary milk. It is pure, full-cream milk, evaporated to the consistency of cream. Only water has been removed.

Where you would use cream, use Carnation just as it comes to you, undiluted. Where you would use milk, add an equal part of water to Carnation, and you have a rich milk of normal consistency.

Carnation is appetising and wholesome. More important still, it is absolutely safe, for it is hermetically sealed in tins and then sterilized.

Carnation milk is convenient to buy and economical to use. Get it regularly from your compradore shop.

Remember that dealers make a larger profit on other brands. Insist that you be supplied with Carnation.

Carnation Milk
from Contented Cows.

Good Buildings Deserve Good Hardware

When the architect specifies "Corbin" he is confident the owner will be fully satisfied. Corbin Hardware is Efficient, Beautiful, Lasting.

Literature and prices upon request

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.
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China Press Sports

Polo
Swimming
Rowing
Boxing
Comment

Firpo, Fat And Clumsy, Out-Struggled By Wills; Negro Shows Good Spirit

Mr. Kid McCoy, who has come upon unhappy circumstances out yonder in Los Angeles, once described a meeting between two lubberly heavyweights of the long-ago. "It was like two old women fighting beans," said Kid McCoy.

Damon Runyon can think of no better description of the twelve round fight between Luis Angel Firpo, of the Argentine, grown fat and clumsier than ever after a couple of years of easy living, and Harry Wills, the negro heavyweight, respectively "The Wild Bull of the Pampas," and "The Brown Panther of New Orleans."

That was billing which perhaps conjured up visions of a mighty man-grapple, a brutal blood letting battle of fistic combat to the 80,000 men and women that Tex Richard, the promoter, says were in the arena at Boyle's Thirty Acres in Jersey City the night of September 11.

What they saw was a pulling and hauling match in which, in the opinion of the writer, "The Brown Panther" out-struggled "The Wild Bull." I thought Wills won every round. He knocked "The Wild Bull" rolling in the second round with a right hand smash to the chin, the "cleanest" punch, if there is any degree of purity between punches, of the fight. They were coming out of a clinch and were supposed to be fighting with a "clean" break.

That is to say, they were to come out of a clinch without punching. Some thought Wills' punch is what is technically known as a "sneak" punch, therefore foul, but the writer thought it fair enough. If they hadn't been permitted to punch some time, there would not have been any punches delivered at all.

FIRPO FAILED TO LAND

Firpo got right up after the knockdown, but he wore the marks of the resin dust on the seat of his purple pants throughout the fight. He did not hit Wills one really hard punch in the 12 rounds, though he kept lashing away with his once deadly right hand.

It was a mighty different "Wild Bull of the Pampas" who stood in the ring tonight against the lean negro of New Orleans from the Firpo who knocked Jack Dempsey out of the ring at the Polo Grounds a year ago, and had the champion of the world punch silly for a moment.

It was a fat, overweight bovine at Boyle's Thirty Acres. The right hand that used to knock his opponents bowlegged, was merely a furious gesture easily avoided by Wills.

The fat bulged over Firpo's waistline and lapped down as he sat on his stool in his corner. His face showed pasty in the glare of the lights.

Jack Dempsey sat watching the fight for a few rounds with a puzzled expression on his face. He had heard much of Harry Wills, who is supposed to be the chief contender for his title, but he had never seen him fight. At the end of the seventh round. Dempsey slipped out. His thoughts must have been interesting.

The clean-break rule handicapped Wills, no doubt of that. Wills is at his best when he can clutch an opponent and punch with his right hand to the body. He seemed to be helpless at long range fighting, and when Danny Sullivan began enforcing the clean-break rule on him, Wills was bothered. He violated it time and again, however. Sullivan let him go with brisk warnings, but if Sullivan had desired to hold Harry to the very letter of the clean-break rule he could have found excuse to disqualify "The Brown Panther."

FIRPO OBJECTS

Firpo opened his mouth and squawked loudly over Wills' tactics a couple of times, shouting "Hey." Wills would look apologetic when the referee issued his warnings in the form of such expressions as "Let go," "Come out of it," "No sneakers."

From Firpo's corner big Bill Tate, the negro heavyweight, who has fought Wills many times, kept up a running fire of warning to the referee. He grunted disdainfully when Wills lifted his arms to show that he wasn't holding after delivering a fast punch in a clinch.

"Dat Misto Wills is an excuse me fighter," said William.

The clean break rule is a punk rule, anyway. There should be only one rule of prizefighting, and that is protect yourself at all times, which includes taking care of yourself in the clinches. Prizefighting cannot be made nice.

While Wills was most frequently warned for holding and hitting, Firpo was equally guilty. At the close of the fight he was hanging onto "the Brown Panther" with such a tight grip that Wills dragged him all over the ring. Firpo wouldn't fight, and Wills under the rules, couldn't fight much. So they spent the evening tugging at each other, much to the disgust of the 80,000 present, who must have paid over $500,000 to see the affair.

The main event was so uninteresting that most of the crowd remained to see what might come of the "chaser" event, an eight-round bout between Charley Nashart and Mike Burke, old Joe Jeannette refereeing.

WILLS SHOWS SPIRIT

Firpo was so manifestly disinclined to go beyond a few wild swings and a lot of hanging on in each round that Danny Sullivan finally visited his corner and inquired the reason.

"Why won't you fight?" asked Danny, voicing the question that was in the minds of many citizens at the moment.

"He's holding," said the "Wild Bull."

If the gate ran as high as reported, Firpo must have got close to $200,000, a fair renumeration for such an exhibition. Both fighters are said to have received a fat percentage, with a guarantee of $100,000 each.

It is only fair to Wills to say that he at least tried to make it a fight. That he did not display the skill and ability expected of him, does not detract from his spirit. He is beyond 30, and his finest and richest opportunities have come to him since he passed the peak of his ability. He did the best he could under the circumstances.

The Wills style of fighting has become fixed in him through long years of usage. Had he been permitted last night to hold and slug, it is conceivable that he would have battered Firpo's doughy looking body to a mush. "The Wild Bull" showed no relish for the blows that did beat against his broad "bread pan."

As a title contender Luis Angel Firpo is through. Wills must do something better than he did last night to retain the position as chief of the contenders.

BARNEY GOOGLE — By Billy De Beck

EXTRA !!
CITY OF MEMPHIS GUARANTEES PURSE OF $5.000.00 FOR RACE BETWEEN "TROTSKI" AND SPARK PLUG —
INTENSE EXCITEMENT PREVAILS IN NEW ORLEANS, SHREVEPORT, DALLAS, ATLANTA JACKSON, BIRMINGHAM, HOUSTON AND OTHER CITIES IN THE SUNNY SOUTH — CITIZENS IN RESPECTIVE CITIES HOLDING MASS MEETINGS TO RAISE PURSE AND OUTDO MEMPHIS.
WORD JUST COMES IN OVER THE RADIO FROM STATION WMC, MEMPHIS. THAT SPORTS AROUND TOWN WILL PUT UP AN ADDITIONAL $5.000 TO CLINCH RACE IF NECESSARY.
SUNSHINE, LEGAL OWNER OF TROTSKI, RECEIVES THOUSANDS OF LETTERS DAILY WISHING HIM LUCK
BAH! YOU AND YOUR SPARK PLUG! BOTH OF YOU TURNED OUT TO BE AN AWFUL BUST. THAT EK-JOCKEY OF YOURS WITH HIS HORSE "TROTSKI" IS THE TALK OF THE TOWN. IF THAT RUSSIAN HORSE BEATS YOUR NAG IN THE MEMPHIS RACE NEXT WEEK YOU'RE GONNA BE STRETCHED OUT IN YOUR PARLOR WITH THE SHADES DOWN.
NELLS BELLS! DO THE PEOPLE TAKE THAT MEMPHIS RACE SERIOUSLY, EDDIE? DON'T THEY REALIZE THAT SUNSHINE IS ONLY A FALSE ALARM
WHAT DOES HE KNOW ABOUT HORSES — ??
BY GOLLY. I'LL GO OVER AND HAVE A TALK WITH THE LITTLE BRAT. HE BETTER KEEP HIS GAB SHUT AND QUIT BRAGGING ABOUT THAT HORSE OF HIS! HE AIN'T GONNA MAKE A HEEL OUT OF ME.
SAY! I WANT TO TALK TO YOU.
SO-HY, BOSS. BUT AH GOT A POWFUL IMPORTANT BEGAGEMENT JEST NOW. S'POSE YOU DROP AWOUND SOME DAY WHEN AH AIN'T SO BUSY.
ZAM
NOW YOU LISSEN TO ME.
DE BECK 6.27

Carrousel Militaire

This graphic action picture was snapped in the cavalry riding hall of the military school at St. Cyr, France, established by the Napoleon. The cadets are shown in their famous Carrousel Militaire, held in honor of King Ferdinand and Queen Marie of Rumania.

Medal Comes From Paris To Tell A Story

From France recently came a thin disk of bronze, about the size of a silver dollar, embedded in a green velvet case. It found its way to the archives of the American Numismatic Society and stirred enthusiasm in the hearts of collectors of medals. They judged it a work of art, though its market value was only a few francs.

The medal shows Georges Clemenceau at home, in the depths of an easy chair, with an odd little cap on his head and a newspaper in front of his spectacled eyes. In certain lights, some aver, can be caught a glint of the Tiger's eye, cocked over the top of his "specs." A group of young girls graces the reverse side of the piece.

In Paris during the war there worked a little milliner; Mlle. Jeanne Taty they called her until she gained the title of modiste to Clemenceau. For it was she who, in the fervor of those times, designed the foraging cap that distinguished him when he visited the battle lines.

At the close of the war Mlle. Taty's heart was wrung both by the state into which the profession of dressmaking had fallen and by the plight of the war orphans left in destitution. She determined to devote herself to the cause of both—to revive interest in the French industry by relieving the shortage of dressmaking apprentices, and to offer a future to war orphans by rearing them to make good livings. L'Ecole Clemenceau was the outcome, a place where war orphans should be brought up as Parisian modistes.

Space for the school was offered in one of the city buildings, and Clemenceau himself established two scholarships, one for a little girl from Alsace and the other for a daughter of Lorraine. Clemenceau did more. He sat for his portrait, the portrait on the medal that brings the story of the enterprise to the United States.

WHERE MEDALS ARE POPULAR

The medal brings as well a story in medallic development. That same art that contributed much to the color and glamour of warfare has been turned to the ends of recuperation from war. The Ecole Clemenceau medals are issued to raise funds for the support of the school, which in its turn is calculated to aid in the rehabilitation of France.

This is not a lone instance of such use for medals. Several years ago funds were thus raised for the establishment, on an old estate, of the Ferme Ecole de Bierbais, the purpose of which was to train Belgian orphans as farmers. Other cases abound, each writing its paragraph in the new chapter.

The modern medal, always a memento, came into existence first in Italy in the fourteenth century. The ancients told their stories in low relief on metallic disks, but these disks circulated as money. The pagan talisman and the little Christian medals of devotion were the nearest approach to the modern idea. For many centuries medals have been struck to commemorate important events. Their use for war decorations is more recent.

Though the Chinese are said to have used military medals in the first century of the Christian era, medals in the West date only from the sixteenth century. Other usages developed. They were issued no longer only in honor of kings, rulers, heroes, military and naval events, but scientific, artistic and literary movement, too, came within their range. The World added considerably to the art of medals.

Americans are familiar enough with medals, too, as rewards for life-saving, athletic feats and noteworthy achievements and services of many kinds. They know them as the commemorators of outstanding events—the opening of great exhibitions, the holding of great conventions or the reception of distinguished visitors. Occasionally medals are found as portraits: each President, from Washington down, has been struck off by the United States Mint.

AN ARGUMENT FOR MEDALS

Their use in raising educational funds is peculiar to Europe. People abroad regard medals highly, so it is but the natural thing for a Frenchman or a Belgian to invest in a medal or two. Shops for their sale are almost as common as picture stores in this country. Americans generally accept medals more or less casually, put them away in drawers and forget them after a brief display. Foreigners collect them as personal treasures. The only medal collectors in America are the numismatists.

"Medals," said a leading American enthusiast "are a form of art, and here is a piece I can afford. I am able to own a bit of the work of the best masters." He fondled a bas-relief from the hand of Augustus St. Gaudens. "What is more, I don't have to rent a room to keep it in. Even if I am reduced to a hall bedroom. I can carry my art objects with me."

The Covered Wagon
Over One Year In One Theatre

"SCARAMOUCHE"
Is a masterful screen production, better than anything you have seen before.

DAWALU YEAST BUILDS HEALTH NATURALLY
THE ASIATIC YEAST WORKS
18 Canton Road C. 8358

College Football Starts Here Today

Shanghai College is starting football in earnest today. The 'Varsity Eleven will meet the German Football Club this afternoon on her home ground, and a good game is expected.

Shanghai College has been practising for a number of weeks already, and Mr. Kelhofer, the football coach, is quite confident of his team's doing something unexpected this year.

Hanbury School Has Track Meet

The Thomas Hanbury School will hold its autumn track and field meet this afternoon at Hongkew Park, beginning from two o'clock. Heats were run off last Monday.

Several school records are expected to be broken this afternoon.

Call West 189
Ford Hire Service

Once in a Generation We Get
An Inspired Leader Like Washington,
An Inventive Genius Like Edison,
A Golden Singer Like Caruso,
A Peerless General Like Napoleon,
AND A REALLY GREAT SCREEN PRODUCTION LIKE "Scaramouche"

The best cover you can put on your car is an XS Policy
C. E. SPARKE Insurance Office { 44 Kiangse Road
Agents:—Excess Insurance Co. Ltd.
Assets exceed $2,000,000.

Mumm Cafe
TO-NIGHT
SATURDAY, OCT. 18th, 1924
MONSTER MASQUERADE
(our first this season)
Mumm's Masquerades are an easy winner over a large field;
Look at the Attractions!
Classical Costumes!
Musical Mischief Makers!
Sensational Singers!
Pretty Partners!
Clever Conjurers!
Demon Dancers!
A programme unequalled in the Orient.
Admission Free
MUMM CAFE
JMA

Details Of The China Press Screen Beauty Contest

1. The Contest is open to Chinese men and women only.
2. The object of the contest is to obtain screen types for local motion picture productions.
3. Photographs may be any size but those showing only head and shoulders are preferred.
4. The accompanying coupon must be completely filled out and pasted on the back of every photograph submitted.
5. The coupon may be filled out in Chinese or English.
6. All communications should be addressed to the Editor, Screen Beauty Contest, CHINA PRESS.
7. The prizes to be awarded are:

1st prize—To the man and woman judged the best screen types, a Six Months' Graduation Course in the American Oriental School of Acting.

2nd prize—To the man and woman judged the next best screen types a Five Weeks' Major Course in the American Oriental School of Acting.

3rd prize—To the man and woman judged the next best screen types, a Five Weeks' Minor Course in the American Oriental School of Acting.

8. The wining photographs will be displayed in the Pictorial Section of the Sunday edition of THE CHINA PRESS each week.

ENTRANCE COUPON

The Editor,
Screen Beauty Contest,
China Press.

Please enter my photograph in THE CHINA PRESS Screen Beauty Contest

Name .....

Address .....

Age .....

Height .....

Weight .....

CHINESE TRANSLATION

姓名 住址 年歲 身高 身重

主筆先生大鑒 請將余之照片 加入銀幕號 賽選 爲荷

POLITICS MOVING PEOPLE'S HEARTS SAYS MacDONALD

British Premier Continues His Election Campaign

(Reuter's Service)

London, Oct. 16.—Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, continuing his tour, today motored from Manchester through the Potteries en route to Birmingham.

Speaking at Congleton, the Prime Minister said that everywhere it was evident that politics were beginning to move the hearts of the people. He declared that the uniting of the Liberals and the Tories was a great tribute to Labor.

At Macclesfield women presented Mr. MacDonald with a silk muffler and a box of handkerchiefs for Miss Ishbel MacDonald.

The enthusiasm demonstrated throughout the Prime Minister's tour was especially marked at Hanwell, where Mr. MacDonald described the Campbell case as a fake to mislead fools.

(Reuter's Service)

London, Oct. 16.—The Council of the Trade Union Congress has voted £1,000 to the Labor Party election publicity fund, and appeals to Trade Unions to make special grants to the Labor Party's fighting fund.

(Reuter's Service)

London, Oct. 16.—The Chief Liberal Whip in an interview today stated that the Party would have at least 350 candidates.

In the last election the Liberal candidates numbered 454.

(Reuter's Service)

London, Oct. 16.—In contrast to the difficulty of hearing Mr. MacDonald's speech broadcast from Glasgow City Hall on Monday, hundreds of thusands of listeners throughout the country tonight heard very clearly a quiet election talk which Mr. Baldwin addressed directly to the mircrophone at the London broadcasting headquarters, where the acoustics have been perfected.

Mr. Baldwin appealed for national unity instead of class hatred. He said that the Conservatives made no wild promises or alluring claims. They were not patent medicine vendors. The country needed a Government with a sufficient majority to avoid annual elections.

(Reuter's Service)

London, Oct. 17.—The General Council of the Trade Union Congress in an election manifesto exhorts trade unionists to set aside sectionalism in the great fight for Labor supremacy. "The election must be regarded by you as constitutional rebellion, and the attempt to crush Labor to a state of helplessness must be resisted".

U.S. Cannot Attach Vessel When Her Owner Is Innocent

So Rules Federal Court In Deciding Liquor Traffic Case

(Reuter's American Service)

New York, Oct. 16.—The Federal Court has decided that a steamship cannot be attached by the Government when members of the crew smuggle liquor or narcotics into the United States without the knowledge of the owner of the vessel. The judgment is the sequel of the case of the British vessel Orduna.

The Court expressed the opinion that a ship must be "in the possession of guilty persons" with the consent of the owner to be subject to forfeiture.

The Covered Wagon

Over One Year In One

Theatre

BANDITS ATTACK LUNGHAI TRAIN; HOLD PASSENGERS

Gang Carries Away Many From Coaches 25 Li East Of Kueiteh, Honan

(Eastern News Agency)

Tientsin, Oct. 16.—It is reported that on the 12th instant, a gang of bandits attacked a train at a point on the Lunghai line some 25 li to the east of Kueiteh, Honan, carrying off many Chinese passengers as hostages.

Many Governments Of Europe Seeking Loans From America

(Reuter's American Service)

New York, Oct. 16.—The New York Times states that nearly all New York banks doing international business have received requests for loans from European Governments and railway, hydroelectric and other industries. The journal adds that if only a portion of the loans were granted the American investment market would be called to place over a billion dollars' worth of bonds in a few months.

OLYMPIC THEATRE

A. CARPI

Presents

For a short season only

The Italian Grand Opera Co.

The biggest combination of STARS ever played in The East.

Full Orchestra, Chorus and Ballet.

Tonight, Oct. 18th
"MANON"

SUN., Oct. 19th Matinee
"BARBER OF SEVILLE"

SUN., Oct. 19th Evening
"CARMEN"

MON., Oct. 20th
"LUCIA di LAMMERMOOR"

TUES., Oct. 21st
"MIGNON"

WED., Oct. 22nd
"FORCE OF DESTINY"

THURS., Oct., 23rd
"La FAVORITA"

FRI., Oct 24th
"OTELLO"

Admission; $4, $3, $2 and $1.

THREE ARMED ROBBERIES ARE REPORTED HERE

Gunmen Work In Woosung, North Shansi And Jessfield Roads

Three armed robberies took place early Thursday evening. The first was at an exchange shop at 207 Woosung Road, where four men, three armed with pistols, threatened the occupants, stole $300, and made their escape. This was about 5.15 p.m.

About half an hour later, at a Chinese rice shop at 1338 North Shansi Road, five men, three carrying pistols, went into the place. Two stood guard at the door while the other three went behind the counter, menacing people in the shop, and stole the sum of $460 in notes and silver.

At about seven o'clock four men armed with pistols entered a candy shop at 594 Jessfield Road, held up the people inside, and got away with $5. Probably in disgust, they fired two shots upon leaving, but no one was injured. A Chinese constable nearby knew nothing of the affair until he heard the shots. He came up, but the robbers escaped through the fields.

"SCARAMOUCHE"

is a masterful screen production, better than anything you have seen before.

Tongshan Coal

$14.00 cash with order

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EVERY NIGHT 9.15 CARLTON THEATRE PHONE WEST 3641

Only 2 More Days Sat. & Sun. Daily Mat's 3 P.M.

AMAZING AND SENSATIONAL PICTURIZATION OF LONGFELLOW'S CHERISHED ROMANCE

History and literature have handed down no greater or more famous love story than that written by Henry Wadsworth Longfellow in his immortal poem, "The Courtship of Myles Standish." Brought to the screen, it presents Charles Ray in his greatest role. He displays rare skill, true genius and personality in the characterisation of the dashing young Pilgrim adventurer, John Alden, who faces a thousand deaths courageously, but can't speak his love for the beautiful maiden, Priscilla Mullins.

Charles Ray in "The Courtship of Myles Standish"

B. A. T. TOPICS: Tientsin-Peking Aeroplane Service, Kalgan shipping griffins for Shanghai Races, etc., etc.

Starting Monday Matinee 3 p.m.

ANOTHER BIG SPECIAL SUPER-COMEDY SENSATION

Through The Keyhole:—

What's behind it? Love? Mystery? Adventure? And what should a young football hero, very much in love with a beautiful show girl be doing in a bellhop's uniform?

Well a young man in Love is liable to do most anything! —so he made it Hotel Topsy-Turvy, 1000 Rooms and 1000 Laughs!!

THOMAS H. INCE

GAIETY THEATRE

Presents

Today and Sunday October 19th

TWO SHOWS DAILY

At 5.30 & 9.15 p.m.

The World's Greatest Little Star

BABY PEGGY

in

"CAPTAIN JANUARY"

Released in U. S. A. on July 1924, IT IS BABY PEGGY'S first great production in which the sweetest and biggest of all little stars appears supported by one of the greatest casts of players ever assembled including:

Hobart BOSWORTH, Irene RICH, Lincoln STEDMAN, Harry T. MOREY and Barbara TENNANT.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES

Coming!

The Picture Magnificent

"The Price She Paid"

STARRING

MIA MAY

FEW WAHABIS ENTER MECCA; JEDDAH QUIET

Report Of Sacking Of Palace At City Is Unconfirmed

(Reuter's Service)

London, Oct. 16.—The latest British telegrams from Jeddah state that only a few Wahabis entered Mecca. No mention is made of the alleged sacking of the Palace. Apparently the Wahabis have given some kind of assurance of good behaviour. Everything is reported to be quiet at Jeddah.

YAO WILL ATTEND PERU CENTENARY

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Oct. 11.—Following the decision reached by the Cabinet last Tuesday, a mandate was issued last night appointing Mr. Yao Chao-yu (Chinese Minister in Mexico) as Special Envoy to represent China at the Centenary celebrations in Peru.

The Cabinet meeting this morning resolved to accept the resignation of Mr. Hu Tsu-shun, who was recently sent to Europe and America to study political affairs. Mr. Chi Tsung-ying was appointed Commissioner of Foreign Affairs in Szechuan. Mr. Tung Kuang-yu, Chief of the Financial Department in Szechuan, was dismissed, and Mr. Ling Cheng-lin was appointed in his stead. Mr. Keng Tah was appointed Chief Compiler of the Law Revision Bureau.

The meeting approved the memorandum from the Ministry of Agriculure and Commerce containing regulations to govern the Trade Marks Bureau.

Su i Fu Arrives In Mukden; To Call On Gen. Chang Tso-lin

(Eastern News Agency)

Mukden, Oct. 16.—Mr. Sun Fu, son of Dr. Sun Yat-sen, arrived here at 3 p.m. today. He is expected to have an interview with Marshal Chang Tso-lin either today or tomorrow.

Once in a Generation We Get

An Inspired Leader Like
Washington,
An Inventive Genius Like
Edison,
A Golden Singer Like
Caruso,
A Peerless General Like
Napoleon,
AND A REALLY GREAT SCREEN PRODUCTION LIKE
"Scaramouche"

Day and Night

Still Working Two Shifts, Day & Night Making Sir Wm. Crookes

O.I.C.

TOWN HALL

Saturday, 25th October, Tuesday 28th and Thursday, 30th October, at 9.15 p.m.

3 GRAND CONCERTS ONLY 3

By the Famous Violinst

EFREM ZIMBALIST

At the Piano—EMIL. BAY

Booking now open at MOUTRIE'S

Prices: $5.00, $3.00, $2.00

Direction, A. STROK.

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Saturday, November 1st, 1924 at 9.15 p.m.

NORA MOON

THE DISTINGUISHED ENGLISH SOPRANO
in
OPERATIC ARIAS AND ENGLISH SONGS

A voice of great beauty and power—faultless diction—a real instinct for interpretation. Vide London press.

At the Piano—Mrs. E. A. Sykes

Plan and tickets at Messrs. S. Moutrie & Co. Ltd.

$3.00 $2.00 $1.00

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SPECIAL DINNER

EVERY NIGHT IN THE

NEW BALL ROOM

Our dinners cannot be excelled

DINNER DE LUXE TONIGHT

$3.50 Per Cover

Featuring the Finest Dance Orchestra in the Orient

OLD CROW BOURBON WHISKEY

The Connoisseur Comes to Caldbeck's

Sole Agents

Caldbeck Macgregor & Co. Ltd

4 Foochow Rd. Tel C. 7216 (4 lines) Shanghai

Bishop Of Greek Church Defines League Work As 'Bubbles' And 'Hot Air'

Albanian Prelate Declares, Efforts For Peace Are Farcical And That Five Years Have Been Wasted

Mr. Wilbur Forrest writes as follows to the New York Herald Tribune from Geneva in the early part of September:

It will be many moons before the ardent disciples of the League of Nations recover from the broadsides of Albanian verbal shrapnel hurled at them from the rostrum of the League Assembly this week by "His Reverend Humility" Father Fan Noli, Bishop of the Greek Orthodox Church and delegate representing Albania.

Father Noli rose at the occasion of the Assembly's annual testimonial meeting and told the league exactly what he thought of it. That was the first time, in all the five years of its existence, that the League Assembly, with its more than 200 delegates from fifty-odd nations in attendance, as well as hundreds of spectators—league "bugs" from all parts of the world, including many Americans—had been told exactly what the league has not done.

Henceforth Father Noli possibly will enjoy a minimum of popularity in league circles. He read the league its shortcoming in the best Harvard accent, and he could not have done any better if he had been a Republican campaign speaker declaiming on a Middle West platform.

"Reviewing the work that the League of Nations has accomplished in five years of active life," he began, "I am afraid that even the most exalted pacifist would throw up his hands in despair and exclaim, 'Oh, let us have war rather than such tedious talk about peace!'"

Those delegates and spectators who understood the clergyman's Harvard English stiffened in their seats. They had been listening until then to fulsome praise of the league from other delegates who throughout the day had been reviewing the work. Some of his audience cupped their hands behind their ears to ascertain if they were hearing aright.

Never before has any one dared thus to attack the League of Nations in the own assembly hall.

WHAT HAS PEACE GAINED?

"What have we done for peace?" the speaker inquired. President Motta of the League Assembly was seen to lean forward, anxiously. But it was too late. Father Noli was off again.

"What are we doing now?" he asked. "What has been done in the last five years lies in rest—in eternal peace—locked tightly in the dead files of the league secretariat, guarded by that amiable gentleman, the secretary-general of the League of Nations."

Sir Eric Drummond, to whom he was referring, was sitting on a raised canopied platform, above and behind the speaker. Sir Eric visibly shuddered and stiffened in his seat. It was the first time in history that his sacred secretariat was being so attacked. Turning toward the secretary general, Father Noli, with clever sarcasm, berated him for the league's refusal to loan Albania the $6,000,000 necessary to put that country on her feet financially.

The priest offered to drop his demand down to $4,000,000, and even to $2,000,000, and assuming Drummond's continued refusal, said:

"What? Do you mean to say you will not lend me even a penny? Then take my application for a loan to the dead files of the secretariat and lock it up tightly; but be sure to choke it before you bury it, because it is likely to rise from its dream."

With this introduction the Albanian prelate then launched into a discussion of peace, in which he said: "I 'guess' there is nothing worse to talk about." He explained his use of "I guess" by saying "I want you all to know that I lived for several years in Boston, a city situated somewhere in Ireland, full of O'Connors, O'Connells and Fitzgeralds, all good talkers, who, with other Irishmen from other Irish cities, do all the talking in the American electoral campaigns."

TERM "HOT AIR" IS PRAISED

Turning to the Irish delegation the speaker went on to say: "I wish our honorable colleagues of the Irish Republic had brought some of those brave orators here, to talk, talk and talk us to death about peace. No wonder the Americans translate Shakespeare's 'words, words, words' into the plain phrase, 'Hot air!'

"What is the result of these earnest and deep discussions about disarmament and arbitration treaties," inquired Albania's bishop. "These questions now have been referred to the committee, which will refer them to a subcommittee, which will report back to the committee, which will submit its conclusion to the conference, which conference will refer it back to the committee, then back to the subcommittee, and once again to the committee, which will report to the conference.

"After that the conference will pass a unanimous resolution, which will be referred to the council of the League of Nations, which in turn will refer the resolution to the next Assembly of the league, which will express a unanimous vow to Almighty God! Then, after the question has gone through this poetic cycle, with innumerable references and counter-references, it will be referred finally to the secretary general of the league, who will lock the whole business carefully in the dead files of the secretariat and keep them there with the Albanian loan application for centuries to come.

"That will mean, of course," continued the frank speaking bishop, "that the whole thing will go the way of all soap bubbles. And oh! the fine speeches that will accompany those resolutions and those vows!

"And while speaking of bubbles," went on the Albanian delegate, "I would characterize the Dawes report as the 'super soap bubble of them all.' It is a report that may make General Dawes the next Vice-President of the United States, but it will never get anywhere, because it will eventually be referred to the League of Nations."

DRUMMOND IS CHIDED

Chiding Drummond sarcastically at intervals in the speech, with remarks concerning the Albanian loan, Father Noli asked the Secretary General to "prepare a dry section of your dead files for the Dawes report, because you know General Dawes is an American, and the United States is a dry country in spite of the fact that from time to time, and quite surreptitiously, she gets wet just for the fun of it, thanks to the noble efforts of bootleggers."

Speaking again of the Albanian request for a loan, and again raising the amount by $1,000,000, Father Noli explained the money asked of the league had been intended to pave the way for realisation of peace in the Balkans, through the Balkan confederation, but added, turning to Drummond:

"What's the use of talking about it? Take it to your dead files—to your necropolis!"

Declaring that the league, after all, has some reason to exist, even if it is a Utopian dream—thereby provoking some smiles from the delegates—he insisted it should remain "as the ideal which interprets the noblest yearnings of humanity as the solemn assertion of a universal will to peace." It is because people generally are yearning for peace, he said, that statesmen and politicians are offering them from time to time arbitration bubbles, disarmament bubbles and reparation super bubbles.

"Peace does not come with treaties," said the speaker. Peace will come by teaching the children that wholesale murder is just as criminal as retail murder. Treaties are destined for the waste basket."

Never has such talk about the League of Nations been handed down from its Assembly rostrum. Perhaps never again will the Albanian Bishop be able to deliver another such broadside. The league's secretariat—the administrative section, which is housed in the great Hotel Sietkre, on Lake Leman, whose hundreds of employees draw large salaries, topped by the $50,000 a year that Sir Eric Drummond gets—probably will see that the Albanian Bishop gets his loan, or that his future speeches are curbed.

Undoubtedly the secretariat is the most sensitive organisation, with respect to criticism, in the world. Correspondents who come each year to the Geneva sessions of the league get a chance to see this if in any way their newspapers have been guilty of the heinous crime of criticising the league for inactivity or inability during the year preceding.

CRITICISM IS RESENTED

The heads of these sections, particularly those in charge of the league's great press organisation, which garners clippings from all parts of the world today, and furnishes the press with pro-league material quite as ardently as New York theatrical press agents do with material of new plays and stars, are men who resent the slightest criticism of the league in general. Their noses have been so close to the picture for the last five years that they have become their own and the league's worst enemies, but they are painfully oblivious to it all.

Bishop Noli's popularity with the league secretariat today is exactly zero. When the secretariat learns that the New York Herald Tribune correspondent has cabled to his newspaper the frank though sarcastic arraignment of the League of Nations as delivered in the League Assembly by the Albanian delegate, this correspondent's popularity will rank only a trifle below that of Bishop Noli.

Iyang Maru Captives Arrive In Hankow

(Eastern News Agency)

Hankow, Oct. 16.—Messrs. Takahashi and Miyazaki of the Iyang Maru, who since last year have been held as captives by Chinese bandits and who were recently released, arrived here safely this morning.

Note Drawn Up In Paris To Resume Russian Relations

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, Oct 16.—Le Journal reports that a note has been drawn up by the negotiating commission on the question of the resumption of relations with Russia, which gives a very brief outline of a fast system for an international regie to take up the reorganisation of Russia's foreign trade whilst assuring as far as possible the gradual liquidation of her liabilities.

The paper describes this as an application of the Dawes principles to the solution of the Russian debt problem.

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, Oct. 17.—Le Journal says that the draft of a note to be sent to Moscow, following the recommendations of the Commission on the question of the resumption of Franco-Russian relations, will contain recognition of the Soviet Government, an invitation to resume normal relations, formal recapitulation of debts to be settled, damage for which compensation is due, and a statement of the principles in connection with personal and treaty rights to be safeguarded. France will undertake wholeheartedly to co-operate in the restoration of Russia as soon as the necessary measures have been taken to revive French confidence.

The note will be communicated unofficially to certain Governments specially interested, particularly the United States, Czecho-Slovakia, and Rumania before being sent to Moscow.

Southern Forces Take Kiangsi Town

(Dah Tong News Bureau)

Kiukiang, Oct. 17.—It is understood that the Northern Expeditionary Forces under Fan Chung-hsin have occupied Nankang. Kungchow is threatened.

WHAT TO DO FOR YOUR HAEMORRHOIDS.

Any doctor will tell you that constipation aggravates Piles. When the intestines are not working freely and regularly the Piles are torn and irritated afresh every time there is activity and so they cannot heal. This pain and discomfort can be overcome by the occasional use of Pinkettes, the mild little laxatives which, acting gently and naturally, ensure daily regularity, thus giving the Piles a fair opportunity to dry up and disappear. All chemists sell Pinkettes, or post free 60 cents the vial, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 60 Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

Chengtu Confirms Assassination Report

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Chengtu, Sept. 30.—The rumor of the assassination of General Tang Chi-yao, Governor of Yunnan, has now been confirmed. Reports state that he was shot in three places by the son of Lo Fei-ching, who was Governor of Szechuan at the time of the fall of the Yuan Shih-kai regime. General Tang, though taken to the French hospital, died the next day, after appointing his brother to succeed him.

There is an unconfirmed report that Governor Yang Sen, while walking with a companion on the Chengtu West Parade Ground, was shot from a distance. General Yang escaped unhurt but his companion has killed. The Parade Ground was immediately surrounded and search made for the assassin, but without result.

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Advance Sale for November dates, Oct. 28th, at Moutrie's.

FIRE BREAKS OUT AT ASTOR HOUSE EARLY YESTERDAY

Firemen Have Perilous Task; Blaze Checked Without Serious Loss

A fire started at the Astor House a little before four o'clock yesterday morning, and did considerable damage to the kitchen and adjoining rooms before it was got under control. The fire was on the top floor, at the corner of Astor and Whangpoo Roads, and there was little damage to any of the bedrooms. None of those on the north side were affected at all. A lady stopping at the hotel was taken to hospital, but this was due to nervousness, she being ill at the time, and the only injury was to a Chinese fireman, who had a narrow escape from death when a heavy metal pulley fell on his head. His helmet bore the force of the blow, and was jammed down on his head with such force that the skin was torn leaving a nasty scalp wound, but no serious injury.

The blaze started in the kitchen, just below the roof, so the flames were soon sighted from several watch towers. Machines turned out both from Hongkew and Central fire stations, and when they arrived the tongues of flame were already shooting through the roof at the southeast corner, and apparently spreading rapidly. The hotel staff, led by Mr. Troller, were already at work, having got lines of hose to work from a hydrant in the kitchen, but the fire was gaining when the Hongkew firemen got their line up the service stairway to the kitchen, which was one mass of flames. Another line was got up the outside of the building and through the top staircase window. The smoke was suffocating, but the men pluckily kept at it, using smoke-driving nozzles. Their position was rendered still more dangerous by a portion of the burning roof falling in.

The Central firemen, however, soon put up their long ladder on the front of the building and took a line up to the top, first using the ladder as a water tower, then taking an additional line into the top floor, running a line from one of the hotel hydrants, and taking still hose another up the Broadway side of the building and across the galvanised iron roof.

In the meantime, the fire was working towards the servants' rooms on the front of the building and the stores at the back. There was no staircase from that side to the attic, and the fire seemed likely to spread right along under the roof. A jet from the fourth floor checked this somewhat, and finally a scaling ladder was hooked on and men succeeded in getting up to the end rooms on the north side, from where they fought the flames back and finally got them under control.

The men working on the roof had a task perilous in the extreme, as the corrugated iron sheets were soon greasy and slippery, furnishing a very precarious foothold. Fortunately, they were assisted by a powerful search light from Central's searchlight tender, which turned out.

There was much excitement among the hotel guests, many of whom got their belongings packed, ready to leave. There was no panic, however, and in fact the guests acted with remarkable coolness.

The fire was extinguished well before five o'clock, the loss being confined to a part of the top floor (including the kitchen) and the roof. There was some water damage to rooms adjoining and underneath the part affected by the flames.

INTENSE RIVALRY NOW PREVAILS IN ARTIFICIAL SILK

Although up to the present Britain has secured an important place in the manufacture of artificial silk, there are already signs that competition in the future will be even more intense than it has been in the past. The manufacture of artificial silk has, of course, reached a stage little beyond its infancy, and from the commercial standpoint only dates from the last twenty-five years. Yet the figures for last year showed that the world's production of artificial silk was well over 79,000,000 lb., or approximately 20,000,000 pounds greater than the world's production of real silk. Britain has, it is true, considerably increased its activities, and its leading manufacturers of the commodity are fully alive to the necessity of doing everything to keep the artificial silk industry in the forefront. The chairman of Courtaulds has stressed this point on more than one occasion, but in view of the progress which some European countries are making it appears opportune to show what direction the continental expansion of artificial silk is taking.

At the outset, it may be mentioned that the two countries taking the largest amounts of French real silk manufactures are Britain and the United States, the value of the goods sent to each of these countries during the first four months of 1924 being almost double the amount sent during the corresponding period of 1923. Yet it is now a generally recognised fact, supported by the leading authorities, that artificial silk is cheaper than the real commodity, besides being brilliant and durable. It is therefore apposite to remark that if the British artificial silk industry were more actively supported, instead of the people of Britain continuing their preference for the real silk, which is dearer and has been proved to be of no better quality, the former would enhance its position not only in the home, but in the foreign market as well. However, in addition to the extensive ramifications of the French real silk industry, its artificial silk manufacturers are enjoying comparative prosperity at the present time. In short, both have received advantages through the low exchange value of the franc.

The position as regards Italy is also interesting. Notwithstanding talk of over-production, it is a fact that the largest Italian company manufacturing artifical silk almost doubled its output for the first quarter of 1924, compared with the same period a year previous, while its sales were almost five times greater and orders on hand nearly treble. Germany, however, is not so favorably situated at the moment, owing to the monetary situation, but, on the technical side it should not be forgotten that German chemists are advancing new methods and processes which permit of their artificial silk receiving a good market.

It is consequently of moment that the British artificial silk industry should not minimise the formidable nature of its competitors. A progressive policy will repay, and we are confident (says the London Financial News) that those manufacturers of Britain who have pioneered the artificial silk movement will not fail. Successful expansion means much for the commercial prosperity of these islands, for the future of the industry has great possibilities.

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FOR Rent. Nice offices in building at the corner of Nanking and Szechuen Roads. Apply Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road, Central 8222. T. F. 360

TO LET, office rooms, ground floor, Kiukiang Road. Apply to Box 1551, THE CHINA PRESS. T. F. 103

FOR Rent, ground floor offices on Jinkee Road, 1500 square feet, steam heated, with spacious concrete vault. Also large single office. Also suite of one, two or three offices, steam heated. Apply Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road. Central 8222. T F 322

OFFICES to let. On the 2nd and 3rd floors of No. 7 The Bund. Apply to The Commercial Bank of China. T F 135

GROUND Floor Space, Kiukiang Road, suitable for large Bank, available shortly in part or whole. Apply to Box No. 1008, THE CHINA PRESS. 10013 M 31

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BRUNSWICK cabinet phonograph and records No. 3A autographic Kodak camera with double anastigmat F-6, 3 lens, all in excellent condition. Bargain. 159 Avenue du Roi Albert. Apply from 12 a.m. to 2 p.m. and 6-8 p.m. 70931 O 19

FOR Sale: One brand new double barrel 16 bore automatic hammerless sporting gun in first class condition, by Anson Deeley, with leather case and cartridge belt holding capacity 30 cartridges, complete with hunting bag, also with 400 cartridges and cleaning utensils. Price mex. $300:00, also one carbine, 3'x 4" barrel length, 1919 model with 300, 5 6 m.m. or 22 Winchester rounds, also all cleaning utensils—price $75:00. Inspection any time at 7 Kweiming Road. 70921 O 19

FOR Sale, new sporting gun with telescope, only for heavy game with nearly 500 cartridges. Apply to Box No. 1639, THE CHINA PRESS. 70930 O 21

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PIANO tuner and repair, W. Rumberg, offers his service. Tuning fee $6. 450D Avenue Joffre, phone West 4556. 70362 O 18

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TO LET, Shop, 17 Nanking Road Entrance. Rent Tls. 200.00. Apply to Box 1555, THE CHINA PRESS. T. F. 104

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EXPERIENCED and competent Chinese steographer desires position. Whole or half day. Knows general office routine. Apply to Box 695, THE CHINA PRESS. 70944

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Outdoor Sports By Tad

KMON BUA - THIS IS SOFT - THIS JOBBIE COULDN'T GUESS THE WEIGHT OF A POUND OF BUTTER
HOT PUPS - 10¢
AND IF I DONT GUESS WITHIN 3 POUNDS OF YOUR WEIGHT YOU DONT HAVE TO PAY - NOW - I'LL SAY THAT THIS LITTLE LADY WEIGHS — 106 POUNDS YES 106 POUNDS
HE'S GONNA STARVE TO DEATH THIS SUMMER - HE'LL NEVER GUESS ME
IF HE'S A GOOD GUESSER I'M THE DEMOCRATIC DARK HOSS
KIN YA IMAGINE 106 LBS - HE'S NO BARGAIN
WELL - I'M GONNA GET A FREE WEIGH
THE DECOY
GEE HE AINT GUESSED HER WEIGHT RIGHT YET AND THIS IS THE 25TH TIME HE TRIED TONIGHT
OUTDOOR SPORTS
WATCHING A POOR GUY AT CONEY ISLAND WHO IS TRYING TO MAKE A LIVING WHILE THE SLICKERS FROM OUT OF TOWN GAZE ON.
TAD

NESTLÉ'S SWISS MILK CHOCOLATE

大陸報 The China Press 大陸報

LACTOGEN FOR The NATURAL-MILK Food YOUR BABY

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1924.

Business and Official Notices

Municipal Notification

No. 3301

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

Allotment of Debentures

February 5, 1925.

Notice is hereby given that the debentures to be allotted on February 5, 1925, covering the depositing periods November, December 1924 and January 1925, will be in respect of the 6 percent. Loan of 1924 at an issue price of Tls. 97½ per cent.

By Order,
E. S. B. ROWE,
Acting Secretary.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 14, 1924.

70900

A room, furnished beautifully with no taxes, light and water bills at Tls. 40 to 55, Board at $50 from modern dining room.

for

Cosy and Comfortable Rooms

Central Building
18 Nanking Rd.

Notice

We beg to announce that as Mr. Harold C. Norman, our Business Manager, Circulation Manager and Advertising Director, who has been connected with us for the past thirteen years, desires for personal reasons to return to England and reside there permanently, we have made arrangements to meet his wishes.

Mr. Norman will sail for London on November 7th.

THE CHINA PRESS, INC.,
Stirling Fessenden
Chairman of Directors.

Shanghai: 16th October, 1924.

70917

The Java Sea & Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.

Head Office: Batavia
Est. 1861

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C. 70 Gen. Office

TWELFTH

Open Autumn Lawn Tennis Tournament

To be held at the
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NOVEMBER 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8 & 9, 1924

HARD COURT EVENTS
Gentlemen's Singles & Doubles Championship
Ladies' Singles & Doubles Championship
Mixed Doubles Championship

GRASS COURT EVENTS
Handicap Gentlemen's Singles & Doubles
Handicap Ladies' Singles & Doubles
Mixed Doubles American Tournament

PLAY COMMENCES AT 2 p.m. EACH DAY.
THE TOURNAMENT IS OPEN TO ALL COMERS.

COMMITTEE
J. Donne, President
J. Elmore — T. B. Tilley
A. G. Meise — E. P. Oliver
W. G. R. Murphy — A. L. Sullivan, Hon. Sec & Treas.

ENTRIES CLOSE NOON WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 22nd 1924.

Entry forms can be obtained at the CERCLE SPORTIF FRANCAIS or from the Hon. Sec. & Treasurer:

THE PHOENIX ASSURANCE Co., Ltd.
15 Peking Road

70925 O 18

Lost

Two Native Orders, Nos. 3601 and 3603, for Taels 500, and Taels 300, respectively, both due 20th day, 9th moon, issued by the Teh Zung Bank (德順莊) have been lost.

The aforesaid Orders have been nullified at the said Bank and we hereby warn the public not to negotiate or cash the same.

A similar notice also appears in the Sin Wan Pao and Shun Pao.

Shing Lee Kee (興利記啓)

The Covered Wagon

Over One Year In One Theatre

Notice

THE KIANGWAN DOCK & ENGINEERING WORKS

On the 24th Sept. General Ho Feng-lin illegally seized the above Dock, the property of the Central Government and closed the gates against the whole of the Foreign and Chinese staff. All work at the Dock has thus ceased.

Since that date large quantities of Plant & Materials have been removed by the parties now in Control, who are even attempting to find purchasers for two of the steamers now under construction there.

The public are hereby warned against negotiating for the purchase of the said steamens, plant, and materials, and are notified that we the de jure Administration decline to recognise any liabilities incurred since the said 24th Sept. by those who have usurped the control of the Dock.

K. N. LEW—Director
K. W. KWONG—Director
R. B. MAUCHAN.
Superintendent Engineer.

DATED 12th OCT. 1924.

T F 369

NOTICE

EX Gunnery Sergeant United States Marine Corps, 35, needs a position badly, have excellent references for the last 15 years and would appreciate a self respecting position, why not give me an opportunity? No objection to learn a good business, not afraid to work, willing to do anything. Apply to Box No. 691, THE CHINA PRESS.

70897 O 19

Shanghai Race Club

5th EXTRA RACE MEETING, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1924.

THERE WILL BE
A HURDLE RACE (First Race)
A STEEPLECHASE
3 HANDICAPS
and
3 OTHER RACES
THE RACES WILL COMMENCE PUNCTUALLY AT 1.30 p.m.

Tickets of Admission to Guests' Enclosure may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

Price ..... $5.-each.

(NOTE.—No Guest's Tickets will be issued unless the name of the Guest is first declared).

The Public Entrance to the Unreserved part of the Enclosure is No. 14 Mohawk Road, where the Public may purchase Entrance Badges.

Price ..... $1.-each.

ALL BADGES AND TICKETS MUST BE WORN VISIBLY.
ADMISSION WILL BE REFUSED TO THOSE UNDER 17 YEARS OF AGE.

Tiffins, Teas and Refreshments will be obtainable at the Course after 12.15 p.m.

For Members and Guests....in the Guests' Tiffin Room.

For the Public.....in the Public Refreshment Rooms.

PUBLIC RECREATION GROUND within
THE SHANGHAI RACE COURSE

The Race Club's Entrance to the Public Recreation Ground will be closed from 1 p.m. until after the Race.

The Loong-lei (East) Entrance Gates will NOT BE CLOSED except only when Ponies in a Race pass that Entrance.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

70879 O 18

Our
Coal Department
is prepared to serve you.
Compare these prices

Best Hongay (Anthracite) Hard Coal	$27.00
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Best House Coal No. 2 (Japan Soft)	20.00
Best House Coal No. 3 (Japan Soft)	18.00
Best Kitchen Coal No. 1 (Nuts)	20.00
Best Kitchen Coal No. 2 (Nuts)	17.00
Best Kitchen Coal No. 3 (Nuts)	16.00
Best Japan Dust Coal	13.00
Best Japan Lump Coal	17.00
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Firewood for 50 large Bundles	1.00
Tongshan Special Coal Cash with order	14.00

Cash with order

Special Rates Quoted for Large Quantities and for Bunker Coal

Drawing for Free Coal will be held at our Offices on the 15th of every Month.

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May we demonstrate without obligation to you?

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He knows that the remarkable development of business is constantly presenting new opportunities.

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He will phone or he will write

The Job Printing Department
The China Press
Phone C. 1431

Municipal Orchestra

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THIRD SYMPHONY CONCERT

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 19, at 9.15 p.m.

PROGRAMME INCLUDES:—

Mozart's CONCERTO for Bassoon with Accompaniment of Strings, 2 Oboes and 2 Horns.

Beethoven's Overture "Leonora No. 3"

Rapsodie "Espana" Chabrier

ADMISSION $0.50. GALLERY—FREE

(For full programme see news columns).

70924 O 18

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10% TO 30% DISCOUNT

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Apply to

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and

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1889-91 Bubbling Well Road Tel. W. 2148

70612

Rich China Co.
18, Broadway, Shanghai, China.
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Import and Export Commission Agents and Dealers in Shawls.
(Wholesale & Retail.)
The public of Shanghai is cordially invited to inspect our goods which will be on sale at the most reasonable prices in the market.
Agents for Swatow Drawn Work Co., Swatow and Hongkong.

39212 A 12

Cheong Fook Sing
Japanese and Chinese Servants. When you are in need ring up N. 2813 or write us and we guarantee to all. 6 Japanese amahs at hand.
HONGKEW EMPLOYMENT BUREAU
789 Woosung Road.
K. Masumi, Manager.

70938 O 19

Notice

Kiangnan Dock & Engineering Works

GENERAL HO FENG LIN and those who illegally seized the Dock having left Shanghai the former Administration represented by the undersigned have resumed control.

The Staff and workmen will recommence their duties to-day and work will proceed as usual.

DATED 17th October, 1924.

K. N. LEW — Director
K. W. KWONG — Director
R. B. MAUCHAN — Superintending Engineer

70918 O 23

Offices To Let
IN THE
Glen Line Building
Corner of Peking Road and The Bund
For particulars apply to
Messrs. ALGAR & Co., Ltd.
11 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

64204

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the China Rubber Tyre Co., Ltd., have acquired the plant and stock of the tyre department of The Central Garage Company and that business will be conducted by the China Rubber Tyre Co., Ltd., at the premises formerly occupied by the said tyre department.

E. F. HARDMAN
Special Manager
The Central Garage Company,
Shanghai, 17th October, 1924.

70939 O 19

Business and Official Notices

Towels and Bath Sheets for Sale
Of best qualities in all Sizes, always in stock. Wholesale prices are moderate.
The Tuck Chong Weaving Factory,
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70375 O 18

Notice to Gentlemen
We have opened a modern, up-to-date Barber shop. Our barbers are Europeans who are experts in their trade.
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T. F. 365

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The China Press.

T. F. 106

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67250 M 20

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34 Nanking Road. Tel. C. 7092
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70070 A 30

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For the Hot Weather. Nourishing and Appetising. Ice Cream and cold drinks, in nice cool surroundings at Neils' Scotch Bakery, 8 Nanking Road.

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No other Medicated Throat Pastille has such a hold upon the public. At the first sign of soreness or irritation relieve your throat with a "No. 71." Keep a box in the house. Your Chemist stocks "Allenburys" No. 71.

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43 Nanking Road, Next door to the American Drug Co.)
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Sundays: 1 p.m. to 5 p.m.
Phone C. 2127

PUBLIC NOTICE

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"TOLL OF THE SEA"	"THREE AGES"
"LONG LIVE THE KING"	"OUR HOSPITALITY"
"SCARAMOUCHE"	"SHERLOCK JR."
"BOY OF FLANDERS"	"THE ARAB"
"LITTLE ROBINSON CRUSOE"	"WHITE SISTER"
"SHERLOCK HOLMES"	"THE CHRISTIAN"
"SOULS FOR SALE"	"GREAT WHITE WAY"

MATZENE
Last engagement in Shanghai. Photographs taken before October 15th will be finished in time to send home for Christmas.
Shanghai engagement will close October 28th
Studio 31 North Szechuen Road
Mission Photo Bureau Building, Phone N 599

The Management of
The Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels, Ltd.
takes pleasure in announcing
the opening of the
MAJESTIC HOTEL
on Saturday Evening,
1st NOVEMBER, 1924
at 8 p.m.

The Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels, Ltd.
MAJESTIC HOTEL
BALL ROOM
Opening Saturday 1st November, 1924, at 8 p.m.
The Management is reluctantly compelled to discontinue all further bookings for the Dinner Dansant to be held on the openiny night as the number of bookings already made precludes them from accepting further reservations.
Telephone North 200

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DAWALU YEAST BUILDS HEALTH NATURALLY
THE ASIATIC YEAST WORKS
16 Canton Road

Commercial News

Accumulated Gold May Sink To Value Of Old Iron In United States

Grave Result Is Predicted, If Europe Refuses Or Is Unable To Resume Effective Gold Standards

In the following article, contributed to a London trade paper, Mr. Wm. A. Shaw, Litt. D. author of "The History of Currency," deals with the effect of the accumulation of gold on American finance and industry, and points to the cold fact that, if for the next twenty-five years Europe should refuse, or be unable, to resume effective gold standards, then all the accumulated gold held by the Federal Reserve system may sink to the value of old iron.

When the great 1919-20 boom broke there was a cry of anger in the U. S. A. against the Federal Reserve Bank system and against the policy of the Federal Reserve Board. From the practical side it was attacked by J. Skelton Williams, the Controller of the Currency, who gave chapter and verse for his charge that the system accumulated funds unhealthily at the various Stock Exchange gambling centers or plague spots. From the theoretical side it was quite as strongly, though not so sensationally, attacked by Mr. A. S. Hepburn and Dr. Benjamin N. Anderson, the economist of the Chase National Bank of New York. Their charge against the system was that it encouraged over-lending and over-trading by keeping its rediscount rate below the market rate, instead of above it, as the Bank of England always does.

The first-named vice is inherent not merely in the Federal Reserve system but in every centralised banking system, and the modern world has yet to evolve a remedy for it. But the second vice was easily remediable. The Federal Reserve Board tacitly admitted the bulk of the charge by radically altering its policy. But in doing so the Board was not content simply to copy the iron-bound practice of the Bank of England. It thought out a policy of its own on far broader lines, and after putting that policy to the test of actual practice for a twelvemonth it gave out to the world an amazingly frank statement. Its tenth annual report, published February last, contained a clear exposition of that policy, a closely reasoned defense of it, and an impartial examination of its actual working during the year 1923. If ever the Bank of England should issue such a statement the stars will sing together in their courses, and all the sons of men will rejoice. In very briefest words the principle enunciated was that the directorate of the central banking institution should so administer the credit fund of the community as to nip off incipient booms by tightening up its rates and similarly so as to nip off incipient slumps by easing off its rates, the whole regulative action being automatically attuned to the speed of credit movement as the action of governor balls is to the speed of an engine.

CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

Since this publication the United States have experienced an incipient boom in February-March last, which easily yielded to such regulative action, and it is now experiencing an incipient slump, which, without doubt, will yield to the same regulative action and disappear.

But in the meantime there are cries of discontent and criticism, and Dr. Anderson has returned to the attack on the Federal Reserve Board. He has just issued in the series of economic bulletins published by the Chase National Bank a tractate entitled "Cheap Money, Gold and Federal Reserve Bank Policy."

Anything which comes from Dr. Anderson's pen is worthy of closest study and this study is eminently so—close packed, epigrammatic, scintillating. But the tractate is curiously bifurcated. On the part of it which deals with money market rates there appears a striking similarity to the controversial issues which have been debated in London during the last two months. Since the end of the June half-year the market rate in London has been raised by concerted action rather than by official action. Dr. Anderson advocates the same policy for the U. S. A.—to wit, that when money market rates or credit rates are low the Federal Reserve Banks should sell their investments, and thereby take funds off the market, just as in similar circumstances the Bank of England takes, or may take, funds off the market by borrowing or by other means; all this being done without any official raising of the Bank rate or discount rate.

It is this policy which is being at the present moment hotly challenged in London, and there can be little doubt that Dr. Anderson's conclusion will be as hotly contested in New York, and for exactly the same reason—viz., that when money rates or credit rates are low they should be left to perform their due stimulative work in revivifying the economic body. In other words, the slack of the credit rope should be taken in not by the arbitrary action for authority, but by the gradual reviving of industry. In the long run the weight of public opinion, both in London and in New York, is bound to swing heavily in favour of this principle of automatic regulative action, and it will increasingly condemn any arbitrary interference with such action.

AN OUTSTANDING FACT

The process of reasoning by which Dr. Anderson arrives at such a highly controversial and questionable conclusion is very curious, and, to us in England very significant. It is in order to avert the evils of the excessive inflow of gold into the States that he calls upon the Federal Reserve Banks to reduce their earning assets, to sell their investments, and thereby to take money off the market and prevent the demoralisation of the New York Money Market rate. "Pending the restoration of the gold standard in the more important countries of Europe," it will, in his opinion, be necessary during the next two or three years for the Federal Reserve system to offset the evil influences of inflowing gold by reversing the Board's open-market policy. The American Money Market would thereby, he avers, be kept up, and the States would thereby escape the "real" and "grave" dangers of cheap money.

But, after all, when we come to examine these evils so luridly painted, they shrink to a very little measure. We can find nothing more tangible than that they consist in the possibility of a big speculative flare up. It is evident, therefore, that there is something here which is only partially expressed or indicated, and that the whole course of the argument up to this point is merely preparatory.

It is only on turning to quite a different side of the subject that a solution presents itself as to the mentality not only of this tractate, but of the bulk of economic literature in the U. S. A. at the present moment on the vexed problem of European reconstruction. America's interest in the reconstruction of Europe is not altruistic. There is one cold outstanding fact staring the United States in the face. The breakdown of Europe has led to the transfer of over $4,000,000,000 of gold to America, in some form or other in payment for value received. As an asset, what is the value of the gold today and what is likely to be its value tomorrow? If for the next twenty-five years Europe should refuse, or be unable, to resume effective gold standards and currencies, then all the accumulated gold held by the Federal Reserve system may sink to the value of old iron. It is this fear which is haunting the mind of the American financier. English publicists overlook the point and focus their attention on the unhealthy, stimulative power of such an accumulation of gold on American finance and industry. But the fear of this does not trouble Dr. Anderson at all. He tears to pieces the reasoning of writers such as J. M. Keynes.

"Our British friends are entirely mistaken in supposing that our Federal Reserve authorities by their financial policy have interfered with what would otherwise have been the inevitable consequece of the inflow of gold. The reasoning on which their original expectations were based needs re-examination, and the mechanical quantity theory of money especially may be commended to them for re-examination.

A DUBIOUS ASSET

No. America has no time for the pontifical nonsense of the quantity theory. She is interested in European reconstruction just to the extent to which such reconstruction will make it possible for her to return gold to Europe and thereby maintain the value of the whole hoard of metal as potential currency. She is therefore prepared to view sympathetically as a spectator any privations to which Europe may be put, in order to purchase back this superfluous and highly dubious asset, the mere metal.

"Sterling stands at only about a 10 percent. discount. It would be possible for Britain to resume gold payments immediately if she were willing to pay the price. Commodity prices in England would fall possibly 10 percent, as a consequence of this. It would be necessary for her to have very steeper discount rates than she now has. She could mitigate the rigour of this by announcing forthwith that one year hence she would resume gold payments and free export of gold. The tightening-up process in Great Britain would involve some losses, some sacrifices, probably some bankruptcies. But the present deviation from par is not very great, and the [illegible] manageable with courage which Britain has never lacked. There is, moreover, evidence in current British discussion that if German comes fortwith on the gold or gold exchange standard, then the British will be forced both by pride and by interest to do the same thing very speedily."

This is refreshing enough, but there is more still.

"The countries of Europe need not fear that paying gold will lead to a further loss of gold."

"In connection with this Europe may assume the readiness of the bankers of the United States to co-operate in protecting a well-intentioned and well-managed country from raids on its gold by providing the necessary temporary credits to punish severely any speculators who attempt such raids. Europe may assume, too, that the bankers of the United States can and will float in this country specific gold loans to improve the reserve positions of banks of issue in Europe in those countries which are otherwise ready to resume gold payment."

PAPER CURRENCY

If we are amazed at the coolness with which "losses, sacrifices and bankrupticies" are apportioned to us we must remember that we have only ourselves to thank for the low estimate which Dr. Anderson puts upon our intelligence. We have funded our debt to the United States without obtaining any covering bond from our own European debtors. We have agreed to the American plan for rehabilitating Germany, whose industries are more than prospering, while our own are in distress. After such a record it is small wonder if America should quite expect us to incur "losses, sacrifices and bankrupticies" in order to enable her to put off a pile of unwanted gold upon us. It is pity that English writers on finance do not cultivate the frankness of utterance which characterises American publications on these subjects.

But these are polemical issues, and should not deter us from the theoretical issue with which Dr. Anderson confronts us. Is it to the interest of the world at large today to strive for the reintroduction of an effective gold standard? On the whole, I think it is, for the simple reason that, with one exception, modern States, whether democratic or not, have not sufficient self control or conscience to be entrusted with the issue of paper currency. They succumb to the temptation of over-issue as easily as the absolutist monarch of mediaeval Europe succumbed to the temptation of debasing the currency.

For such States nothing but the compelling virtue of a world-valued and world-accepted currency (as gold is) can be relied upon to correct and avert such an evil.

But to this conclusion there is one exception. We in England have solved the problem of issuing paper currency on an automatic principle. We have thereby ruled out the possibility of manipulation at the hands of the politician. The British Treasury note is not capable of or susceptible of over-issue. It is self-regulating, completely elastic, capable of bearing any strain which our industry and commerce may put upon it, and it is neutral in its effect on prices.

For her own ends America calls upon us, through the mouthpiece of her economists, to sacrifice this perfect system. But what would her own reply be to such an invitation if the positions were reversed; if she stood in our shoes and we in hers? For myself I would propose to be severely impartial; to stand by and to leave to America the work of reestablishing gold currencies in Europe. It is time we devoted ourselves to our own problems at home.

Modern Finance Making Rapid Headway In China

The evolution of modern finance in China ought to be regarded as favorable from the point of view of British and other foreign institutions interested in the country, says the London Financial News, from which this article is reprinted, for although some of the native banks may become serious competitors, the volume of banking business will increase to a sufficient extent to enable both native and foreign companies to benefit.

In spite of the political and economic troubles from which China is suffering, modern finance is making rapid headway in the country. Not very long since, native banking, in the modern sense of the term, was practically non-existent, while the so-called banks were hardly more than moneylenders and money exchanging bureaus. Banking activity proper was carried on by big British, American, Japanese, Russian, French, and German firms, and it was impossible to imagine any financial transaction of at least medium size without their cooperation. The local money markets were entirely in the hands of the foreign institutions.

Although even at present the importance of native banks is relatively small as compared with that of the foreign banks, it is, nevertheless, impossible to overlook the progress attained during the last decade or so. In the large commercial centres there are several of the former, which are in a position to carry on financial transactions, mostly of local character. They issue bank notes, and play an active part in the placing of internal Government loans of moderate amount.

CAUSES OF DEVELOPMENT

One of the main causes of this evolution is the change in the political regime. The establishment of the Republic has brought about a strong trend towards the adoption of European civilisation, and, what is more important, it has provided the shock required for the awakening of Chinese character from its traditional indifference. Moreover, the failure of the Banque Industrielle de Chine created a certain extent of distrust towards foreign banks, and Nationalist propaganda did not fail to take advantage of it. The artificially fostered hatred against foreign banks has also largely contributed to the development of native banking, which is regarded as a national task.

The accumulation of fortunes in the hands of a small number of people provided the capital required for the establishment of a native system. Several small firms amalgamated, and commercial houses undertook banking business. Though it may appear strange, it is none the less a fact that the political troubles acted as a powerful stimulus to the process. Owing to the chaotic conditions, it would be impossible for the Chinese Government or for the local despots who actually rule China to obtain any loans from Europe, America, or Japan. Yet current revenue is not sufficient to cover requirements. Consequently, the issue of local loans with the aid of native banks had to be attempted, and at the same time, the latter were authorised to issue notes.

RISE IN BOND PRICES

Dealing in these internal issues has been introduced in Pekin, and the importance of the internal bond market is on the increase. During the last few months the Pekin quotations of these bonds, especially of the Currency Reorganisation Loan and the 6 percent. Consolidated Loan, have undergone a steady increase, rising from below 50 percent to about 90 percent of their nominal value. An article appearing in the "Chinese Economic Bulletin" (published by the Chinese Government Bureau of Economic Information, Pekin), enumerates the reasons which lead to this improvement. "Although the increased Customs receipts, which give additional assurance of the payment of interest and capital of these loans," states the article, "are to a large extent responsible for the rapid rise, there are a number of other reasons contributing to this phenomenal appreciation, which are as follow:—

RESERVES AND DEPOSITS

"(1) The life insurance business has been making rapid strides in China during recent years. As a result of general depression along industrial lines, the insurance companies look more and more to Government bonds as a reasonably safe investment yielding higher interest than the banking rates. The amount from this source put into the bond market must be very considerable, although no exact data can be obtained.

"(2) Many new banks are starting to issue notes and old banks (the Bank of China, for instance) are increasing their issue. Aside from the cash reserve a certain percentage of the required reserve is allowed by law to be in Government bonds. The consolidated loan bonds are the only ones that the banks would deposit against their notes. Calculating on the basis of 30 percent on the total of new and increased issues during the year, the amount reaches several tens of millions dollars.

"(3) The postal savings system has been steadily growing in popularity during the past year. It is known that a large portion of the deposits received have been invested in Government bonds. Similarly, the pension funds of the Customs service have largely been invested in bonds.

"(4) Lured by the high rate of interest, many educational institutions have been induced to put their foundation funds in Government bonds. The 500,000 in 6 percent consolidated acquired by the Nankai University is a typical instance.

GROWTH OF SPECULATION

"(5) The abnormal growth of speculative tendencies on the part of the public is another important reason for increased activity on the Bond Market. Marginal transactions in bonds in China are of recent origin, but the desire for speculation has now caught the people like a contagious disease. The recently established exchange afford the speculator facilities which they never dreamed of before. Numerous money shops, acting as agents for these exchanges, offer further inducements and accommodation to their clients. It is common experience that transactions involving hundreds of millions may be done on the strength of a total issue of $10,000,000 or $20,000,000 worth of bonds.

"(6) The unsettled conditions prevailing in the country, giving rise to an undue amount of risk for property owners in the interior, has induced a large number of people to liquidate their possessions and transfer their money to the treaty ports and large cities. These people are not inclined to undertake industrial enterprises, and the only use they can make of their floating capital is in the buying and selling of bonds.

"(7) Aside from these factors, the stock and bond exchanges themselves require a certain amount in deposits from their customers for each transaction recorded. These deposits are usually made in bonds. The contracts of the various Government railways and the express companies also specify certain guarantee funds which the express companies are required to deposit with the railway offices. These deposits are also, as a rule, made in consolidated bonds.

THE PROSPECTS

"The causes enumerated above all contribute to the abnormally increased demand for bonds of the consolidated class, resulting in a steady rise in their market value. But it remains to be seen whether the high quotations can be maintained. With quotations at their present level 6 percent interest on present valuation falls considerably short of the ordinary banking rate, and banks in consequence have long stopped buying."

The development of modern financial methods in China should be regarded as favorable for the foreign banks interested in that country. It is true that the native institutions may become competitors, but at the same time the volume of banking transactions will greatly increase, to the benefit of all. There are a number of directions in banking business in which native banks will not be able to display any substantial activity for decades to come. At present only a very small percentage of the population is involved in banking transactions, while the development of native banking may increase this proportion to a sufficient extent to enable both native and foreign banking to expand their business. Last but not least, the hatred against foreign banks in China was largely attributable to the quasi-monopolistic position they occupied so long as there were no native banks of any significance. The cessation of this position will undoubtedly create a more cordial atmosphere for foreign banks, and the comparison of their methods with those of native houses will also contribute to increase their popularity.

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the traffic return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended October 15, 1924, with figures for the corresponding week last year:

	1924
Gross receipts	$90,576.54
Loss by currency depreciation	44,824.72
Effective receipts	$45,751.82
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	50.62
Car miles run	114,115
Passengers carried	2,478,336
	1923
Gross receipts	$83,792.79
Loss by currency depreciation	36,540.33
Effective receipts	$47,252.46
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	45.00
Car miles run	116,077
Passengers carried	2,897,492

China Cotton

Messrs. A. B. Rosenfeld and Son, Inc., state in their current report:

During the past week there has been no decided change in the fundamental condition of the market and fluctuations were due principally to speculative causes, the easy tendency of prices which prevailed during the previous week being in keeping with the general conditions of the market. There was so little decided opinion among those who do operate, that purely a scalping market has developed, while awaiting some new feature for it to take a decided turn one way or the other.

In the meantime, in consequence of the extreme stringency of "cash" money and the rise in "silver and exchange," making exports almost impossible, the mills are biding their time. This, to our mind, will seriously impede the marketing of the crop, unless the up-country holders fall in with the existing conditions.

We, therefore, see no reason to change our view concerning an unwarranted advance in prices from the present outlook, and while it would be hazardous to predict any immediate abandonment of effort to force the market up again, we are of opinion that only temporary success will attend such operations.

Yarn.—The market has been keeping steady to firm since our last report was issued. Prices advanced some Tl. 1 to Tls. 2 as compared with last week's level. In all, some 4,000 to 5,000 bales of various counts have been booked for export to Szechwan, Canton, Hankow, Swatow, Fukien, Wuhu and Kiangse.

SPUNT & CO.'S REPORT

Messrs. Spunt and Co.'s report states:

Prices during the past week fluctuated within a very narrow range and on the whole showed a decline of about Tl. 0.50 per picul lower than that current in the previous period. And while the quantity of arrivals from the interior may be said to have been normal, the demand for the staple on the part of spinners was not of sufficient magnitude to infuse any strength in our market toward evolving any upward tendency.

In the meantime, should the gradual depreciation now being experienced in the values of Mid-Americans and Indians continue concomitantly with more favorable exchange rates for importations, there is every likelihood that such circumstances would tend correspondingly to influence the trend of the markets on the domestic growth, and in which event purchases on every break would be advisable.

Tone of the market; Steady.

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We have for sale a number of industrial plants in good localities suitable for general industrial or manufacturing purposes. From four to eighteen mow of land, with buildings.

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Highest Professional Services Lowest Optical Prices at the O.I.C.

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BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Closing Quotations

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. & S. Banks	H.$1,200
Chartered	£20 B.
Russo-Asiatic	Nom
Mercantile Bk. A-B	£28¾ B.
Mercantile Bank O.	£12¾ B.
P. & O. Banking	£11
Bank of East Asia	H.$96 B.
Marine Insurance	
Canton	H.$720 B.
North China	Tls. 136
Union of Canton	H.$240 B.
Yangtsze	$30 B.
Far Eastern Ins.	Tls. 55
Fire Insurance	
China Fire	H.$180 B.
Hongkong Fire	H.$600 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	H.$118 B.
Indo-China Perf.	H.$38
"Shell"	80/–
S'hai Tug ord.	Tls. 82 B.
S'hai Tug Pref.	Tls. 49½
H.C.&M.S.S.Co.Ltd.	H.$40B.
Star Ferry	H.$105 B.
Douglas S.S. Co.	H.$62
Union Waterboat	H.$16¼ B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 18½ B.
Oriental Cons.	16/– Sa.
Raub	H.$5 A.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	H.$174 xd S
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 96 B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 6½
" Pref.	Tls. 5.20
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf.	Tls. 196 B.
Hongkong Wharf.	H.$208 S.
China Realty ord.	Tls. 50
China Realty Pref.	Tls. 50
A.-French Land	Tls. 120 B.
Shanghai Land	Tls. 118 B.
Hongkong Lands	H.$118 S.
Humphreys Estate	H.$23.40 B.
Carlton Ltd.	Tls. 53
H. & S. Hotel old	H.$22 S.
H. & S. Hotel new	H.$21.90
Prince Building Co.	H.$150 A.
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (pref)	Tls. 105
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 19¼ B.
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 8
Oriental	Tls. 3.30 B.
S'hai Cotton Old	Tls. 53 B.
S'hai Cotton New	Tls. 31
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	H.$405 B.
Green Island (comb	Old 18½ S.
do	New 5 B.
Langkats (Comb.)	Tls. 17¼ B.
Langkats (Single)	Tls. 7¾ B.
Loans	Tls. 4¾ B.
Explorations	Tls. 4.60 B.
do (new issue)	Tls. 3.15
Major Bros.	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 108½ B.
Stores	
Hall and Holts	$5½
Llewelyn	Tls. 35
Lane Crawford	Tls. 102 B.
Moutrie	$55 B.
Watson	H.$ 26 B.
Weeks	$6
Rubbers (local)	
Alma	Tls. 5 B.
Amherst	Tls. 0.10
Anglo-Java	Tls. 5.30 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 2½ B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 19 S.
Batu Knam 1918	Tls. 0.75 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.65 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 0.90 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 0.90 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 4 B.
Cheng	Tls. 1
Consolidated	Tls. 2.10 B.
Dominion	Tls. 1.40 B.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 9 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 9½ B.
Kali Glidaka	Tls. 7 S.
Kapayang	Tls. 8 B.
Karan	Tls. 4 B.
Kedah	Tls. 0.80 B.
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 0.65 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 11¼ B.
Padang	Tls. 3¾ B.
Pengkahlan Durian	Tls. 0.55 B.
Permata	Tls. 2 B.
Repah	Tls. 0.80 B.
Samagagas	Tls. 0.70 B.
Seekeed	Tls. 0.65 B.
Semambu	Tls. 0.95 B.
Senawang	Tls. 0.65 B.
S'hai Klebang	Tls. 0.40 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 2.10 B.
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 7 B.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 0.50
Sungala	Tls. 0.70 B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 6½ B.
Sua Mangis	Tls. 2.80 B.
S'hai Serambah	Tls. 0.35 B.
Taiping	Tls. 0.40 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.65 B.
Tebong	Tls. 1.02½ B.
Ziangbes	Tls. 2¾ B.
Miscellaneous	
C.I.&E.Lumber	Tls. 325
Gulty Dairy	Tls. 11½
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 15 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 41 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 50 B.
S'hai Mercury	Tls. 20 B.
S'hai Telephones	Tls. 76
S'hai Waterwork R.	Tls. 140 B.
S'hai Waterwork B.	Tls. 153
China Prov. Old	H$18¾ B
China Prov. New	H.$5.30 S.
H'kong Electrics	H.$43¾ B.
H'kong Tramways	H.$45 B.
Dairy Farm	H.$25 xd B.
H'kong Ropes. Old	H.$20
H'kong Ropes. New	H.$7
China Lights Old	H.$21 S.
China Lights New	H.$14
Peak T'ways Old	H.$22 B.
Peak T'ways New	H.$4¾ B.

S. Sellers. Sa. Sales. B. Buyers.

Money Exchange

Shanghai, October 17, 1924

Bank's Demand Selling Rate for

£1 at 3/5 1/16 = Tls. 5.77 at 72.75 = $7.93

G.$100 at 78 = Tls. 128.20 72.75 = $176.22

Ch. Dollars market rate	72.975
Native Interest	05
Copper Cash	278,500
Shanghai Gold	234.70
Bar Silver	35½
Bank Rate of Discount	4 %
Paris on London	85.95
New York on London	449
London:	
Telegraphic Transfer	3/5½
Demand	3/5 1/16
New York:	
Telegraphic Transfer	77¾
Demand	78

H. & S. B. C. Opening quotations 9:30 a.m.

Banks' Selling Rates

London T.T.	3/5½
London Demand	3/5 1/16
London 4 m-s.	3/5¾
India T.T.	229½
France T.T.	1480
America T.T.	77¾
Hongkong T.T.	70½
Japan T.T.	49¼
Batavia T.T.	204
Straits T.T.	68

BANKS' BUYING RATE

London 4 m-s. Credits	3/7¼
London 4 m-s. Docts	3/7½
London 6 m-s. Credits	3/7⅝
London 6 m-s. Docts	—
France 4 m-s.	1555
America 4 m-s. L/c.	80¾
Docs.	81¼

American-Oriental Bank

CLOSING RATES

Selling Demand Draft

U.S. G.$100.00 = S'hai $177.12
Stg. 1.0.0 = S'hai $7.98 0
Fcs. 100.00 = S'hai $9.26
Yen. 100.00 = S'hai $68.28

Buying Demand Draft

U.S. G.$100.00 = S'hai $172.49
Stg. 1.0.0 = S'hai $7.68
Fcs. 100.00 = S'hai $8.89
Yen. 100.00 = S'hai $65.99

Italian Bank For China

Bank's Selling Rates for:

It. Lire 17.85 = 1 Tael
Swiss Frs. 4.04½ = 1 Tael
It. Lire 8.79 = 1 Yen

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Bank's Selling Rates

1 Chervonets = G.$5.30

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION

Closing Counter Rates

Demand selling on America 78⅛
Demand buying on America 79⅛
Demand selling on London 3/5½
Demand buying on London 3/6½

CHINESE GOVERNMENT BONDS

(Supplied By Sing Tung & Co.)

Thursday. Yesterday.

3rd Year 6%	94.00	94.00
5th Year 6%	70.00	70.00
7th Year 6%	58.00	60.50
9th Year 6%	77.00	78.20
6% Consolidated	69.00	70.00
7% Consolidated	69.50	71.00
11th Year 8%	97.00	97.00
96 Millions 8%	23.90	24.10

Shanghai Sharebrokers' Association

Business Done

Shanghai, October 17, 1924

OFFICIAL

American Club 8% Debs Tls. 100
Anglo Javas Tls. 5.60 Dec.
Anglo Javas Tls. 5.35 Cash

UNOFFICIAL

Anglo Javas Tls. 5.35
Dominions Tls. 1.57½
Kedahs Tls. 0.85 Dec.
Senawangs Tls. 0.70 Dec.
Trams B. Tls. 15.50 Cash

Stock Exchange

Shanghai, October 17, 1924

OFFICIAL

New Eng: (Ord.) Tls. 6.50
Tls. 6.80 Dec.
Langkats (Comb) Tls. 18.25 Dec.
Tls. 18.50 Dec.
Tls. 18.75 Dec.
Shanghai Explorations Tls. 4.85
Ziangbes Tls. 2.85

UNOFFICIAL

Chinese Reorg. Loan (R.I.) £63⅜
Chinese Reorg. Loan (F.I.) stamped £69
S.M.C. 6% Debs 1924 Tls. 96.00
Langkats (Comb) Tls. 18.25 Dec.
Langkats (Single) Tls. 8.00
Trams "B" Tls. 15.50
Repah Tls. 0.80
Consolidated Tls. 2.12½
Shanghai Docks Tls. 97.00 Oct.
S'hai Explorations Tls. 5.00 Dec.
Langkats (Comb) Tls. 18.30 Dec.

The Italian Bank for China

(Former Sino Italian Bank)

Capital .....Gold $1,000,000
Reserve ..... Gold $ 150,000
fully paid

Head Office: Shanghai,
Branches:
Shanghai and Tientsin
Bankers:
Italy: Credito Italiano.
England: Credito Italiano, National Provincal and Union Bank of England, Ltd., Glyn Mills and Currie.
France: Banque Francaise et Italienne pour l'Amerique du Sud, Banque Nationale de Credit, Banque Italo Belge.
United States: Credito Italiano, Equitable Trust Company.
Canada: Canadian Bank of Commerce.
South America: Banca Italo Belge,
Switzerland: Banca Unions di Credito.
Banque Commerciale de Bale.
Belgium—Credit General Liegeois.

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Manager.
W. A. STERLING,
Joint Manager

Bank of Communications

(Specially authorised and made a National Bank by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1911 and October 31st, 1914).

Capital: Dollars 20,000,000.00.
President: Hon. Mr. Chang Chien,
Vice President: Mr. Chien Yung-Ming.
HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
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Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
T. D. Woo, Sub-Manager.
S. T. Huang, Sub-Manager.
S. V. Yuen, Sub-Manager.

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An Inspired Leader Like
Washington,
An Inventive Genius Like
Edison,
A Golden Singer Like
Caruso,
A Peerless General Like
Napoleon,
AND A REALLY GREAT SCREEN PRODUCTION LIKE
"Scaramouche"

"SCARAMOUCHE"

Is a masterful screen production, better than anything you have seen before.

The Covered Wagon

Over One Year In One Theatre

Yawata Iron Works Chief To Head N. Y. K.

(*Eastern News Agency*)

Tokio, Oct. 17.—It has been semi-officially decided that Mr. T. Shirani, Chief of the Iron-Works at Yawata, will be recommended to the Presidency of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha as a successor to Wr. Ito.

Hongkong Stocks

Messrs. Ellis and Co. yesterday received the following quotations by cable from Hongkong:

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corpn. $1,165 sales.

Hongkong Land Investment Co. $116 buyers.

Union Insurance Society of Canton $240 buyers.

Hongkong & Kowloon Wharfs $208 buyers.

Hongkong & Whampoa Dock Co. $169 sellers.

Green Island Cement Co. (old) $18½ sellers.

Green Island Cement Co. (new) $5 buyers.

Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels (old) $21½ buyers.

Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels (new) $21½ nominal.

China Sugar Refinery Co. $405 buyers.

Hongkong Tramway Co. $45 buyers.

Hongkong Fire Insurance Co. $600 buyers.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	Kup. Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head Office:
Paris, 9 Rue Bordreau,
London Office:
65 Old Broad Street, E. C. 4

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie and Co.
Societe Generale pour favoriser le development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Paris: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpment du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpment du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.
Rome: Banco di Roma.
New York: Irving Bank—Columbia Trust Company.
San Francisco: The Crocker National Bank of San Francisco.

BRANCHES IN ASIA

Chanchun	Harbin	Shanghai
Chefoo	Hongkong	Peking
Dairen	Manchouli	Tientsin
Hailan	Kashar	Yokohama
Hankow	Newchwang	Urumtchi

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars. Terms on application. Local Bills discounted.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES
L. Jerierski
Ch. Bleuler.

Managers for Branches in Asia.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1920)

Authorised Capital	$60,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	$19,760,100.00
Reserve Fund	$ 6,033,345.41

HEAD OFFICE: *Peking*

Branches and Agencies:

Tientsin	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Peking	Kaifeng	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Klukiang
Moukden	Ningpo	Nunchang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinanfu	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

etc., etc., etc.

Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Berlin, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Osaka and Yokohama.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
22 The Bund

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arangement.

SUNE-HAN-CHANG.
Manager.

The Chinese American Bank of Commerce

Authorized Capital	$10,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	$ 7,500,000.00

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
EXECUTIVE OFFICE:
SHANGHAI
BRANCHES:

PEKING	SHANGHAI
HANKOW	HARBIN
TSINAN	SHIHKIACHWANG
TIENTSIN	

Correspondents throughout the World including the Interior of China.

SHANGHAI OFFICE:
11A Nanking Road.
C. 8641-2-3-4.

Telegraphic Address:
"Sinambank" Shanghai
Codes Used:
Bentley's Complete Phrase
Western Union Code
Whitelaw's 401 Millions Code

Transacting a General Banking Business, Issuing Drafts and Making Telegraphic Transfers, Buying and Selling Foreign Exchange. Issuing Commercial and Circular Letters of Credit, Allowing Interest on Fixed Deposits, Current Accounts and Savings Accounts.

Privilege has been conferred by the Government of the Republic of China to issue Bank Notes.

YOUR BANKING BUSINESS SOLICITED

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: Shanghai

Subscribed Capital	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA & CHINA

(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter 1853)

Capital	£3,000,000
Reserve Fund	3,900,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON
SHANGHAI BRANCH:
18 THE BUND

Bankers:
Bank of England.
Midland Bank, Litmited.
Westminster Bank, Ld.
National Provincial Bank, Ld.
National Bank of Scotland, Ld.

Agencies and Branches:

Alor Star (Kedah)	Kuala-Lumpur
Amritsar	Madras
Bangkok	Manila
Batavia	Medan
Bombay	New York
Calcutta	Peking
Canton	Penang
Cawnpore	Puket
Cebu	Rangoon
Colombo	Saigon
Delhi	Samarang
Hamburg	Seremban
Hankow	Shanghai
Haiphong	Singapore
Hongkong	Sourabaya
Iloilo	Taiping
Ipoh	Tavoy
Karachi	Tientsin
Klang	Tokio
Kobe	Yokohama
	Zamboanga

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection.

Travellers' Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking business undertaken.

C. J. SCOTT, Manager.

浙江實業銀行
The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908

(*Member of the Shanghai Bankers' Association*)

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	$ 500,000.00

Head Office: 14 Hankow Road, Shanghai.
Branches: Hankow and Hangchow
Domestic Agencies:
In the principal cities throughout China.
Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Rotterdam, New York, Chicago, San Francisco Hamburg, Berlin, Tokio, Kobe, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodate, Seoul Fusan and Hongkong.
Banking Department, Foreign Department and Savings Department.

LI MING,
General Manager.

Tel. C. 7130, Manager's Office.
C. 7121 to 7124, General Office.
Cable Address:
"CHINDUBANK", Shanghai.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger S. A.

(Affiliated to the Societe General de Belgique.)

	Frs.
Capital (subcribed)	100,000,000
Capital (paid up)	75,000,000
Reserves	24,000,000

Head office: Brussels
Branches and Agencies at:
LONDON, PARIS, NEW YORK, BUCHAREST, BRAILA, COLOGNE CONSTANTINOPLE, CAIRO, ALEXANDRIA, PEKING, SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW.
Allied Banks:
BANCO INTERNACIONAL DE INDUSTRIA Y COMERCIO, MADRID, with Branches in Spain and Morocco
WIENER BANK-VEREIN, VIENNA, with Branches in AUSTRIA HUNGARIA, ITALY (TYROL) YOGOSLAVIA
ALLGEMEINER BOEHMISCHER BANK-VEREIN, PRAGUE, with Branches in CZECHO-SLOVAKIA,
BANQUE FRANCO-BELGE DE BULGIARIE S. A., SOFIA.
BANQUE DU PAYS DE BOSNIE-HERZEGOVIE SERA JEVO, with Branches in YUGO SLAVIA.
SOCIETE GENERALE DE BANQUE en Pologne, Warsaw, with Branches in Poland. Correspondents in all parts of the world.
Every description of banking business transacted.

L. STRAETMANS, Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

FRANCS

Subscribed Capital	72,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	68,400,000.00
Reserve Fund (1-6-20)	69,500,000.00

HEAD OFFICE:
No. 96 Boulevard Hanoomann
Paris.

Branches and Agencies:

Saigon	Hanoi	Touarne
Haiphong	Hankow	Tientsin
Peking	Canton	Mentze
Hongkong	Ponichery	Bangkok
Singapore	Shanghai	Noumea
Papeete	Djibouti	Yunnanfu
Paom-Penk	Battambang	

London Bankers:
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris—Credit Lyonnais.

The Shanghai Agency undertakes all Banking and Exchange operations; grants credits on goods and approved securities; opens current and fixed deposit accounts in taels and francs according to arrangement.

E. ARDAYN.
Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

Capital:	
Authorized Capital	$50,000,000
Issued and fully paid up	$20,000,000
Reserve Funds:	
Sterling	£ 4,560,000
Silver	$25,500,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$20,000,000

Head Office: Hongkong.

Court of Directors:
W. L. Pattenden, Esq., Chairman
H. P. White, Esq., Deputy Chairman
B. D. F. Beith Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. M. P. H. Holyoak.
A. O. Lang, Esq.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
J. P. Warren. Esq.
N. L. Watson, Esq.
G. M. Young, Esq.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Harbin	Penang
Bangkok	Iloilo	Rangoon
Batavia	Ipoh	Saigon
Bombay	Johore	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Kobe	Shanghai
Canton	Kuala-Lumpu	Singapore
Chefoo	London	Sungei-Patana
Colombo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Dairen	Malacca	Tientsin
Foochow	Manila	Tsingtao
Haiphong	Nagasaki	V'dvostock
Hamburg	New York	Yokohama
Hankow	Peking	

Chief Manager.
A. H. Barlow, Esq.
London Bankers:
The Westminster Bank Ltd.
Shanghai Branch: 12 THE BUND.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved securities and every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

SAVING BANKS OFFICE:

Deposits of not less than $1.00 will be received.

Not more than $200 will be received during one month from any single Depositor.

Interest at the rate of 3½ % per annum will be allowed upon the monthly minimum balance.

The maximum balance on which interest will be allowed is $5,000

Deposits may be withdrawn on Demand. Accounts will be kept either in Dollars or Taels, Local Currency, at the option of the Depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books, in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m.: Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

A. B. Lowson, Acting Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(*Netherlands Trading Society*)
Established 1834

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 20,045,032 (about £1,670,419)
Special Reserve: Guilders 22,635,000 (about £1,888,332).
Head Office: AMSTERDAM
Head Agency BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Pekalongen
Bandoeng	Palembang
Bombay	Penang
Calcutta	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Samarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerakarta
Kobe	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Tegal
Makassar	Tjilatjap
Medan	Welteyreden
Padang	

London Bankers
National Provincial Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

TH. E. A. BOEREBOOM
Acting Manager.

東亞銀行
The Bank of East Asia, Ltd.

Cable Address: "EASTABANK"
Shanghai Branch
No. 1c Kiukiang Road.

Authorised Capital	$10,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	5,000,000.00
Reserved Fund	750,000.00

HEAD OFFICE: Hongkong.
Branches: Canton, Saigon.
London Bankers
THE MIDLAND BANK, LTD.
R. Cheng, Manager.

Save
while you
Earn
Ask about our Savings Bonds
The
Peoples Saving Co.
Soc. An. Belge.
公儲利有
28 Ave Edward VII

International Banking Corporation

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS: U. S. $10,000,000.00

Owned by the National City Bank of New York
HEAD OFFICE: 60 *WALL STREET, NEW YORK*
LONDON OFFICE: 68 BISHOPSGATE, E. C.

BRANCHES

Barcelona	Cebu	Rangoon	Hankow	Singapore
Batavia	Colon	San Francisco	Harbin	Tientsin
Bombay	Manila	Santo Domingo	Hongkong	Tokio
Calcutta	Panama	Shanghai	Kobe	Yokohama
Canton	Peking	Dairen	Madrid	

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts and Savings Bank accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

We are also able to offer our Customers the service of the Branches of the National City Bank of New York in the principal countries of Europe, South America and in the West Indies.

1A Kiukiang Road, Shanghai. N S. MARSHALL, Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited

1 & 2 Ningpo Road

Capital Authorised	$1,200,000
Capital Paid-up	$1,078,530
Reserve Fund	H. K. $700,000.00

Head Office: Hongkong.
Branches: Shanghai, Canton, New York, Bangkok, Hankow
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

W. P. CHEUNG, Manager.

The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd

Head Office: 9 Ningpo Road.

Paid Up Capital—$2,5,00,000.00 Reserve Funds—$530,000.00

(Member of the Shanghai Banker's Association)

Every description of modern Banking and exchange business transacted. Personal, National and International.

Branches and Agencies in principal cities throughout China. Correspondents at the principal places abroad.

Phone No. C. 8050. K. P. Chen, General Manager

工商銀行
Head Office: Hongkong. Branch Office: Hankow.

The Industrial & Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch
51 KIANGSE ROAD

Every description of banking transacted, Correspondents in China and abroad,

Telegraphic Address: "KONGSHAN,"
Managers' Office Tel. C. 3204
Exchange Dept. Tel. C. 5816
Loan & Inc. Dept. Tel. C. 5876 Mr. CHU KINHOW, Manager,
Cash Dept. Tel. C. 6552 Shanghai Branch.

浙江興業銀行
The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP	$2,500,000.00
RESERVE FUND	$1,060,975.42

HEAD OFFICE: SHANGHAI
(Peking & Kiangse Rds.)

BRANCHES		FOREIGN CRRESPONDENTS		
Hangchow	Peking	London	Berlin	Osaka
Hankow	Mukden	New York	Paris	Tokio
Tientsin	Harbin	Hamburg	Zurich	Kobe
		San Francisco		Yokohama

Domestic Correspondents at all principal cities in China.

Every Description of Banking Business transacted

Safety Vaults: Shanghai Tientsin, Godowns: Shanghai, Hankow, Hangchow, Harbin

Equitable Eastern Banking Corporation

Capital and Surplus U.S. $2,850,000

— Negotiates drafts against all Travelers Letters of Credit.
— Negotiates Travelers Checks in all currencies.
— Effects Telegraphic Transfers of funds.
— Issues Travelers Letters of Credit and Travelers checks available in all parts of the world.
— Issues drafts on all the principal cities throughout the world.
— Opens Commercial Credits.
— Purchases bills against Documentary Credits.
— Opens Current and Time Accounts in local and foreign currencies.

Equitable Eastern Banking Corporation

Correspondent of The Equitable Trust Co., of New York

6 Kiukiang Road

Central 7944 Corner Szechuen Road

A. E. SCHUMACHER, Manager.

Chung Foo Union Bank

Reserve Fund	$1,500,000.00
Subscribed Capital	$ 200,000.00
Paid-up Capital	$2,000,000.00

SHANGHAI BRANCH
27 Jinkee Road

Telegraphic Address "CHUNGFOO"
Telephone Numbers C. 1929 Manager's Office, C. 6468) General Office, C. 6470) C. 5620 T. T. Department.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN CHINA

TIENTSIN	Changsha	Hsuchow	Shasi
SHANGHAI	Chengteh	Ichang	Soochow
PEKING	Chengchow	Kiukiang	Taikiangpo
HANKOW	Chinkiang	Nanking	Wusieh
ANTUNG	Fengtien	Ningpo	Wuhu
CANTON	Hangchow	Pengpu	Yangchow
CHANGCHUN	Hongkong	Shaoshing	

FOREIGN AGENCIES AND CORRESPONDENTS

Baltimore	Cincinnati	Montreal	San Francisco
Berlin	Cleveland	Osaka	St. Louis
Boston	Detroit	New York	Seattle
Buffalo	Kobe	Philadelphia	Tokio
Cebu	London	Pittsburgh	Washington
Chicago	Manila	Paris	Yokohama

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in taels, dollars, and other currencies according to arrangement. Savings Deposits taken. All kinds of Trust Business undertaken.

Safe Deposit Boxes.
Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. B. Sun, Manager,
T. D. Zee, Sub-Manager.

THE CHINA PRESS

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

CHINA PRESS, Incorporated, Delaware, Publishers

J. B. POWELL—EDITOR

Weather Reports

Oct. 16.—Strong anticyclone between Lake Baikal and Manchuria shifting ESE ward. The depression of our Valley has moved swiftly ENE ward across the Eastern Sea and reached southern Japan. The Guam typhoon continues to advance NNW ward. Fairly hard cyclonic circulation and rough weather over the Eastern Sea; gale of N or NWly wind along the China coast spreading as far as the Formosa Strait. Overcast and cold weather with a little rain. Fine in Chihli and Fukien

Oct. 17.—Overcast and cold weather. NWly wind. High pressure over our country.

Oct. 18.—Overcast and cold weather. Local calms with mist along our coasts. Winter monsoon to the South of the Saddles.

Shanghai, Saturday, October 18, 1924.

Here's What General Chi Said About The Removal Of The Arsenal From Shanghai!

IT was little less than a year ago that *The China Press* published an article which was widely reprinted in the Chinese press and commented on in both foreign and Chinese circles dealing with the subject of the removal of the arsenal from Shanghai and the neutralisation of the territory about this commercial metropolis. The article was published during the last days of 1923 and following the printing of the article, *The China Press* sent a staff correspondent to Nanking to interview General Chi Hsieh-yuan, military governor of Kiangsu Province on the question.

The interview with General Chi appeared on Page 1 of *The China Press* of Sunday, January 20 of this year and in the course of the interview *The China Press* correspondent made this statement to General Chi:

"It is the general foreign opinion that the arsenal and troops should be removed, and since the article on this subject appeared in *The China Press* the Chinese papers have reproduced it and favored it editorially:

"WHAT ARE YOUR VIEWS ON THAT QUESTION?"

Tuchun Chi's reply to this was most emphatic and appeared in *The China Press* as follows:

"I AM STRONGLY IN FAVOR OF THE FOREIGN OPINION ON THAT QUESTION. I SEE NO NEED FOR THE ARSENAL TO BE LOCATED AT SHANGHAI. IT COULD JUST AS WELL BE AT ANY ONE OF A NUMBER OF OTHER PLACES. LIKEWISE THERE IS NO NEED FOR TROOPS TO BE STATIONED THERE IF AN ADEQUATE POLICE FORCE IS MAINTAINED."

"AND HOW ABOUT A NEUTRAL ZONE ABOUT SHANGHAI?" General Chi was next asked.

"THAT IS AN EXCELLENT SUGGESTION AND CERTAINLY SHOULD BE CARRIED OUT IF SHANGHAI IS TO BE KEPT OUT OF ANY WAR THAT MIGHT OCCUR." was the Nanking Tuchun's reply to this significant question propounded by our correspondent.

Then immediately following this, General Chi was asked if he would be willing, in case the Shanghai area was restored to the control of Kiangsu Province, to remove the troops from the Shanghai-Woosung-Sungkiang district and also remove the Arsenal and establish an extensive neutral zone about the foreign settlements.

Governor Chi's reply to this was an equally direct and emphatic.

"YES!"

So there we have General Chi's views on the outstanding question in Shanghai at the beginning of this year at a time when the political situation was threatening in the relations of Kiangsu and Chekiang. Soon after this the Chinese merchants in Shanghai through the General Chamber of Commerce induced the tuchuns of Kiangsu and of Chekiang to sign a peace pact. This peace pact however did not prove effective for many months for the tension again became serious and on September 3 war broke out. The arsenal was the primary cause of the war and although the final peace terms have not yet been arranged, the war is over, at least fron the standpoint of its principal object; in other words the defeat of the military forces of Chekiang and the occupation of the Arsenal and the Shanghai-Woosung-Sungkiang area by forces loyal to the Central Government.

The outstanding question today is,

What are General Chi's views on this subject now?

He was not able to accomplish his object singlehanded as his propagandists quoted him as believing at the beginning of the struggle and neither was he able to accomplish the job in a week as he was also quoted in a Shanghai newspaper as saying. The battle that developed about Shanghai was the most severe which China has experienced since Taiping days and the losses in human lives and human suffering and of treasure and disruption of business and society has been enormous. If General Chi thought the arsenal should be removed a year ago he has a thousand stronger reasons for that belief today.

There have been ugly rumors in circulation in recent days regarding possible differences which have arisen between General Chi Hsieh-yuan of Kiangsu Province and his partner in the subjugation of Chekiang, General Sun Chuan-fang of Fukien Province, now Tuchun of Chekiang Province. Chinese commercial and financial interests in Shanghai are undoubtedly worried about the new situation of rivalry which may develop here over this same question of the Shanghai arsenal and the presence of Chinese troops in this area.

As the leading article in yesterday's *China Press* indicated, the important thing needed to finally settle the fight which has been in progress about this city for so many days is *money*. The Chinese merchants are in a position to supply that money for the purpose of paying off and repatriating the disbanded troops. But if the Chinese merchants are wise and have the intelligence usually credited to the Chinese merchant and gentry classes, they will insist right now upon the absolute fulfillment in letter and spirit of the conditions for permanent peace in this section of China so eloquently stated by Generai Chi a few months ago.

The Voyage Of The ZR3

THE successful flight of the ZR3 across the Atlantic from Germany to the United States is not only a triumph for the German officers who navigated the craft, but also for the builders of the dirigible, who have proved the possibility of extended flight with these lighter than air machines. Travelling for more than five thousand miles, the ZR3 arrived at her destination with her gasoline tanks a quarter full, indicating that she could carry enough fuel for a cruise of well over six thousand miles, while there is nothing in the reports to hand to show that there was any reason why such a flight could not be accomplished at will. The life-long work of Count von Zeppelin, fighting against repeated bitter disappointment, furnished Germany with the Zeppelin with which she was able to do considerable damage to England during the war. And it was apparent, despite the ill-fate which overtook one expedition, that regardless of the unwieldy size of the machines, they were, in fact, effective weapons of war. They were able to make flights which would not have been possible for aeroplanes, in a purely military sense, carrying sufficient munitions to make their visits occasions for much regret on the part of their unwilling hosts.

Since those years, improvements have been steadily made and the ZR3 may be regarded as the last word in this branch of aeronautical construction. And it is to be supposed that with the use of helium as the buoyant medium, rigid type dirigibles may very well become an important means of locomotion in the not too distant future, for purely commercial purposes. If it were possible that Germany would only use the splendid equipment at Friederichshafen for the purpose of constructing Zeppelins for commerce something might be said in favor of the agitation in Germany for the revision of the treaty provisions which require the dismantling of the workshops and hangars. But the flight of the ZR3 would be one of the most telling arguments against their retention, were other countries in the world not seeking possession of Zeppelins and the rights for manufacturing them within their own borders. The existence of a German monopoly in this respect would always be a serious factor tending towards the continual disturbance of peace, and one which would have to be watched jealously by all the other European Powers. Latest news, however, shows that there is no intention of eliminating the dirigible from the armaments of the world, and except for the fact that German military power has to be reduced to a minimum, there would not appear to be much of a case for insistence upon the provisions in question.

On the other hand, any attempt to whittle down the effect of the Versailles Treaty is to be regarded with the utmost disapproval, especially where such changes have relation to matters affecting Germany's future military strength. For this reason, we do not think the agitation will succeed, for the European Powers, who, at considerable cost, were able to cut the claws which menaced them for so many years would be guilty of the greatest foolishness if they did not carry their work to the conclusion they originally planned. These are, however, political considerations which cannot be allowed to discount the admiration which must be felt for the success Germany has achieved in this branch of aeronautical engineering, nor for the men who made so imposing a flight.

Excerpts From Great Writers

By Mathy

CAPITAL

All progress is the accumulation of capital.

Any man's force is in what has been laid up for him, by others or by himself.

We usually think that only money or things with money-value is capital.

But learning is capital. What is the young man at the medical or law school, or at the institute of technology, doing except getting a working capital of information?

The apprentice learning how to run a locomotive, paint a house, manage an automobile, lay shingles, or make pastry is storing up skill-capital.

When he applies for a position he is asked not only what he can do but what he has done; his experience is his capital.

A man's reputation is his moral capital.

A politician's record is his capital.

The soul has its capital: every triumph over an unworthy impulse, every successful struggle against an ignoble weakness, every deed of good and every resistance to the bad, enters as spiritual money, stocks, bonds and negotiable values, into its bank of power.

Destroy all capital, or redistribute it, and the very first thing labor would do would be to begin anew to create it.

For the very purpose of labor is to make capital, as the business of bees is to make honey.

Correspondence

The China Press welcomes the views of its readers on subjects of the day, but publication in the correspondence column does not mean necessarily that the views expressed by correspondents are those of The China Press. Manuscripts submitted for this department should be plainly written. Unused manuscripts will be returned only when so requested and accompanied by self-addressed stamped envelope.

AN ANSWER TO "ANTI SELFISH"

Editor, The China Press:

Sir:—Your indulgent readers must read with a chuckle if not with a sneer the nonsensical letter written by "An Anti-Selfish Chinese" as published in your correspondence column today. Judging from the way he writes, I should think that it would be far better for him to mind his studies than to brag about politics. Until he has mastered his grammar lessons, he had better leave journalistic arguments alone.

H. T.

American Scientist Tells Of Life Among Nomads Of Sweden

"I slept in a 'kota' and ate native dishes while in Lapland," said Dr. G. Clyde Fisher, who looked none the worse for the experiment. Dr. Fisher, who is Curator of Visual Instruction at the American Museum of Natural History, returned from a trip to Lapland on August 25. He pointed to an undressed reindeer skin that lay stretched out on the floor of his office. "A Lappish Mattress and not a bad one when you are tired," he said. "As far as that goes, frizzled reindeer meat tastes pretty good to a hungry man."

Dr. Fisher, accompanied by Carveth Wells, lecturer and photographer, left for Europe on May 10 at the invitation of the Swedish State Railways.

"I had two objects in going," he said. "First, to study the Lapps and to obtain as many photographs of them as possible; second, to make a survey of the Swedish school system, from the lowest primary schools to the universities." The pictures, he explained, will be used for the children of New York's public schools through the medium of the Department of Public Education.

The first month or more of their visit was spent in Sweden, where Dr. Fisher carried out part of his program. He and Mr. Wells devoted the first of their time to preparations for their expedition into Lapland. This included meeting authorities on the history and customs of the natives, so that they might be in readiness for the experiences which awaited them.

Before entering upon a discussion of the subject of his journey into the cold north regions, Dr. Fisher spoke of his impression of Sweden.

"Their school system," he said, "is one of the finest in the world and in many ways surpasses ours. It is, however, not just to compare the two, as the problems of both countries differ so vastly. They deal with one race, while we deal with many. I saw no slums in Stockholm. In fact, it is one of the most beautiful cities and the cleanest I have ever visited. Less than 1 percent of the entire population of Sweden, including the Lapps, is illiterate. Every courtesy was extended to us by the Government. We were even given the opportunity of photographing King Gustav and the Crown Prince. They very graciously posed for us, walking back and forth while we cranked our machines. The pictures were taken at the royal palace in Stockholm."

On June 29 the visitors set forth on their trip into Lapland. The first stop en route was at Kiruna Mountain. "It is vertiably a solid mass of iron. Through it runs a vein of metal which is from 80 to 100 feet in thickness, 1,000 feet in depth and anywhere from two to three miles in length."

ELECTRICITY PLENTIFUL

The next lap of the journey was taken by electric railway to Porjus. Dr. Fisher tells of great waterfalls and an abundance of electricity. He thinks that in no other part of the world are the houses of country people so amply supplied with electric light and telephones.

"Though Porjus is situated in Arctic Lapland," he continued, "with a Winter of 70 degrees below zero, the fine power plant located there is kept in constant action. The water, instead of passing through steel tubes as it would in this country, goes through channels cut into solid granite. The engineers at the plant told us that in this manner its temperature is kept at one-tenth of a degree above freezing."

Porjus was for a time the party's last glimpse of civilisation. Then they left all modern comforts behind them and took the trail of the Lapp to the Northwest, following the migration route taken by them in the Summer. Accompanying Dr. Fisher and Mr. Wells was an inspector of the Swedish normal schools. He acted as cicerone and interpreter, interpreting not merely the spoken word, but explaining the Lapp to the American and the American to the Lapp.

"If it had not been for his splendid assistance," said Dr Fisher, "we should not have been able to cover as much ground as we did in so short a space of time, nor should we have achieved the successful results we did with the natives. Though the Lapps are Christians, and have been for centuries, they have retained many of their superstitions.

"When they were converted by L. S. Lestadius he prevailed upon them to destroy the ornaments they wore, which they had endowed with a supernatural power, as well as the drums on which they beat, pretending that their taps by some mysterious magic were able to forecast the future. They have taken the meaning of the Bible literally and fear any 'graven image.' This makes it a difficult matter to photograph them. It was only through the kind intercession of our guide, who owing to his connection with the schools was able to exercise his authority, that we were able to get them to pose.

THEY NEVER KISS

"At first we found the people somewhat reserved. As soon as they knew us their manner changed and they became friendly, though they were never affable. Apparently they love a joke and are always ready to laugh. I never saw them demonstrative. It is said that they never kiss."

Dr. Fisher, who is evidently a very adaptable sort of person, picked up some of the native expressions and could say "Pourist, pourist"—meaning, good-day, and "Hivasti, hivasti"—meaning good-bye, with an accent which sounds like pretty good Lappish.

As a race the Lapps are small in stature. Their heads are of the type known to scientists as "brachycephalic"; their cheek-bones, like those of our Indians, are high. They are a sturdy people hardened by long exposure to the elements. Their lives are spent following their reindeer herds. In the Winter they live in the forest belts, where the reindeer can feed on moss and lichens, with the coming of the Summer—and of the mosquitos—they move to the northwest. The Lapps' entire well-being depends upon these mammals. They provide them with food, clothing and oftentimes the covering for their tents, or kotas, as they are called in Lapland. They constitute their entire fortune.

"It is as ill-bred to ask a Lapp how many reindeer he has as it would be to ask a Wall Street broker how rich he is," said Dr. Fisher.

The method of distinguishing one man's property from another's is an original one. Instead of branding the beasts, as we would cattle in this country, their ears are clipped and cut in a strange variety of ways. Our informant told how the Swedish police, who patrol the countryside, would often find a reindeer that had strayed from the herd and that by making a copy of its ear in either paper or birch bark and sending it to the Central Registration Bureau they could easily have the owner traced.

WORE STRAW-FILLED BOOTS

For several moonths Dr. Fisher and the companions lived with the Tuolja family. There were Petter, the father, Inka, the mother, and Sunna, Apmut, Ivar and Sigga, the little Tuoljas. He ate of their food, consisting largely of reindeer meat and salmon. In his special honor a kind of bread was baked of whole wheat and water. He watched Mother Tuolja make coffee in true Lapp style, roasting the beans over the open fire, grinding them in a funny little oldfashioned mill and finally clearing the whole brew with fish scales. He believes so thoroughly in doing in Lapland as the Lapps do that he not only ate of their native dishes and slept on a reindeer skin spread on the floor, but he also wore boots a la Lapp.

"They are made of reindeer skin," he said, "and come well up on the thigh, the toes turn up like the bow of a gondola. Following their custom I filled the feet with grass, which adds greatly to their warmth. However, in one respect I did not follow their example—they wear no socks.

"They have three vegetables which are the most common," he went on, "one which closely resembles our celery, another which is like wild lettuce and the third is dock, or a kind of greens. Their principal fruit is somewhat like a golden raspberry and is eaten with reindeer milk. The plant on which it grows rises only about six inches from the ground. Such plates and cups as they use are made of birch bark.

"Though these people live under most primitive conditions," said Dr. Fisher, "there are but few who are illiterate and many speak two and even three languages—their own, Swedish and Finnish. The Swedish Government has provided them with a good system of school, taking into consideration the difficulty of their living conditions. During the Summer months what is known as nomad schools accompany the migrating settlements. Teachers, some of whom are Lapps and some Swedes, follow along with the wanderers.

"A kota is the schoolhouse. Pupils and instructor alike sit on the floor. When a child is called upon to recite it rises to its knees with remarkable agility. It seemed to me that geography was the most important course. Much attention is paid to natural history. I had the pleasure of attending an outdoor lesson; it was held on the banks of Lake Torne Trash. The subject that day was one in which I was particularly interested, the Arctic tern. We got some splendid pictures of that interesting bird which makes the longest migration trip known to man. It flies 22,000 miles.

"In the Winter time, when nomad schools are no longer

(Continued on Page 13)

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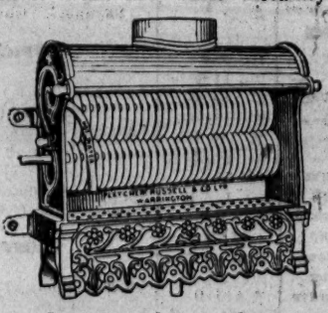

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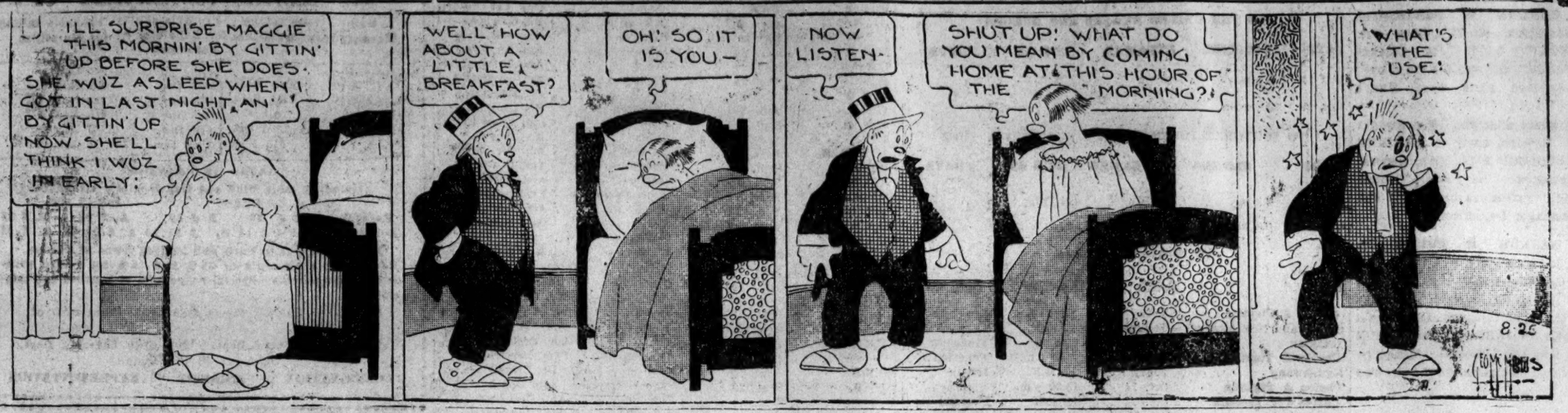
By George McManus


I'LL SURPRISE MAGGIE THIS MORNIN' BY GITTIN' UP BEFORE SHE DOES. SHE WUZ ASLEEP WHEN I GOT IN LAST NIGHT AN' BY GITTIN' UP NOW SHE'LL THINK I WUZ IN EARLY:
WELL HOW ABOUT A LITTLE BREAKFAST?
OH! SO IT IS YOU—
NOW LISTEN-
SHUT UP! WHAT DO YOU MEAN BY COMING HOME AT THIS HOUR OF THE MORNING?
WHAT'S THE USE!
8-25

American Scientist Tells Of Life Among Nomads Of Sweden

(Continued from Page 12)

possible, instruction is given in a permanent centre located at Jukkas Jarvi. The kotas are substantially built and covered with sod. Their equipment is more complete—in many cases better than that in the small towns of Sweden, which are locally supported, while the Lapp school is maintained by the central Government. Children attending board for the Winter, the boys living in one kota, the girls in another."

There were no luxuries of travel for Dr. Fisher and his companions. They went on foot and occasionally in the very primitive wooden rowboats of the natives. When they finally had gone so far to the northwest that they had crossed from Sweden into Norway they came to a fjord known as Hellembotten (Dr. Fisher says it is not to be literally translated). They made their way to the bottom, where they took a small launch to Narvik further up the coast. A train—if it can be dignified by such a name, for it had neither a first, second nor third class, but only wooden seats in a box car—took them on to Abisko, whence they continued their journey on foot. They stopped to see the settlements on Lake Torne Trash and to call upon Johan Turi. Johan Turi is the only author Lapland can boast of. His chef d'oeuvre is a story of his people.

It was nearly a month all told that Dr. Fisher spent touring Lapland. Not until after he had completed his account of the Laps and their customs did he include the story of his ascent of Mount Akka. He and Mr. Wells were the first Anglo-Saxons to reach its peak.

"Our guides told us that only six or seven days were clear out of each season. The weather was perfect when we decided to try to reach its top, but by the time we set out it had begun to rain. Climbing was difficult, for we were up to our waists in snow most of the time. When we reached the summit, we were 6,000 feet above the sea, and the weather was bright. It was the Fourth of July, and to celebrate we hoisted the Stars and Stripes on the summit."

Though Dr. Fisher was in the land of the midnight sun and at the time of the year when there is no night, he only saw the sun actually shining at midnight on two occasions. "Part of the time it was cloudy," he explained, "and often we were in the valleys with mountains all around us, so that it was obscured."

The Secret Of The Brain

BY GARRETT P. SERVISS

Dr. Emile Devaux, well known for his studies of man, gives in the "Revue Scientifique" a most interesting account of the physiological reasons for the pre-eminence of the human brain. It may appease some persons whose self-esteem has been shocked by the Darwinian doctrines, to see how marvelously nature worked to keep the anthropoids out of the intellectual fold reserved exclusively for man. And yet, she has done it so easily, too! She simply caught the sprinting primate by the shoulder and whispered in his ear: "Not so fast, my little man; hold back out of the ruck. I've got something infinitely better for you."

That something was, of course, a commanding brain, but by how simple, and yet immensely effective, means the precious gift was bestowed!

Dr. Devaux begins by reminding us that nervous tissue loses the power to multiply its cells as soon as it enters into full functional activity. Now, the characteristic feature of the human brain is its possession of an enormous store or nerve cells elaborately developed and interrelated. But the vital forces have other work to do beside nourishing nerve cells; for all of the bodily organs are vigorously pressing their demands at once. In order, then, that there should be a special accumulation of cells in the brain, it was necessary to favor the nervous tissue by giving it a chance to distance its rivals at the start. At the same time the brain cells thus formed must, especially in the case of man, be kept from reaching the functional or active stage until they had vastly increased in number.

This double aim was achieved by delaying both development and growth in man as compared with other animals. Thus we find that the antenatal and the infantile period are greatly prolonged in human beings. During this relative prolongation of the initial stages of life the brain cells, being functionally inactive, concentrate all their vital energy on simple multiplication, while their rivals in the other organs by more rapid differentiation are relatively held back from multiplying.

Thus, at the seventieth or seventy-fifth day of prenatal life the human brain equals in volume all the rest of the body; yet it does not function, being freely supplied with nourishment and having nothing to do but to increase in size. Then, after birth, for twelve months, the chill does not think, but sleeps most of the time, and meanwhile the brain cells are increasing in number and slowly establishing their connections and perfecting their organisation, without using up energy by functional activity. At five years of age the child possesses, in proportion to its bodily weight a brain almost equal to that of an adult.

Another beneficial retardation favoring man is the fact of his relatively late arrival at the stage of puberty. Still another, the long period of nervous apprenticeship covering the primary educative phases of life.

The anthropoid apes lack this distinctive physiological character which has been the sole foundation of man's incomparable superiority. The infant gorilla bears a close human resemblance. "The skull of the little gorilla is amazingly human. It is smooth, regularly rounded, and presents neither the low vault, nor the enormous crest of the vertex, nor the extremely prominent eyebrow arches, nor the formidable tusks which give so bestial a physiognomy to the old gorilla.'"

Now, this great change in the anthropoid which brings about the predominance of the face over the skull, Dr. Devaux asserts, is due to the fact that its brain cells have not been favored, as in man, with a preliminary advance in multiplication, the advantage of which is never subsequently lost.

On reaching the age of puberty, which occurs early as compared with man, the internal carotid artery of the gorilla diminishes while the external one augments its supply of blood, the consequence being that from that period the gorilla's face and its dependances take an enormous start, while the growth of its organ of thought is brusquely arrested.

By such a shudderingly narrow margin does the gorilla lose the race! He gets a big body and a terrible face; man gets a wonderful brain, and a face that artists have lent to angels.

DRESS

By Mary Marshall

The Bolero Hat, Adopted From Old Spain by Clever French Milliners, Proves Becoming to American Women

Millinery designers, please get out your Spanish dictionaries—better still take a short course in "Spanish made easy," and be sure that one of the assistants you employ for the coming seasop is Spanish—or at least of Spanish descent.

For 'la mode espagnole" has taken the French milliners by storm and almost every sort of new hat or trimming is given a Spanish twist and a Spanish name and sent on its way to swell the tide of Spanish fashions. Tierras that would have been Russian a few seasons ago are Spanish now, and tall toques that surely would have been Egyptian a year ago when the opening of Tut-ankh-amen's tomb threw the spotlight of fashion to the banks of the Nile, are emphatically Spanish now.

What's more, the Spanish vogue may sound the death knell of the bob. In Spain rather more than anywhere else one of the chief glories of a woman is her hair. In a Mexican city not long ago girl students who had the courage to have their hair bobbed were taken by force and shaved quite bald. Good warning to other girls who might go so far as to wish to follow suit! Apparently to the Spaniard or his descendant on this side of the Atlantic there is something repulsive about the idea of short-haired women. Now, says a despatch from Paris, it is thought that the Spanish vogue will bring about very high arrangement of hair, and already manufacturers of artificial hair pieces are devising first aid to the bobbed headed in case this high hair arrangement makes good.

The Spanish sailor, which was one of the first millinery responses to the call of the Spanish mode, will hardly survive the really cold weather. The brim is too broad. But it will doubtless be very smart or late summer and autumn and the bolero shape, with its medium upturned brim, has everything to recommend it as a mode for many months to come. The sketch shows this shape in the version best suited to American women. It is simply trimmed here with a pompon of racoon fur.

Bolero hat of black satin with pompom of raccoon fur.

WISE AND OTHERWISE

BY MARY MARSHALL

THE HOUSEWIFE—Her Proverb

"Let not thy mind run on what thou lackest as much as on what thou hast already."

IF YOU MAKE BREAD

The woman who is old-fashioned enough to make bread at home is sometimes regarded as being hopelessly out of date. Her less domestic sisters pity her. Yet it is rather interesting to reflect, for her benefit, that the making of good bread has always been a product of high civilisation. In ancient Rome the best bread was made by the Greeks, the most cultivated people in the world at that time. So for centuries when Italian cities maintained the highest degree of civilisation in Europe the best bakers came from Italy, and all during the centuries when France led England in culture and civilisation the best bakers were French. Indeed, French bread is still much admired, and the French are still highly civilised. So, too, Vienna bread is looked upon with great favor, and Vienna is regarded as one of the most cultivated of European cities.

yourself, ahead—that you may ever own a big business like he does.

Instead of grumbling why not congratulate yourself that you have a good steady job?

When you go home at night you can sleep restfully.

Often, when he goes home it is to fitful slumber with haunting fears that he may not be able to swing the necessary labor or capital to spell success.

If you are convinced that you are fitted to hold a position carrying larger salary and thereby get more from a business which earns big money, you must show yourself generous with your time and your effort.

With ill-feeling in your heart toward your employer you are not in a frame of mind to become a valuable employee, even in a very minor position.

A Timely Recipe

Berry Pies

Line a deep earthen or granite pie plate with paste, put a half-inch strip round the edge, first wetting the lower paste. Sprinkle over the paste one-half cup of sugar mixed with one rounded tablespoon of flour and dot it with one teaspoon of butter. Fill the plate with berries, which have been washed, drained and rolled in sugar. Cut through the upper crust in two or three places, lay it over the fruit and press the edges close to the rim. Bake about half in hour.

Once Overs

BY J. J. MUNDY

Why feel antagonistic to your employer because he is your employer?

The fact that he is captain of the industry and you are a helper is because he has some prior right to it.

You think that if you were in his position you could give him pointers.

You actually feel that he could take advice from you with profit.

And you feel aggrieved at times because you see so little hope for

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More Truth Than Poetry

BY S. E. KISER

JOHN

If you were gentle Juliet,
And I were Romeo,
I wouldn't fool around and let
Them spoil our loving—no!
Your father might get out his gun
And threaten to be rough,
But I'd not get my hat and run,
I'd stay and call his bluff.

JANE

If you were Romeo, and I
Were Juliet, I fear
You'd find my balcony so high
You couldn't reach it, dear.
So please don't get to dreaming dreams
That I am Juliet;
You haven't shown much class, it seems,
At climbing ladders yet.

JOHN

I often half believe that you
Make light of what I say;
My gifts are neither small nor few,
As I shall prove some day.
Please try to let yourself forget
My meagre salary,
For I will climb the ladder yet;
Be patient, and you'll see.

JANE

Oh, I am thrilled to hear you speak
Of being Romeo,
And when you say you'll reach the peak
I know it will be so;
The climbing's good for people who
Make up their minds to win,
But when, if I may ask, are you
Expecting to begin?

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HANKOW & PORTS.—The str. KIANGYUNG, Capt. Smith, will leave on Sunday, October 19, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. HUIWO, 2,611 Tons, Captain Jackson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, October 20, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The str. KIANGAN, Capt. Ross, will leave on Monday, October 20, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co's s.s. LOONGWO, 2,925 Tons, Captain Dowson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, October 21, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

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HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. KUTWO, 2,664 Tons, Captain Christie, will sail for the above mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Thursday, October 23rd, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone: Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. WOSANG, 1,783 Tons, Captain Bishop, will leave on Saturday, Oct. 25, at daylight. For Freight apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extension to Freight Department.

For Southern Ports

WENCHOW.—The Str. HAEAN Capt. Shewart, will leave on Sunday morning, October 19. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The s.s. NINGSHIN, 2,897 Tons, Captain O. Torgersen, will sail for the above mentioned ports from Ning-Shao wharf on Monday, Oct. 20, at about 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to the Office of The Sau Poh S. N. Co., Ltd., No. 2 Szechuen Road. Telephones: Freight C. 1520, Passage C. 3283.

For Northern Port

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Str. IRENE, Capt. Patourel, will leave on Saturday morning, Oct. 18. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

For Foreign Ports

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Oct. 19	— New York	C. of Rangoon	Br. J. M. & Co.
Oct. 20	— Seattle	Iyo Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Oct. 21	— Seattle	†P. Jefferson	Am. Adl. O. Line
Oct. 25	— San Francisco	†Pres. Taft	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Oct. 25	— Vancouver	†E. of Asia	Am. C.P.O.S.
Oct. 27	— New York	Kosmo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Nov. 2	— San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Nov. 2	— Seattle	P. Grant	Am. Adl. O. Line
Nov. 5	— New York	Moorish Pringce	Prince Line
Nov. 6	— New York	Calchas	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 7	— New York	P. Adams	Am. Dollar Line
Nov. 10	— Vancouver	E. of Canada	Am. C. P. O. S.
Nov. 14	— Seattle	P. Madison	Am. Adl. O. Line

For Europe, India, Straits, Etc.

Oct. 18	— London	Peshawur	Br. P. & O.
Oct. 19	— Rotterdam	Oldenburg	Ger. H. A. L.
Oct. 21	— London	Glenogle	Br. G. L. E. A.
Oct. 21	— London	Dardanus	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 23	— Marseilles	Chantilly	Fr. M.M.
Oct. 25	— Hamburg	Nippon	Ekman F. A. Ltd
Oct. 26	— Rotterdam	Oostkerk	Dut. H.O.A.L.
Oct. 27	— Liverpool	Keemun	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 28	— Hamburg	Oliva	Ger. H. S. Line
Oct. 28	— London	Kashgar	Br. P. & O.
Oct. 29	— London	Theseus	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 31	— London	Cuty of Glasgow	Br. J. M. & Co.
Nov. 1	— London	Kashima Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Nov. 1	— Trieste	Persia	It. L.T.S.N. Co.
Nov. 4	— Hamburg	Havelland	Ger. H. A. L.
Nov. 6	— Marseilles	Porthos	Fr. M. M. Cie
Nov. 7	— Marseilles	P. Adams	Am. Dollar Line
Nov. 10	— London	Glengarry	Br. G.L.E.A.
Nov. 10	— London	City of Durham	Br. J. M. & Co.
Nov. 11	— London	Malwa	Br. P. & O.
Nov. 12	— London	Mentor	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 15	— London	Hakone Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.

For Japan Ports

Oct. 18	— Moji	Omi Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Oct. 22	— Moji	Nikko Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.

For Hongkong, Manila, Java Etc.

Oct. 19	— Hongkong, Manila	Shidzuoka M.	Jap. N. Y. K.
Oct. 25	— Hongkong, Manila	E. of Canada	Am. C. P. O. S.
Oct. 28	— Hongkong	Kashgar	Br. P. & O.
Nov. 1	— Java	Tjilatni	Dut. J.C.J.L.

For Southern Ports

Oct. 18	Noon Amoy and Canton	Suiyang	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 18	D.L. Swatow, Hongkong	Luchow	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 19	Noon Amoy and Canton	Ningpo	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 19	Noon Swatow, Canton	Shantung	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 19	D.L. Amoy and Canton	Sinklang	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 21	D.L. Swatow, Hongkong	Kweichow	Br. B. & S.

For Northern Ports

Oct. 18	Noon Newchwang	Shansi	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 18	D.L. Chefoo, Tientsin	Nanchang	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 18	10:00 *Chefoo, Tientsin	Fengtien	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 18	1:00 Tsingtau	Yingchow	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 19	2:00 Newchwang	Wuhu	Br. B. & S.

For River Ports

Oct. 18	M.N. All Ports	Lueuy!	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 18	M.N. All Ports	Whangpu	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 20	M.N. All Ports	Tatung	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 21	M.N. All Ports	Ngankin	Br. B. & S.

M. N.—MIDNIGHT. †CARRYING M—MORNING

D. L.—DAYLIGHT. *MORNING

The China Press Mail Schedule

TO THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE

DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER	DUE AT	DATE
Oct. 20	9 a.m.	P. Jefferson	Seattle	
Oct. 18	12 noon	Tenyo Maru	S. Francisco	

TO SOUTHERN PORTS, INDIA & EUROPE VIA SUEZ

DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER	DUE AT	DATE
Oct. 22	9 p.m.	Chantilly	Marseilles	
Oct. 24	12 noon	Sicilia	London	

TO NORTHERN PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Chefoo & Tientsin	Today	9:30 a.m.	Kingsing
Chefoo and Newchwang	Today	12 M.N.	Shansi
Tsingtau	Today	11 a.m.	Yingchow
Chefoo & Tientsin	Today	7:30 a.m.	Fengtien
Newchwang	Today	12 M.N.	Hupeh
Chefoo & Tientsin	Oct. 21	12.30 p.m.	Shuntien
Chefoo and Tientsin	Oct. 21	11 p.m.	Pausang
Newchwang	Oct. 21	12 m.n.	Kansu
Tsingtau and Dairen	Oct. 21	12 noon	Saikio Maru
Newchwang	Oct. 22	12 M.N.	Foochow
Chefoo & Tientsin	Oct. 22	12 m.n.	Kuelchow
Tsingtau	Oct 22	11 p.m.	Waishing

TO SOUTHERN PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Hongkong and Canton	Today	9 a.m.	P. Grant
Hongkong & Canton	Today	8 p.m.	Oldenburg
Amoy	Today	12 M.N.	Luchow
Swatow	Today	11 p.m.	Taksang
Wenchow	Today	12 M.N.	Haean
Hongkong & Canton	Oct. 19	8 p.m.	Korea Maru
Swatow	Oct. 20	12 m.n.	Sanning
Swatow	Oct. 20	12 M.N.	Sunning
Foochow	Oct. 21	6 p.m.	Ningshin
Swatow	Oct. 21	11 p.m.	Kwongsang
Amoy	Oct. 22	12 M.N.	Szechuen
Hongkong and Canton	Oct. 22	9 p.m.	Chantilly
Hongkong & Canton	Oct. 24	12 noon	Sicilia

MISCELLANEOUS PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Manila direct	Today	8 p.m.	Shidzuoka M.
Germany via ports	Today	8 p.m.	Oldenburg
Manila, Australia & New Zealand via Hongkong	Today	9 a.m.	P. Grant
Manila, Australia & New Zealand via H'kong	Oct. 19	8 p.m.	Korea Maru
Japan ports	Oct. 20	8 p.m.	Shanghai M
Japan ports	Oct. 21	8 p.m.	Nikko Maru
Manila, Australia & New Zealand via H'kong	Oct. 22	9 p.m.	Chantilly
Manila, Australia & New Zealand via H'kong	Oct. 24	12 noon	Sicilia

-:- Shipping Items -:-

EUROPEAN LINES

The N.D.L. s.s. Elberfeld which left Singapore on October 13 is now expected to arrive in Shanghai via Suez and ports on Oct. 24.

The N.A. & A. line s.s. Tungsha from Christiania and ports left Hamburg on Sept. 5 and is now expected to arrive in Shanghai on October 28.

The H.A.O.L. s.s. Schiedyk from Hamburg is expected to arrive in Shanghai on October 25.

The P. & O. s.s. Mantau left London on Sept. 26 at 1 p.m. for Shanghai via Suez and ports and is expected to arrive here on November 18.

The J.C.J.L. s.s. Tjimanock from Java ports is expected to arrive in Shanghai on Saturday, October 18.

The H.O.A.L. s.s. Ouderkerk from Hamburg via Suez and ports is expected to arrive in Shanghai on November 22.

The P. & O. s.s. Malwa is expected to leave Hongkong at 4 p.m. Thursday, Oct. 16 for Shanghai.

The G.L.E.A. Glenapp from London and U. K. ports via Suez is expected to arrive in Shanghai on November 3.

The L.T.S.N. s.s. Nippon which sailed from Trieste on Sunday, from Singapore for Shanghai via via Suez is expected to arrive here on November 23.

The N.D.L. s.s. Coblenz which sailed from Port Said on Oct. 12 is expected to arrive in Shanghai via Suez and ports on November 14.

The J.C.J.L. s.s. Tjikini from Java ports sailed for Shanghai on October 5 and is now expected to arrive in ports on October 30.

The Glen Line m.v. Glengarry, from London left Hongkong for Shanghai on Wednesday morning, October 15 and is due here on Saturday morning, October 18, berthing at the China Merchants' Lower Wharf.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Mentor from Liverpool via Suez and ports left Singapore on Oct. 12 enroute to Shanghai via Hongkong and is expected to arrive her on Monday, October 21.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Lycaon from European ports via Suez left Singapore on Oct. 12 for Hongkong and Shanghai and is expected to arrive here on Monday, Oct. 21.

The P. & O. s.s. Karmala is expected to leave Colombo for Shanghai via Indian ports and Hongkong on Saturday, Oct. 18.

AMERICAN LINES

The Dollar Line s.s. President Adams from New York via Panama sailed from San Francisco enroute to Shanghai on October 13 and is due to arrive here on Nov. 4.

The Columbia Pacific s.s. Anna E. Morse from Portland Oregon is expected to arrive in Shanghai on October 30 and will sail for Portland via Hongkong and Manila on November 1.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Shidzuoka Maru from Seattle via Japan ports is expected to arrive in Shanghai on October 18 and will sail for Hongkong and Manila on the following day, October 19.

The O. S. K. s.s. Manila Maru from Seattle via Japan ports is expected to arrive in Shanghai on October 21 and will sail for America via Japan ports again on November 4.

The Dollar s.s. Harold Dollar which is loaded at Hankow on October 15 for Vancouver direct and is expected to load in Shanghai on October 21. The steamer may call at Los Angeles, San Francisco and Portland if sufficient inducement are offered.

The Dollar Line s.s. President Garfield from New York via Panama is due to sail from San Francisco for Japan ports and Shanghai and is expected to arrive here on November 18.

The Dollar line s.s. President Polk from New York is expected to leave San Francisco on Nov. 8 and is due here on December 2.

The Adl. O. Line s.s. President Jefferson from Manila and Hongkong is expected to arrive here on October 20 and will sail for Seattle via Japan Ports on October 21.

The President Madison from Seattle and Japan ports is expected to arrive in Shanghai on Oct. 28 and is due to sail for Hongkong and Manila on Oct. 29.

Sailed From Shanghai

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

Algonquin	Sept. 23
Argon	Oct. 3
Asia	Sept. 19
Empire Arrow	Oct. 2
Nation	Sept. 3
President Lincoln	Sept. 13
President Pierce	Oct. 10
Siberia Maru	Sept. 23
Shinyo Maru	Sept. 9
Tahchee	Oct. 7
Taiyo Maru	Oct. 6
Tenyo Maru	Aug. 11
Pres. Cleveland	Sept. 28
President Taft	Aug. 16
Kongosan Maru	Sept. 23
Korea Maru	Aug. 25
Java Arrow	Aug. 27
President Wilson	Aug. 31
Romeo	Aug. 31

FOR VANCOUVER

Empress of Asia	Aug. 31
Empress of Australia	Oct. 15

Men-Of-War In Port

Station	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
11. 2	Apr. 19	Cricket	Br. Gun-boat
S.E.W.	May 30	Hira	Jap. Destroyer
Woosung	Aug. 30	Borie	Am. Destroyer
U.S.N.R.	Aug. 30	Tracy	Am. Destroyer
U.S.N.R.	Aug. 30	Thompson	Am. Destroyer
P. B. 2	Aug. 27	Bee	Br. Gun-boat
15 R.	Aug. 30	Despatch	Br. Cruiser
J. N. B.	Sept. 1	Jono	Jap. Cruiser
6 R.	Sept. 2	Libia	It. Cruiser
U. S. N. B.	Sept. 2	Barker	Am. Destroyer
R.D.W.	Sept. 3	Preble	Am. Destroyer
R.D.W.	Sept. 3	Hulbert	Am. Destroyer
F.N.B.	Sept. 3	Jules Ferry	Fr. Cruiser
U.S.N.R.	Sept. 11	Ford	Am. destroyer
U.S.N.R.	Sept. 11	Sicard	Am. destroyer
U.S.N.R.	Sept. 12	Huron	Am. Cruiser
U.S.N.R.	Sept. 16	Whipple	Am. destroyer
———	Sept. 17	Patria	Portuguese Gun-boat
J.N.B.	Sept. 18	Tsushima	Jap. Cruiser
B.N.B.	Sept. 20	Woodlark	Br. Gun-boat
———	Sept. 22	Isabel	Am. Yacht
———	Sept. 22	J. D. Edwards	Am. Destroyer
U.S.N.R.	Sept. 23	Pruitt	Am. Destroyer
———	Sept. 26.	Truxton	Am. Drestroyer
B.N.B.	Sept. 29	Carlisle	Br. Cruiser
J.N.B.	Sept. 29	Saga	Jap. Gun-boat
———	Sept. 30	Pidgeon	Am. Gun-boat
	Oct. 1	Asheville	Am. Gun-boat
B.N.B.	Oct. 3	Dismede	Br. Cruiser
J.N.B.	Oct. 5	Craonne	Fr. Sloop
F.N.B.	Oct. 5	Uji	Jap. Gun-boat

Information For Mariners

SATURDAY, OCT. 18, 1924

The morning tides are higher than the evening tides, they are about equal after noon and midnight.
Approximate rise, at spring 4¼ h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at spring 3¼ h; at neaps, 7½ h.

Time	Range	Time	Range
3h. 02m.	6ft. 7in.	3h. 20m.	8ft. 1in.

High Water at Hungsha Lightship
(The morning tide are higher than the evening tides.)
Approximate rise, 1½ h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M.	P.M.
2h. 05m.	2h. 22m.

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset.

Moon		Sun		Daylight	Dark
Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets		
9:17 p.m.	10:36 a.m.	6h. 04m.	5h. 27m.	5h. 19m.	6h. 12m.

Empress of Canada	Sept. 15	Kabinga	Oct. 10
Empress of Canada	Sept. 28	Kalyan	Sept. 2
Scerstad	Sept. 18	Katori Maru	Oct. 4
FOR SEATTLE		City of Manila	Sept. 8
Africa Maru	Sept. 2	Kaiser-I-Hind	Sept. 17
Arabia Maru	Sept. 30	Kamo Maru	Sept. 20
Arizona Maru	Sept. 14	Kashmir	Sept. 30
Edmore	Sept. 23	Kitano Maru	Sept. 22
Hannawa	Sept. 12	Kitano Maru	Sept. 26
Horaisan Maru	Aug. 18	Mantau	Aug. 19
Kaga Maru	Oct. 1	Nagoya	Sept. 7
Pres. McKinley	Sept. 27	Delagoa Maru	Sept. 25
Pres. Jackson	Aug. 10	Perseus	Sept. 9
President Madison	Sept. 14	Pembrokeshire	Sept. 10
Storevken	Sept. 22	Pyrrhus	Aug. 13
Transvaal	Sept. 24	Ixion	Aug. 1
Wawalona	Sept. 16	Glenbeg	Aug. 11
West O'Rowa	Oct. 6	Rhesus	Sept. 17
West Himrod	Aug. 7	Sarpedon	Sept. 5
West Keats	Aug. 8	Trolius	Aug. 27
West Niga	Sept. 25	Glenifer	Sept. 23
West Jena	Oct. 4	Tsuruga Maru	Aug. 26
West Jessup	Aug. 16	Argun Maru	Aug. 31
WestO'Rowa	Oct. 6	**FOR HAMBURG**	
Wheatland Montana	Aug. 27	Aachen	Oct. 8
Yokohama Maru	Sept. 4	Albert Vogler	Sept. 20
Manila Maru	Aug. 17	Boeton	Sept. 1
Cross Keys	Aug. 26	Boeroe	Sept. 21
FOR NEW YORK		Emil Kirdorf	August 17
Alaska Maru	Sept. 28	Meunsterland	Sept. 17
Bowes Castle	Sept. 20	Mito Maru	Sept. 23
City of Rangoon	Oct. 15	Oldekerk	Aug. 24
City of Yokohama	Sept. 13	Paris Maru	Sept. 30
Eurylochus	Oct. 10	Rheinland	Aug. 17
Radnor	Aug. 7	Scheer	Sept. 16
Hakusan Maru	Aug. 10	Schlesien	Sept. 16
Liberator	Oct. 10	Trier	Oct. 13
Liston Maru	Oct. 15	**FOR COPENHAGEN**	
Mayehaski Maru	Sept. 11	Australien	Sept. 23
President Harrision	Sept. 12	**FOR BARCELONIA**	
President Hayes	Oct. 10	Legazpi	Sept. 1
President Polk	Aug. 15	**FOR TRIESTE**	
President Van Buren	Sept. 26	Fiume L.	Oct. 2
Taketoyo Maru	Aug. 13	**FOR MARSEILLES**	
Teucer	Sept. 26	Andre Lebon	Sept. 25
Bellerophon	Aug. 16	Angkor	Aug. 14
Hanavor	Aug. 24	Azay Le Rideau	Sept. 4
Romeo	Aug. 31	Paul Lecat	Sept. 11
FOR UNITED KINGDOM		**FOR INDIA**	
Adrastus	Aug. 20	Aymeric	Aug. 18
Antiochus	Sept. 14	Doncleuch	Aug. 8
Autolycus	Oct. 3	Nagato Maru	Aug. 8
Teiresias	Aug. 6	Sado Maru	Sept. 11
Glaucus	Sept. 10	Sicilia	Aug. 16
City of Bagdad	Aug. 9	Soudan	Sept. 26
City of Durban	Sept. 28	Tamba Maru	Oct. 3
City of Pekin	Sept. 25	Tokushima Maru	Sept. 27
Devanha	Aug. 5	Aki Maru	Aug. 27
Durban Maru	Sept. 5	Henrik	Sept. 30
Eumaeus	Sept. 18	Horang	Sept. 27
Eurypylus	Sept. 3		
Haruna	Sept. 6		
Helenus	Oct. 9		

M. MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, SERVICES CONTRACTUELS M.

Mail Steamers from Marseilles	Next sailing for Kobe and Yokohama	Probable sailing for Kobe and Yokohama	Probable sailing for Marseilles
JHANTHIA			3rd Oct.
PORTHOS	11th Sept.	24th Oct.	4th Nov.
AMAZONE	25th Sept.	7th Nov.	20th Nov.
ANGKOR	9th Oct.	21st Nov.	4th Dec.
ANGERS	23rd Oct.	5th Dec.	18th Dec.
PAUL LECAT	6th Nov.	19th Dec.	1st Jan., 1925.

RATES OF PASSAGE
(Including table wine and free Doctor's attendance)

	1st CLASS		2nd CLASS	
Marseilles	A. £ 95	B. £ 85	A. £ 65	B. £ 60
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U.S.S.B. S.S. "DEWEY" ..... November 7
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST NOMENTUM" ..... November 7
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST KEATS" ..... November 13

For Portland, via Hongkong, and Manila:
U.S.S.B. S.S. "ANNA E. MORSE" ..... November 2
U.S.S.B. S.S. "DEWEY" ..... November 12

For Portland, via Tsingtau, Taku Bar and Dairen
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST NOMENTUM" ..... November 10
U.S.S.B. S.S. 'WEST KEATS" ..... November 16

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OUTWARD BOUND	At Shanghai
S.S. "ELBERFELD"	October 24
*S.S. "COBLENZ"	November 12
S.S. "PFALZ"	December 14
*S.S. "DERFFLINGER"	January 7
*M.S. "FULDA"	February 4
*S.S. "TRIER"	March 4
*S.S. "SAARBRUECKEN"	April 1
*S.S. "COBLENZ"	April 29

HOMEWARD BOUND	From Shanghai
S.S. "ELBERFELD"	November 22
*S.S. "COBLENZ"	December 15
S.S. "LUDWIGSHAFEN"	January 14
*S.S. "DERFFLINGER"	February 1
*M.S. "FULDA"	March 4
*S.S. "TRIER"	April 1
*S.S. "SAARBRUECKEN"	April 28
*S.S. "COBLENZ"	May 26

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*Kashgar	Oct. 28	Khiva	Dec. 23	Kashmir	Feb. 17
Malwa	Nov. 11	Macedonia	Jan. 6	Malwa	Mar. 3
Karmala	Nov. 25	Kalyan	Jan. 20	Kashgar	Mar. 17
Mantua	Dec. 9	Morea	Feb. 3	Mantua	Mar. 31

*Calls at Hull and Casablanca.

P. & O. to Bombay—via Hongkong, Straits & Colombo.	Sicilia	Oct.	24
B. I. to Calcutta—from Hongkong via Singapore & Penang.	Sardinia	Nov.	21
	Takada	Oct.	28
B. I. to Calcutta—from Shanghai via Japan, Hongkong & Straits.	Talma	Nov.	11

P. & O. & B. I. Co.'s tickets interchangeable under certain conditions

E. & O. to Sydney and Melbourne—from Hongkong via Manila, Townsville & Brisbane.	St. Albans	Oct.	29
	Eastern	Nov.	26
	Arafura	Dec.	31

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Sailings

To Vancouver via Japan Ports

STEAMER	S'hai Leave	Nagasaki Leave	Kobe Leave	Y'hama Leave	Vancvr. Arrive
Emp. of Asia	Oct. 25	Oct. 27	Oct. 29	Nov. 1	Nov. 10
Emp. of Canada	Nov. 10		Nov. 12	Nov. 15	Nov. 24
Emp. of Russia	Nov. 22	Nov. 24	Nov. 26	Nov. 29	Dec. 8
Emp. of Australia	Dec. 8		Dec. 10	Dec. 13	Dec. 24
	1925	1925	1925	1925	1925
Emp. of Asia	Jan. 10	Jan. 12	Jan. 14	Jan. 17	Jan. 26
Emp. of Canada	Jan. 26		Jan. 28	Jan. 31	Feb. 9
Emp. of Russia	Feb. 9	Feb. 10	Feb. 12	Feb. 14	Feb. 23
Emp. of Australia	Feb. 23		Feb. 25	Feb. 28	Mar. 11
Emp. of Asia	Mar. 9	Mar. 10	Mar. 12	Mar. 15	Mar. 23
Emp. of Canada	Mar. 23		Mar. 25	Mar. 28	Apr. 6
Emp. of Russia	Apr. 6	Apr. 7	Apr. 9	Apr. 11	Apr. 20
Emp. of Australia	Apr. 20		Apr. 23	Apr. 25	May 6
Emp. of Asia	May 4	May 5	May 7	May 9	May 18
Emp. of Canada	May 18		May 20	May 23	June 1
Emp. of Russia	June 1	June 2	June 4	June 6	June 15
Emp. of Australia	June 15		June 17	June 20	July 1

To Hongkong and Manila

STEAMER	Shanghai Leave	H'kong Arrive	H'kong Leave	Manila Arrive
Emp. of Canada	Oct. 25	Oct. 27	Oct. 29	Oct. 31
Emp. of Russia	Nov. 8	Nov. 10	Nov. 12	Nov. 14
Emp. of Australia	Nov. 25	Nov. 27		
Emp. of Asia	Dec. 7	Dec. 9	Dec. 11	Dec. 13
Emp. of Canada	Dec. 22	Dec. 24	Dec. 26	Dec. 28

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Homeward Bound:

S.S. "Oostkerk"		October 26
S.S. "Schiedijk"	on or about	November 25
S.S. "Ouderkerk"	do	December 23
S.S. "Salawati"	do	January 20
S.S. "Oldekerk"	do	February 18

Outward Bound:

S.S. "Schiedijk"	due at Shanghai about	Oct. 25
S.S. "Ouderkerk"	due at Shanghai	November 22

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For Hongkong and Java Ports:

For Hongkong and Philippine Islands Ports:
U.S.S.B. "WEST JESTER" ..... November 16

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Telegrams—"Dixstruth"

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S.S. LIBERATOR ..... Oct. 5

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TENYO MARU	October	18
*KOREA MARU	November	2
SHINYO MARU	November	17
*SIBERIA MARU	December	3
TAIYO MARU	December	14

*Proceeding direct to Los Angeles via San Francisco.

*KOREA MARU	January	21

For Hongkong

KOREA MARU	October	20
SHINYO MARU	November	4

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S.S. President Jefferson sails October 21, for SEATTLE, via Kobe, Yokohama and Victoria

SAILINGS EVERY 12 DAYS

FOR SEATTLE, VICTORIA VIA KOBE AND YOKOHAMA

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive Seattle
"PRESIDENT JEFFERSON"	Oct. 21	Nov. 6
"PRESIDENT GRANT"	Nov. 2	Nov. 18
"PRESIDENT MADISON"	Nov. 12	Nov. 30
"PRESIDENT McKINLEY"	Nov. 26	Dec. 12

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N.Y.K.

Proposed Sailings from Shanghai

For Japan.

Omi Maru	Oct. 18
†Shanghai Maru	Oct. 21
Nikko Maru	Oct. 22
Yamashiro Maru	Oct. 25
Suwa Maru	Oct. 25
Kumano Maru	Oct. 28

For Seattle via Victoria, B.C.

Iyo Maru	Oct. 20

For Europe

Atsuta Maru	Oct. 18
Kashima Maru	Nov. 1
*Matsuye Maru	Nov. 7
Hokone Maru	Nov. 15
*Tajima Maru	Nov. 18

For Australian Ports from Hongkong

Mishima Maru	Nov 12

For Manila and Hongkong

Shidzuoka Maru	Oct. 19

For New York, Boston via San Francisco and Panama

*Tsuyama Maru	Nov. 8

For Bombay

Morioka Maru	Oct. 24

For Calcutta from Hongkong

*Osaka Maru	Oct. 19

For South America via Cape from Kobe.

Awa Maru	Oct. 29

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FOR NEW YORK via PANAMA
S.S. HAVANA M. ..Nov. 22

FOR SEATTLE & VANCOUVER
S.S. ALABAMA M. .Oct. 26
S.S. MANILA M. ..Nov. 4

FOR TIENTSIN (direct)
S.S. CHOSHU M. ...Oct. 23

FOR JAPAN (via DAIREN)
S.S. ATLAS M. ....Nov. 21

FOR FORMOSA via FOOCHOW
S.S. KOHOKU M. .Nov. 1
S.S. SEIKYO MARU Nov. 15

FOR TSINGTAO, TIENTSIN and DAIREN
S.S. KOHOKU M. ..Oct. 17
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Hongkong, Manila, Straits, Colombo, Port Said

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†S.S. "OLIVA"	on or about the 26th of Oct.
S.S. "CARL LEGIEN"	on or about the 14th of Nov.
S.S. "ADOLF VON BAEYER"	on or about the 10th of Dec.
†S.S. "HINDENBURG"	on or about the 9th of Jan. 1924
S.S. "EMIL KIRDORF"	on or about the 2nd of Feb.
*S.S. "SCHEER"	on or about the 9th of March
S.S. "ALBERT VOGLER"	on or about the 9th of April
S.S. "CARL LEGIEN"	on or about the 9th of May

†This boat has only a limited cabin accommodation.
*This boat has no cabin accommodation.

Fares from Shanghai to Naples:

£76

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ROUND THE WORLD

President Adams Sails November 7

PORTS OF CALL
Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles.

BOSTON—NEW YORK
Returning via Cuba, Panama Canal, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Honolulu and Japan.

Sailings from Shanghai

President Garfield	Nov. 21
President Monroe	Dec. 19
President Harrison	Jan. 2
President Van Buren	Jan. 16
President Hayes	Jan. 30

Superb cuisine—Fresh fruits and vegetables—Service by Chinese stewards—American jazz orchestra—Commodious state-rooms—Ample deck and lounging space.
An Ideal Voyage

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London—Rotterdam—Antwerp—Hamburg

Sailings Monthly

S.S. "INDEPENDENCE" Middle October

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ADMIRAL ORIENTAL LINE, Agents
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Next Sailings from Shanghai

OUTWARD FOR YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND MOJI

S.S. "DUCHESSA D'AOSTA"	sails about	November 10
S.S. "NPPON"*	sails about	November 27
S.S. "ROSANDRA"	sails about	December 10
S.S. "NUMIDIA"*	sails about	December 28
S.S. "VENEZIA"	sails about	January 10 1925
S.S. "LACONIA"*	sails about	January 27 1925

HOMEWARD FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE

S.S. "PERSIA"	sails about	November 1
S.S. "DUCHESSA D'AOSTA"	sails about	December 2
S.S. "NPPON"*	sails about	December 27
S.S. "ROSANDRA"	sails about	January 1 1925
S.S. NUMIDIA"*	sails about	January 27 1925
S.S. "VENEZIA"	sails about	February 1 1925
S.S. "LACONIA"*	sails about	February 26 1925

*Cargo only.

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AUCTION SALES

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LIMITED

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SUMMARY OF AUCTIONS

On Saturday, 18th October, 1924, at 10 a.m.

Salvage Auction at Messrs. Racine & Co's Godown 11 Avenue Edward VII

On Saturday, 18th October, 1924, at 10 a.m.

Excellent Household Furniture, New Tientsin, Indian, Common, Wilton, Axminster, Carpets & Rugs, Typewriters, Pianos, "Oranier" & Salamander stoves, Astrakan Coat, "Victory" Safe, Persian Cats, Dogs, White Cockatoo, Pigeons, etc.

On Monday, 20th October, 1924, at 10 a.m.

At 634 Rue de L'Observatoire, Superior Household Furniture, Piano & Sundries,

On Tuesday, 21st October, 1924, at 10 a.m.

At 206 Rue Bourgeat, Superior Household Furniture, Piano & Sundries,

DETAILS OF AUCTIONS AS UNDER:—

Auction at Messrs Racine & Co's Godown
11 Avenue Edward VII

On Saturday, 13th October, 1924, at 10 a.m.

Salvage Auction No. 11.

Salvage of:—

430 Cases Ultramarine, 43 Cases Bevelled Mirrors, 76 Bundles of 500 Rolls Wall Papers, 40 Cases Electrols for welding, 12 Rolls Rubber Mats, Motor Truck Tyres, Bicycle Tyres, Inner Tubes, Rickshaw Tyres etc. More or less damaged

Now On view.

In Front Salesroom

On Saturday, 18th October, 1924, at 10 a.m.

Excellent Household Furniture, New Tientsin, Indian, Common, Wilton, Axminster, Carpets and Rugs, Typewriters, Pianos, "Oranier" and Salamandre stoves, Astrakan Coat, "Victory" Safe, Persian Cats, Dogs, Talking White Cockatoo, Homers and other Pigeons, Motor Cars, etc.

Comprising:—

Japanese cherry woou curio cabinet, dark stained dining table, dark stained dining chairs upholstered in gold brocade, Canton black wood chairs, black satin cushions, red lacquered tables, ice chest, wall cabinet, wall mirror, black satin covered arm chair, teak mahogany stained tapestry covered drawing room furniture, chesterfield couch, Chinese red wood table, oak wood bedroom suite 7 pcs. Simmons Brass double & single bedsteads with spring & mattresses, sideboard, dinnner waggon, dining table, dining chairs overmantle, pictures, blue silk sweater, Enamelled iron bath tub, gents bicycle, perambulator, books, cut glass ware "Alpacca" cigarette boxes, earrings, cuff links, oil painting, glass ware crockery, cooking utensils, new ladies hats etc.

Also

1 "Junker and Ruh" Heating Stove
1 "Victory" Steel safe with stand,
1 Mahogany stained fine toned upright piano by Moutrie,
1 Black stained fine toned upright piano by Moutrie,
1 Fine toned Moutrie upright Grand Style IV B Piano,
1 Astrakan coat with satin lining,
1 Pair of Goerz Prismatic binoculars magnification 12",
Tientsin, Indian, Wilton, Axminster, Common, carpets & rugs, size 9 X 12, 7 X 10,4 X 7,3 X 6,9' 2" X 6' 6" ,9' 7" X 6' 4" ,12' 6" X 9' 1" ,9 X 6,
"Hesperia", "Oliver", "Blickensderfer" Typewriters,
"Salamandre" & New "Oranier" heating Stove.
1 Cinematograph Machine on stand with film etc.
1 Model Steam Engine
8 Cases of assorted Wine
1 Rubber tyred Rickshaw
1 Model railway trains complete with track etc.

ABOUT AT NOON

1 Limousine 6 Cylinder 7 Seater "Chandler" Car In Running Order. Recently renovated.
1 "Berliet" Limousine seven-seater Motor Car in good condition and of handsome appearance.
1 Fox Terrier, 2 Fox Terrier Pups,
1 Alsatian Wolfhound, bitch 7 months old,
1 Tibetan Poodle, 1 Half Bred Police Dog,
1 Pekinese Spaniel Dog, 3 Spaniel Pups,
1 Talking White Cockatoo (yellow crested)
6 Pure White Adult Persian Cats, 1 Pointer Dog 6 months old.
10 Pairs of Homers & other Pigeons,

Now On View.

Favoured with instructions from The Concerned Will sell by Public Auction within the premises NO. 634 RUE DE L'OBSERVATOIRE (near Avenue Dubail)

the whole of the

Excellent Household Furniture & Sundries

comprising:—

HALL:—Matting, umbrella vase, golf clubs with bag, table & chairs, etc., etc.

DRAWING ROOM:—Axminster carpet, oak flat top desk, chair, flower stands, wicker couch and arm chairs with cretonne cushions, square tables, electric table lamp, Pictures, vases, curtains, etc., etc.

DINING ROOM:—Axminster, carpet, Large carved sideboard with cabinet, Cellarette, extension dining table, reversible seated chairs, flower stands, teapoys, E. P. ware, crockery & glass ware, Electric table fan and lamp, porcelain ware, curtains, oak ice chest, etc., etc.

CONTENTS OF 3 BEDROOMS:—Axminster carpets, Teak wood inlaid suite comprising large bevelled mirror door wardrobe, bevelled mirror back dressing table, chest of drawers, marble top washstand, Solid brass double bedstead, Mahogany, stained bevelled mirror door wardrobe, dressing table, wooden bedstead, Grey enamelled iron twin bedsteads, bed linen, Oak stained wardrobes, bevelled mirror back dressing tables, Chairs, silk tapestry upholstered spring sofa and arm chairs, Carved framed pictures, curtains, etc., etc.

On view Sunday,

L. MOORE & CO., LTD.
Head Office,
No. 45 Kiangse Road

$13.- per ton — SUPREME KITCHEN COAL (Cash With Order) Goods delivered Within 24 hours THE SHANGHAI COAL CO. X 1292-4 N. Shanse Road Tel. N. 1553

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Is a masterful screen production, better than anything you have seen before.

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An Inspired Leader Like
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An Inventive Genius Like
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A Golden Singer Like
Caruso,
A Peerless General Like
Napoleon,
AND A REALLY GREAT SCREEN PRODUCTION LIKE
"Scaramouche"

Sir. Wm. Crookes

O.I.C. Glasses
Any Prescription Regardless of the Original Price Whether $10 or $20 at the O.I.C.
$5.00 Any Rx

Spick and Span from Shanghai Steam Laundry

Your laundry done by us means that your things are going to be spick and span. We are hard on dirt but not on clothes, and look at our charges, $5.00 per 100, on monthly contracts.

Shanghai Steam Laundry Co.
8 Thorburn Road
Tel. E. 386

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on October 14, 1924.

BUTCHER'S MEAT		
Beef	per lb.	20-35
Mutton	,,	30-40
Pork	,,	30-40
Veal	,,	30-40
FISH		
Bream	per lb.	25-30
Cod	,,	25-30
Mandarin	,,	40-60
Mackerel	,,	40-45
Pomfret	,,	40-50
Salmon	,,	30-35
Samli	,,	60-80
Soles	,,	40-50
Whitebait	,,	none
GAME POULTRY AND EGGS		
Deer	each	$2.50-$3.00
Hare	,,	45-50
Partridge	,,	none
Pheasant	,,	80-$1.00
Plover	,,	none
Quail	,,	20-25
Snipe	,,	18-20
Woodcock	,,	50-60
Teal	,,	16-20
Fowl	per lb.	25-30
Duck	each	50-80
Wild Duck	,,	35-40
Geese	,,	80-$1.00
Wild Geese	,,	none
Pigeons	,,	20-25
Wild Pigeon	,,	12-14
Turkey	per lb.	55-60
Eggs	per doz.	30-35
FRUIT		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	,,	15-20
Bananas	,,	7-8
Chesinuts	,,	18-20
Cherries	per lb.	none
Cocoanuts	each	18-20
Figs	per lb.	6-8
Grapes	,,	18-20
Grape fruit	each	30-35
Lichees	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	8-10
Mangoes	each	none
Melons	,,	none
Mangosteens	ped doz.	none
Oranges	,,	$1.20-$1.40
Peaches	per lb.	none
Persimmons	,,	12-14
Pumeloes	each	20-25
Pineapples	,,	none
Pears	per lb.	12-14
Peeboes	,,	none
Plums	per. lb.	none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	,,	15-18
VEGETABLES		
Artichokes	each	none
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Beetroot	per bunch	3-5
Broad Beans	per lb.	6-8
Egg Plant	,,	10-13
French Beans	,,	8-10
Cabbages	each	8-10
Celery	per bunch	none
Cucumber	per lb.	12-15
Carrots	per bunch	6-6
Cauliflower	each	30-40
Green Corn	,,	4-5
Leeks	per bunch	4-5
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	,,	5-8
Peas	,,	20-25
Parsnips	per bunch	5-6
Potatoes	per picul	$2.20-$2.60
Radishes	per bunch	2-3
Tomatoes	per lb.	6-8
Spinach	,,	4-5
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
GRAIN AND FLOUR		
Flour American	50 lbs.	$4.25
Flour Shanghai	,,	$3.00
Bran	per 114 lbs.	$2.90
Barley	,,	$3.60
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$18.00
MILK		
Chinese dairies	per bottle	$0.20
Foreign dairies	,,	$0.25
FUEL		
Fire Wood	per 40 bundles	$1.00
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 15.75
Stove Coal	,,	Tls. 18.75

E. Kilner,
Chief Inspector.

COOLIDGE'S THANKS FOR WORLD FLYERS

THANKED BY COOLIDGE

When the American Army Air Service 'round-the-world flyers reached Ice Tickle, near Indian Harbor, Labrador, their first contact with the American continent since leaving Alaska, Admiral Magruder, commanding their naval escort, lined them up on shore and read to them President Coolidge's personal thanks for their daring. Left to right are Lieutenants Lowell Smith, flight commander; Erik Nelson, pilot, and John Harding and Leslie Arnold, mechanicians.

Advertising Men Want To Protect Scenery

An extensive campaign for the elimination by degrees of objectionable advertising signs from the public highways and the preservation of the scenic charm of America has been launched by the organised outdoor advertising industry, in co-operation with Chambers of Commerce, women's clubs and other civic and business organisations. The object of the campaign is to allay the widespread criticism directed against the promiscuous outdoor sign, which has multiplied in an extraordinary degree since the automobile came into general use.

Men who represent organised outdoor advertising in 12,500 towns are expected to take an active part in the campaign. All of these men will receive from a central headquarters information about the achievements in other States and of the methods used to get rid of certain abuses that, it is thought, bring discredit on the business of legitimate outdoor advertising.

Possibilities of the campaign have been demonstrated in New Jersey, and as a consequence, it is asserted, several parts of that State present a more pleasing face to the tourist. Fortunately, New Jersey has a State law that makes it illegal to put up any kind of advertisement without first obtaining the written consent of the owner or the tenant of the property. The same law also sates that any such advertisement put up without written permission shall be considered a public nuisance and may be removed by anybody. The very existence of this law has made it comparatively easy to bring about a vast improvement in the appearance of the popular Jersey highways.

The heads of organised outdoor advertising in New Jersey are engaged in making a survey of the highways of the State, with the particular object of locating any advertising structures that hide dangerous crossings or block beautiful views in scenic country. This State survey idea will be carried out eventually in every State in the Union through the national outdoor advertising organisations.

THE LAW IN NINE STATES

At present nine States have a law making it illegal to put up advertising signs within the limits of a public highway. This refers to the public right of way which belongs to the State—usually a distance of thirty or forty feet from the center of the road on each side. Alice Ames Winter, formerly President of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, describes in the July issue of The Ladies' Home Journal the operation of the State Highway law in Minnesota. She writes: "It is an evidence that 'the world do move' to note that in Minnesota such signs are forbidden now on State highways, and that between 600,000 and 700,000 have been torn down of late."

Connecticut newspapers report that many thousands of signs and posters tacked on trees, poles and fences within the legal limits of the public highways have been removed by the State Highway Department. In the Spring of every year there are certain individuals who like to take advantage of the free publicity that such signs afford. They go out, usually at night, and tack up their signs on any available tree or pole, whether it be on State property or private property. Consequently, Connecticut, as well as other States, must spend a considerable amount of money each year for the removal of such signs.

The organised outdoor advertising men believe that every State should have a law to prevent the erection of advertising signs within the limits of a public highway. In Minnesota and other States members of the Poster Advertising Association and other outdoor organisations favored the passage of the bill, and later co-operated in its enforcement.

ADVERTISING FELLOWSHIP ESTABLISHED

As a part of its national program the outdoor advertising industry has turned to an educational institution for aid in solving some of its problems. An outdoor advertising fellowship has been established at the University of Wisconsin to be called "the Barney Link Fellowship" in honor of a New York man who was for many years President of the Van Beuren Company in this city. Mr. Link, who died in 1917, was for ten years previous an outstanding figure in outdoor advertising. The work at the University of Wisconsin will consist largely of practical experiments looking toward the improvement and development of outdoor advertising throughout the entire nation, with the goal in mind of a great national medium that will win not only the tacit approval but the genuine admiration of the public.

Another feature is the support of poster art contests in the public schools of numerous States. Prizes are offered to encourage training in poster design so that the boys and girls of today, who will be the leaders of community efforts tomorrow, will be assisted in developing artistic skill and a sense of color harmonies. Incidentally, this training opens a profitable career for many of these young artists, because posters used today bring excellent remuneration to those who paint them.

In discussing the plan to cooperate with local organisations for the purpose of beautifying the countryside and making city approaches more pleasing, Kerwin H. Fulton, President of the Poster Advertising Company and the O. J. Gude Company, said that "there exists today in the public mind a great deal of confusion as to what comes under the term 'billboards.' Motorists see tin and paper signs tacked to trees and fences, signs painted on rocks, dilapidated posters on barns—and much of this promiscuous advertising certainly deserves the name 'billboards.'

"As a matter of fact, however, there is a great distinction between the neat poster panels in their green frames, the dignified, well-placed painted bulletins, and the illegitimate advertising signs which are put up mainly by irresponsible people without any regard to ethics or good taste. Poster panels are always erected on carefully selected sites. Very often they enhance the appearance of the locality, constituting the only spot of color in a drab neighborhood."

"ART GALLERY OF THE PEOPLE"

In many communities, according to outdoor advertising men, such posters represent "the art gallery of the people." All, they say, are clean and wholesome, and many are the work of well-known artists. Among those who have painted poster designs are Clarence Underwood, Maxfield Parrish, Maud Tousey Fangel, Neysa McMein, J. C. Leyendecker, Norman Rockwell, N. C. Wyeth, Penrhyn Stanlaws, Edward Penfield, C. Allan Gilbert, Harrison Fisher, McClellan Barclay and Adolph Treidler.

"Frankly," continued Mr. Fulton, "I believe that a good deal of the criticism leveled at the 'billboards' is really caused by what we call 'outlaw signs,' which are erected without permission. Of course, these outlaw signs are not recognised by the organised outdoor advertising industry. Legitimate outdoor advertising concerns always erect their standardised structures on private property and always pay for the privilege. Naturally, we are more interested in the improvement and betterment of outdoor advertising than anybody else could possibly be, and we are looking for great results from our nation-wide plan; but 'Rome was not built in a day' and we realise that we have a big task on our hands.

"The principal reason for this is that on the highways there are many individuals putting up signs of all sizes, shapes and description; local concerns are operating independently without standards, and there is a substantial human element which stands outside of our national organisations. All of these people must be approached and educated until they reach our fixed belief that bad art is always bad advertising, and furthermore, that misplaced advertising, is always bad advertising. However, notable progress is being made and we figure that within a few years a tremendous improvement will be manifest and outdoor advertising in its entirety will have reached the point where it could only be criticised by an extreme radical."

Pershing Receives High Honors As He Retires From United States Army

General Quietly Leaves Army After 42 Years On Duty, But Offers His Services When Needed

Washington, Sept. 13.—Carrying with him an Executive order in which the thanks of the nation are again extended to him, John Joseph Pershing, General of the United States Army, retired to the inactive list at 12 noon today. His transition from the active list to the retired roster of the army was marked with a degree of sadness that has rarely prevailed in the army, over which he has been the ranking officer since the World War. He goes in retirement in fulfillment of the statutory provision of the law which automatically retires officers reaching the age of sixty-four years, but he said to day that by no means is he to be considered no longer an "army man."

"I am going to retain my office right here in the department, and I am going to keep in touch with things," he told a group of newspaper men who visited him to say farewell.

SERVICES ALWAYS AVAILABLE

He added that he will retain the presidency of the Battle Monuments Commission, and he will be ready at all times to assist the War Department in any way his services may be utilized. He announced emphatically that as a retired officer he will not lose his interest in the perpetuation of National Defense Day, the success of which was so thoroughly demonstrated throughout the nation yesterday.

The retirement of the General from active charge of the army took place without ceremony and he performed no "last official act" to mark the hour which terminated his forty-two years of service.

From the time he reached his office in the War Department Building shortly after 9 o'clock, until he retired to the Army and Navy Club for luncheon, General Pershing received a constant stream of callers, who came to wish him God-speed. At 9:30 he shook hands with all the officers in charge of the various bureaus and branches of the War Department, having yesterday received the farewell wishes of his associates on the Army General Staff. In the throng which passed through the General's office this morning were many women, most of them young employees of the War Department, who added their good wishes to those of the other visitors.

THANKS PRESS FOR CO-OPERATION

Shortly before noon the General received the newspaper men assigned to "cover" the War Department, and after thanking them for their felicitations, expressed his appreciation of the "splendid co-operation" which the press had given him and the War Department during his tenure of service. On his mahogany desk was an enormous basket of flowers, the gift of "a friend."

General Pershing's personal staff, except for those officers who be required to aid in handing the work of the Battle Monuments Commission, will be given other assignments by Major General John L. Hines, who succeeds Pershing as chief of staff of the army.

Plans for the future have not been seriously considered by General Pershing. His only immediate engagement is a visit to New York to attend the pole matches. He will retain his residence in Washington, and after getting settled definitely in his civilian career, probably will complete the memoirs for which he has been assembling material for some time.

TEXT OF PRESIDENTIAL CITATION

The text of the Presidential citation follows:

"General John J. Pershing, General of the Armies, having this day reached the age of sixty-four years, is retired from active service in conformity with a requirement of an act of Congress approved June 30, 1882.

"In announcing the termination of this distinguished soldier's active military career it is deemed appropriate to remind the country of his eminent services and of the nation's obligation to one whose accomplishments contributed so largely to the defense of the world's liberties.

"Entering the army as a commissioned officer, after graduation at the United States Military Academy in 1886, he endured the hardships of the Indian campaigns then necessary for the pacification of the Western frontier. In the war with Spain he participated in the Santiago campaign in Cuba. In the Philippine Islands, after their acquisition by the United States, it fell to his lot to assist in the suppression of the native insurrection, and his remarkable success in bringing under control some of the most turbulent tribes is a matter of history.

Becoming a general officer in 1906, he was intrusted with many important commands, and when the unsettled conditions on the border of Mexico, in 1916, made it necessary to send a military expedition into that country, he was selected for its command. In exercising this command, as well as in the others that had fallen to him, he demonstrated his capacity for the highest military functions, and his selection as a commander of the American Expeditionary Forces in the World War was a natural consequence.

"His conduct of that high command fully justified the selection, as well as his elevation to the highest rank in our military service, which was conferred upon him permanently, under authority of a special act of Congress, in recognition of his fulfillment of his country's expectations. The American troops, under his command, by their presence, high qualities and skillful management, assisted materially in the defeat of the Central Powers of Europe, which resulted in the freedom of civilisation from autocratic rule.

"He is one of the very few officers who have held the rank of General in the permanent military establishment, and the one who has exercised supreme command over much the largest body of troops ever called into action by the United States government. His services to the world in the greatest conflict in which military forces have ever been engaged have been recognised through the award of highest decorations by the governing authorities of Belgium, Great Britain, China, Czecho-Slovakia, France, Greece, Italy, Japan, Montenegro, Poland, Panama, Rumania and Serbia.

"In his position as Chief of Staff since the termination of the world conflict, he has been a mainstay to the Executive in preparing an army of modest dimensions to be the nucleus of any military force the country may be obliged to place in the field. He has taken a leading part in the development of the citizen components of the army of the United States.

"General Pershing has already received from the Congress the thanks of that body and of the American people, and now I extend to him anew the thanks of the nation for his eminent services and feel certain that I voice the sentiment of the entire citizenry of the Republic in wishing him long life, happiness and prosperity in the retirement he has so richly earned."

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